



UNITED NATIONS



Distr.
GENERAL
LC/G.2267

13 December 2004

ENGLISH
ORIGINAL: SPANISH



REPORT OF THE THIRTIETH SESSION OF THE COMMISSION

San Juan, Puerto Rico, 28 June - 2 July 2004

CONTENTS

	<i>Paragraph</i>	<i>Page</i>
A. ATTENDANCE AND ORGANIZATION OF WORK	1-21	1
Place and date of the session	1	1
Attendance	2-12	1
Credentials	13	2
Election of officers	14-18	2
Organization of work.....	19-20	3
Documentation.....	21	3
 B. AGENDA	 22	 4
C. SUMMARY OF PROCEEDINGS	23-119	4
Opening of the working meetings.....	23-27	4
Opening of the thirtieth session of the Commission.....	28-33	5
Presentation and discussion of the document “Productive development in open economies” (agenda item 3)	34-39	6
Report on the activities of the Commission since the twenty-ninth session (agenda item 4)	40-46	7
Consideration of the review of the Constituent Declaration and Functions and Rules of Procedure of the Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee (CDCC) (agenda item 5).....	47	8
Draft programme of work of the ECLAC system, 2006-2007 (agenda item 6)	48-78	8
Proposed calendar of conferences of ECLAC for the period 2004-2006 (agenda item 7)	79-80	13
Presiding Officers of the Regional Council for Planning of the Latin American and Caribbean Institute for Economic and Social Planning (ILPES) (agenda item 8)	81-84	13
ECLAC sessional Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development (agenda item 9)	85	13
Committee on Cooperation among Developing Countries and Regions (agenda item 10)	86	14
Meeting on sustainable development (agenda item 11).....	87-94	14
High-level Seminar on Productive Development in Open Economies (agenda item 12)	95-107	15
Seminar on Education Financing and Management in Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC-UNESCO) (agenda item 13)	108-111	18
Report of the Rapporteur	112	19
Closing meeting	113-119	19
 D. RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED BY ECLAC AT ITS THIRTIETH SESSION	 120-121	 20
597(XXX) Support for the work of the Latin American and Caribbean Institute for Economic and Social Planning	-	21

598(XXX) Implementation of participation of ECLAC associate member countries in the follow-up to United Nations world conferences and in the work of the Economic and Social Council.....	-	23
599(XXX) Statistical Conference of the Americas of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean	-	24
600(XXX) Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee	-	25
601(XXX) Modalities for the introduction of amendments to the work programme of the ECLAC subregional headquarters for the Caribbean	-	26
602(XXX) Monitoring sustainable development in Latin America and the Caribbean	-	27
603(XXX) ECLAC calendar of conferences for the period 2004-2006	-	28
604(XXX) Population and development: priority activities for 2004-2006	-	32
605(XXX) Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean.....	-	34
606(XXX) Support for the United Nations Stabilization Mission in Haiti.....	-	35
607(XXX) Programme of work of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean for the biennium 2006-2007.....	-	36
608(XXX) Promotion of coordination in studies and activities concerning South America	-	38
609(XXX) Financing and management of education	-	39
610(XXX) Follow-up to the World Summit on the Information Society	-	41
611(XXX) Cooperation among developing countries and regions.....	-	42
612(XXX) San Juan resolution on productive development in open economies	-	45
613(XXX) Place of the next session.....	-	48
Annex 1 - Explanations of position.....	-	49
Annex 2 - Report of the Committee on Cooperation among Developing Countries and Regions	-	55
Annex 3 - Report of the ECLAC Sessional Ad hoc Committee on Population and Development.....	-	58
Annex 4 - List of participants.....	-	62
Annex 5 - Working documents	-	96

A. ATTENDANCE AND ORGANIZATION OF WORK

Place and date of the session

1. The thirtieth session of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean was held in San Juan, Puerto Rico, from 28 June to 2 July 2004.

Attendance¹

2. The session was attended by representatives of 41 States members of the Commission: Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, France, Grenada, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Italy, Jamaica, Mexico, Netherlands, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Portugal, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Spain, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Uruguay and Venezuela.

3. Six associate members of the Commission were also represented: Anguilla, Aruba, British Virgin Islands, Netherlands Antilles, Puerto Rico and United States Virgin Islands.

4. In accordance with the provisions of paragraph 6 of the terms of reference of the Commission, the following States Members of the United Nations not members of the Commission were present in a consultative capacity: China, Germany, Greece, Japan, Malta, Romania and Sweden.

5. Representatives of the Holy See attended as observers in a consultative capacity.

6. A representative of the Cayman Islands, which is not a Member of the United Nations, attended as a special guest in a consultative capacity.

7. A number of special guests, whose names appear on the list of participants, also attended the session.

8. The United Nations Secretariat was represented at the session by the Chief of the Regional Commissions New York Office, the Under-Secretary-General for Economic and Social Affairs and the Director of the Division for Sustainable Development.

9. The following United Nations bodies were represented: Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights, United Nations Children's Fund, United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, United Nations Development Fund for Women, United Nations Development Programme, United Nations Environment Programme, United Nations Population Fund and World Food Programme.

10. The following specialized agencies of the United Nations were represented at the session: International Labour Organization, Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, United

¹ The list of participants appears as annex 4 to this report.

Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Pan American Health Organization/World Health Organization, World Meteorological Organization and World Intellectual Property Organization.

11. The following intergovernmental bodies were also represented: Latin American Association of Development Financing Institutions, Central American Bank for Economic Integration, Inter-American Development Bank, European Commission, Central American Monetary Council, Andean Development Corporation, Inter-American Institute for Cooperation on Agriculture, Andrés Bello Agreement and Ford Foundation.

12. In addition, 38 non-governmental organizations in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council were represented.

Credentials

13. In accordance with rule 15 of the Commission's rules of procedure, the credentials of the delegations as submitted to the Executive Secretary were examined and found to be in order.

Election of officers

14. At the first plenary meeting, the delegations elected the officers of the thirtieth session.

15. The officers elected to preside over the thirtieth session were as follows:

<u>Chairperson:</u>	Puerto Rico
<u>Vice-Chairpersons:</u>	Cuba Nicaragua Peru Saint Lucia United States Uruguay
<u>Rapporteur:</u>	Chile

16. The officers elected to preside over the ECLAC sessional Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development were as follows:

<u>Chairperson:</u>	Brazil
<u>Vice-Chairpersons:</u>	Panama Trinidad and Tobago
<u>Rapporteur:</u>	Bolivia

17. The officers elected to preside over the Committee on Cooperation among Developing Countries and Regions were as follows:

<u>Chairperson:</u>	Mexico
<u>Vice-Chairpersons:</u>	Canada Dominican Republic
<u>Rapporteur:</u>	Colombia

18. The officers elected to preside over the meeting on sustainable development were as follows:

<u>Chairperson:</u>	Antigua and Barbuda
<u>Vice-Chairpersons:</u>	Costa Rica Ecuador
<u>Rapporteur:</u>	Argentina

Organization of work

19. In addition to the plenary meetings held during the ECLAC session and in accordance with the relevant statutory provisions, concurrent meetings were held by the ECLAC sessional Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development, the Presiding Officers of the Regional Council for Planning of the Latin American and Caribbean Institute for Economic and Social Planning (ILPES) and the Committee on Cooperation among Developing Countries and Regions. The States members of the Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee (CDCC) held a caucus on 28 June in the afternoon, and an all-day meeting on sustainable development was held on 30 June.

20. ECLAC and the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) organized and held a seminar on education financing and management in Latin America and the Caribbean. The Commission also held a high-level seminar entitled "Productive development in open economies", in which a number of special guests took part.

Documentation

21. A list of the working documents submitted by the secretariat to the Commission at its thirtieth session is provided in annex 5.

B. AGENDA

22. The Commission adopted the following agenda:
1. Election of officers
 2. Adoption of the agenda and organization of the work of the thirtieth session
 3. Presentation and discussion of the document “Productive development in open economies”
 4. Report on the activities of the Commission since the twenty-ninth session
 5. Consideration of the review of the Constituent Declaration and Functions and Rules of Procedure of the Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee (CDCC)
 6. Draft programme of work of the ECLAC system, 2006-2007
 7. Proposed calendar of conferences of ECLAC for the period 2004-2006
 8. Presiding Officers of the Regional Council for Planning of the Latin American and Caribbean Institute for Economic and Social Planning (ILPES)
 9. ECLAC sessional Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development
 10. Committee on Cooperation among Developing Countries and Regions
 11. Meeting on sustainable development
 12. High-level Seminar on Productive Development in Open Economies
 13. Seminar on Education Financing and Management in Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC-UNESCO)
 14. Other matters
 15. Consideration and adoption of the resolutions of the Commission at its thirtieth session

C. SUMMARY OF PROCEEDINGS

Opening of the working meetings

23. On 28 June 2004, at the opening of the working meetings, statements were made by José Miguel Izquierdo Encarnación, Secretary of State of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and José Luis Machinea, Executive Secretary of the United Nations Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC).

24. The Secretary of State of Puerto Rico said that the ECLAC session being held in Puerto Rico was a historic event and would provide an opportunity for discussion and reflection on the region’s economic and social development. Puerto Rico was eager to share its development experiences with the rest of the region and to benefit from the experiences of other nations. The Commonwealth of Puerto Rico shared the Commission’s view that Governments should strengthen their democratic institutions by promoting transparent actions. Another imperative was to achieve greater efficiency in the execution of government programmes, which should be subject to independent monitoring and assessment.

25. The entire region faced the challenge of finding innovative solutions to its problems through policies that would help its economies to reposition themselves successfully and harmoniously within the global system. The success or failure of those policies would be measured by the extent to which the quality of life of the inhabitants of Latin America and the Caribbean improved, since that was the ultimate objective of all the decisions that were taken. The restructuring of the economic and social landscape made it more crucial than ever to design new strategies within a regional context. In the case of the

Caribbean, the elimination of trade preferences and the small size of the economies made it even more urgent to pursue regional agreements. In conclusion, he expressed his gratitude to the delegations that had unreservedly supported Puerto Rico's offer to host the thirtieth session of the Commission, and thanked the Executive Secretary for the trust placed in the Puerto Rican people.

26. The Executive Secretary of ECLAC welcomed the participants to the session and recalled that the Committee of the Whole of ECLAC, at its meeting in New York in April, had provided strong support and a wealth of ideas that had been useful in the preparation of the thirtieth session of the Commission. He briefly reviewed the Commission's principal activities and proposals of the preceding two years: the strengthening of interactive cooperation with the countries, the analysis of the impact of economic and social developments, the creation of a political and methodological platform for supporting countries in the follow-up to world conferences and summits, cooperation with the other regional commissions and coordination between the Commission and other intergovernmental organizations that did not belong to the United Nations system.

27. The document prepared by ECLAC for the current session, "Productive development in open economies", continued with the tradition of presenting an analysis of a substantive issue set in a historical context. As indicated in the document, the Latin American and Caribbean region had wagered heavily on its integration into the global economy over the past 15 years. A review of that period revealed that important progress had been achieved, but also that the strategy used had not been successful in terms of raising the growth rate or reducing structural heterogeneity. Lastly, he urged those present to participate actively in the meetings in order to conclude the session with satisfactory resolutions that would chart the course of the Commission's work and spell out its commitments for the coming years.

Opening of the thirtieth session of the Commission

28. On 1 July 2004, at the opening of the session, statements were made by José Luis Machinea, Executive Secretary of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean; Gelson Fonseca, Ambassador of Brazil to Chile, representing the country that had chaired the Commission's preceding session; and Sila María Calderón, Governor of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

29. The Executive Secretary of ECLAC thanked the Government and people of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico for their hospitality and for their support in organizing the meeting. He appreciated the trust displayed by the delegations in the work of ECLAC. In the half-century since its founding, the Commission had made significant contributions to the region's economic and social development through cooperation with its member States. At the previous session, the focus of analysis had been the globalization process, with emphasis on the contrast between the speed of the changes it had brought about in the economic, financial and cultural spheres and the slow development of an institutional network capable of meeting the challenges it posed, and an agenda had been formulated for expanding the developing countries' room for manoeuvre in that regard.

30. At the current session, the implementation of productive development policies in the context of that globalized world would be discussed on the basis of the document "Productive development in open economies". He summed up the main features of the region's recent economic and social development, with special emphasis on trade openness and its consequences, and pointed out that dissatisfaction with the effects of the economic reforms of the 1990s in terms of economic growth and social equity was giving way to an alternative vision based on the principle that the "more market" approach called for better government. He underscored the need to strike a balance between private initiative and the public interest, paying special attention to social cohesion and equal opportunity; adopt active public strategies

for reducing the economy's heterogeneity; increase the transparency of the policies applied; and evaluate their implementation.

31. He expressed the hope that the work of the session would open up new prospects for the design and application of productive development policies in the region. If the work of ECLAC enabled the countries to make tangible progress in that direction, the institution would have made a positive contribution to development in the region.

32. The Ambassador of Brazil to Chile, speaking in his capacity as the representative of the outgoing Chairperson, commended ECLAC for the invaluable contribution it had made, ever since its establishment, to economic thought in the region, as well as for its remarkable capacity to offer fresh contributions, identify changes in the international context and propose ways of addressing them. The persistence of daunting challenges to the countries' efforts to find a sure path to economic and social growth called for a vital and creative Commission that continued to demonstrate the acute social perceptiveness and competence that it had always displayed. He underscored the relevance of the proposals and instruments identified at the previous session for overcoming global asymmetries, as well as the importance of considering new issues with a view to achieving more dynamic integration in the international economy. Lastly, he handed over the Chair to Puerto Rico, thanked the host Government for its hospitality and wished the participants success in their deliberations.

33. After welcoming the participants, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico said that it was the first time Puerto Rico had hosted a United Nations meeting attended by representatives of all the countries of the region and international organizations. She thanked ECLAC for its study on the Puerto Rican economy, which contained valuable public policy guidelines. She trusted that the debates to be held on development in open economies would be based on the principle that economic development was not an end in itself, but a means of achieving progress and justice that should take into account the circumstances and values of each of the societies in the region.

Presentation and discussion of the document "Productive development in open economies" (agenda item 3)

34. In his presentation of the document "Productive development in open economies", the Executive Secretary of ECLAC said that in the last two decades, economic reforms and the wide-ranging process of liberalization in the region had, among other things, boosted exports and foreign direct investment flows and consolidated macroeconomic management. Yet growth had been insufficient and volatile, the heterogeneity of production structures had increased, social exclusion had worsened and institutional deficiencies persisted.

35. The development process had proved to be more complex than was generally believed in the early 1990s; policies were needed to improve the quality of international linkages, increase competitiveness and productivity and strengthen institutions. Such policies went far beyond the scope of macroeconomics to encompass investment in infrastructure; the sustainable use of resources; support for production sectors, including the informal sector; a "social cohesion covenant" designed to achieve equity with respect to income, employment, social security, education and training; and the development of sound institutional solutions that were appropriate for supporting and evaluating those processes.

36. The following delegations took the floor to comment on the document: Mexico, Chile, Cuba, Barbados, Venezuela, United States, Colombia, Haiti, Argentina, Honduras, Brazil, Puerto Rico, Ecuador, Canada, Jamaica and the Dominican Republic. They all thanked the Government of Puerto Rico for its

hospitality and warm welcome and for the efficient organization of the meeting. They also welcomed the new Executive Secretary of ECLAC and wished him success in his term of office.

37. In connection with the document, all the speakers expressed satisfaction with its content and underscored the relevance of the issues addressed. One of its main merits was that it opened up prospects for the design of important public policies relating to development with equity, respect for workers' rights as citizens and civic participation. They also appreciated the fact that it recognized the opportunities provided by the global economy, bearing in mind the macroeconomic policy options and integration agreements necessary for addressing the constraints posed by integration asymmetries and financial volatility. They underscored the importance attached to sustainable development and infrastructure, productive development policies, the concept of production linkages with export sectors, and science and technology. They welcomed the concern shown for the gender dimension and social cohesion, as well as the call for a more humane approach to labour relations, for market access as an essential aspect of trade, for wider access to education and research as key factors for overcoming the productivity gap and for active public policies for narrowing what had up to the current time been a growing inequality gap, with a view to achieving social equity. The delegations also appreciated the importance attached to good governance and institution-building and to the informal sector as a source of work and income, as well as the fact that there were no single, universal solutions in the quest for development.

38. The delegations also mentioned a number of points that should be taken into consideration to enrich the proposals set out in the document. Among other things, they recommended greater recognition of the domestic development divide associated with differences between rural and urban areas; fuller consideration of the gender dimension; more explicit references to the problems of the Caribbean; and a study incorporating the perspectives of indigenous peoples, communities and organizations in the region.

39. Several delegations highlighted the Commission's role as the regional authority on matters relating to economic and social development. In their view, the document could be the basis for defining a new economic development paradigm for the region, with the active and direct collaboration of ECLAC. A systemic approach should be taken in analysing the relationship between export growth and GDP growth and in reassessing the nature of the maquila industry.

Report on the activities of the Commission since the twenty-ninth session (agenda item 4)

40. The Director of the Programme Planning and Operations Division gave a brief account of the activities carried out by the Commission since May 2002, placing them in the context of the 2002-2005 medium-term plan. The four-year plan had been replaced by the strategic framework, which would cover only a single biennium starting in 2006-2007. She referred also to the central issues addressed in 2002-2003, namely progress towards internationally agreed goals, including those in the Millennium Declaration, the integrated follow-up to world conferences, the increase in multidisciplinary institutional activities and the impact of United Nations reform on ECLAC. Issues of regional interest included the situation of landlocked developing countries, the sustainable development of small island developing States and the information society.

41. In terms of the integrated follow-up to world conferences, she referred to the synergy that had been generated between the World Summit on Sustainable Development, held in Johannesburg in 2002, and the International Conference on Financing for Development, held in Monterrey in 2002, which had enabled ECLAC to integrate the commitments adopted at those forums in order to derive specific mandates for carrying out activities at the regional level.

42. She drew attention to the meetings of the Commission's subsidiary bodies and ad hoc committees and to the training activities offered by ILPES and ECLAC. She concluded by highlighting the most important aspects of the work carried out under the 12 substantive subprogrammes by the ECLAC secretariat, both in Santiago and in the subregional headquarters in Mexico and in the Caribbean, the ECLAC office in Washington, D.C., and the national offices in Brasilia, Montevideo, Bogotá and Buenos Aires.

43. The Chief of the Internet Development and Coordination Unit outlined the important features of the ECLAC web portal, which was the main medium for the electronic dissemination of the institution's ideas and proposals. The web site was a consolidated system for the dissemination of information, and involved the participation of the Commission's various divisions, units, subregional headquarters and national offices. He presented statistics on the web site, referring in particular to the increase in the number of visitors and the frequency with which documents were downloaded.

44. In the ensuing debate, several delegations commended ECLAC for its efforts; in particular, they expressed appreciation for the technical cooperation it had provided, which had proved extremely useful for implementing national policies and boosting the economies of the countries of the region. Some delegations also referred to the concrete effects of that cooperation, including the development of a methodology for coping with natural disasters and the conduct of studies on economies in other regions.

45. Most of the delegations agreed that ECLAC had helped to maintain the regional perspective as the subject of discussion, and welcomed the Commission's continued practice of including the study of cross-cutting issues, such as gender, in its analyses. They also appreciated the multidisciplinary character of its approach, which had always been a hallmark of the Commission's work.

46. Several Caribbean delegations expressed appreciation for the work of the ECLAC subregional headquarters for the Caribbean, and said that they hoped the post of Director in that office would be filled as expeditiously as possible. In response to the concerns they expressed, the representative of the secretariat acknowledged and pledged to meet the need to provide greater support to that office and to take swift action to appoint a Director, in accordance with the relevant selection procedures.

Consideration of the review of the Constituent Declaration and Functions and Rules of Procedure of the Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee (CDCC) (agenda item 5)

47. The delegations considered the review of the Constituent Declaration and Functions and Rules of Procedure of the Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee, including a draft revised text which the Committee had adopted at its nineteenth session, held in March 2002, with a view to strengthening CDCC as a regional institution, and which it was submitting for consideration and adoption by the full membership of ECLAC.

Draft programme of work of the ECLAC system, 2006-2007 (agenda item 6)

48. In his general introduction to the draft programme of work for the 2006-2007 biennium, the Executive Secretary emphasized that it was structured around critical economic, social and environmental issues and that the planned activities were aimed at achieving sustainable development objectives and growth with equity and social cohesion.

49. In that context, the Commission's priorities were to promote development on the basis of a broad vision of macroeconomic stability that would support growth and reduce volatility, facilitate international

integration while heightening the importance of the regional level, increase the region's productive potential, strengthen social cohesion, build global institutions, promote sustainable development and improve financing for development.

50. The Officer-in-Charge of the Division of International Trade and Integration presented an outline of subprogramme 1, Linkages with the global economy, regional integration and cooperation. The subprogramme included the study of global trends in the international economy, integration and national trade policies, issues relating to specific markets of interest to the region and the social dimension of economic integration.

51. Some delegations commented on the need to promote trade facilitation and strengthen inter-agency collaboration. Also in relation to trade, ECLAC was asked to pay more attention to the small Caribbean economies, as they faced disadvantages in the process of hemispheric integration.

52. Several delegations asked ECLAC to clarify how the subprogrammes were expected to contribute to efforts to tackle the problems caused by the deficiencies of the international architecture in dealing with globalization and the steady increase in poverty despite increased social spending. They also expressed concerns about the social dimension of economic integration, particularly the effects of international linkages on employment and the informalization of labour markets.

53. In the presentation on subprogramme 2, Production and innovation, the Director of the Division of Production, Productivity and Management emphasized the growing importance being attached to productive development on government agendas. The priorities of the subprogramme were to deepen the analysis of heterogeneity in production systems and the effects of regional integration processes on the production structure, and to work more closely with Governments in the design, execution and evaluation of public policies in that field.

54. The delegations that took the floor expressed their satisfaction with the overall orientation of the subprogramme, and some of them asked for more in-depth study of the repercussions of foreign investment with regard to exports, the development of small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs), the coordination of production linkages and the determining factors of productivity.

55. The Coordinator of the Economic Development Division introduced subprogramme 3, Macroeconomic policies and growth, which also included the activities carried out by the Special Studies Unit. He cited financing for development and the special importance of macroeconomic policy coordination in the context of integration agreements as areas of particular significance. He also referred to the Division's efforts to enhance and update its recurrent publications, and described the measures taken to expand the overall scope of those publications and to include more data on the Caribbean, especially small island developing States.

56. Various delegations said that the technical assistance provided by ECLAC in the area of fiscal policy was very valuable. Reference was made to the need to study business cycles in the region, with a view to promoting the coordination of national macroeconomic policies in the context of integration. Other issues mentioned by several delegations were the importance of developing human and social capital and the links between financial development and long-term growth.

57. The Officer-in-Charge of the Social Development Division said that the objective of subprogramme 4, Social development and equity, was to strengthen Governments' institutional and executive capacity by providing social policy analyses and proposals for reducing poverty and promoting

equity. Network access, communication and the exercise of citizenship were new determinants of social integration and cohesion, and those issues were taking on growing importance on the social agenda.

58. In relation to the role of civil society in implementing public policies and the secretariat's proposal to promote a social covenant to mitigate the social costs of globalization, some delegations expressed concern about the absence of a regional vision to deal with that phenomenon, and invited ECLAC to encourage reflection on the issue, highlighting the fact that equity and social development were outstanding challenges. They also mentioned that financing for development was significantly constrained by the unwieldy deficits which the economies had accumulated, their low saving capacity and the scant room for manoeuvre available to economic policies.

59. In introducing subprogramme 5, Mainstreaming the gender perspective in regional development, the Chief of the Women and Development Unit referred to the mainstreaming of the gender perspective in public policies and indicated that one of the Unit's innovative activities was the follow-up of world summits on issues relating to gender equity, especially the International Conference on Population and Development and the Millennium Summit.

60. The most important issues to be addressed under the subprogramme from the gender perspective included poverty and economic autonomy, empowerment, institution-building and political participation, along with the emerging issues of international migration and information and communication technologies.

61. After the presentation, the delegations that made statements congratulated the Unit for the work carried out, and some of them requested increased support for national women's offices and more in-depth research on migration and information and communication technologies.

62. The delegations greatly appreciated the activities undertaken to mainstream the gender perspective in areas such as employment, governance and indicators disaggregated by gender. They also recognized the value of ECLAC as a focal point for national women's offices and the growing participation of women ministers in the sessions of the Commission.

63. The Officer-in-Charge of the Latin American and Caribbean Demographic Centre (CELADE) - Population Division of ECLAC said that the activities to be carried out under subprogramme 6, Population and development, would address changes in the population's age structure, international migration and the persistence of profound sociodemographic inequalities, which represented emerging risks for the region. The overall objective was to strengthen the countries' technical capacity to deal with population issues and to support the countries' efforts to implement the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Regional Strategy for the Implementation in Latin America and the Caribbean of the Madrid International Plan of Action on Ageing, in the context of internationally agreed goals, including those in the Millennium Declaration.

64. Activities under the subprogramme would include the production of sociodemographic information and the development of methodological instruments for that purpose; the provision of technical assistance and training services; action-oriented research; and coordination with other agencies working on population and development issues.

65. In introducing subprogramme 7, Planning of public administration, the Officer-in-Charge of the Latin American and Caribbean Institute for Economic and Social Planning (ILPES) indicated that the current areas of substantive work would be maintained in the 2006-2007 biennium. The innovations to be

introduced included the development of information platforms and the implementation of an ECLAC training strategy.

66. The Director of the Sustainable Development and Human Settlements Division listed the main areas of action for subprogramme 8, Environment and human settlements, for the 2006-2007 biennium: evaluation of progress towards sustainable development in the region, the follow-up of international and regional agreements and land-use and human settlements development. Emerging issues included markets for carbon dioxide emissions reduction, the use of renewable energies, the links between biodiversity and biotechnology, urban mobility, land use and pollution, as well as the regularization of precarious settlements.

67. In their ensuing statements, various delegations said that they welcomed the progress made by ECLAC with regard to methodologies and the design of sustainable development indicators, as well as its joint proposal with the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development to conduct a peer review of the environmental performance of a selected country in the region. It was suggested that inter-agency coordination should be improved to avoid the duplication of activities and that the risk of ecological accidents should be included in country assessments. One of the participating delegations requested that the subprogramme on environment should include a study on the transit through the Caribbean Sea of ships carrying hazardous waste and on how that practice affected the zone, with a view to taking steps to report and prevent such transit.

68. The Director of the Natural Resources and Infrastructure Division explained that the objective of subprogramme 9, Natural resources and infrastructure, was to systematize and promote the exchange of experiences and best practices in the management of natural resources, public utilities and infrastructure. Emerging issues included corporate social responsibility and the regulatory challenges posed by physical integration.

69. The delegations that made statements expressed their agreement with the strategic orientations of the subprogramme. It was proposed that the valuation of natural resources as a public service should be incorporated into policies and that ECLAC should play an active role in the Initiative for Regional Infrastructure Integration in South America (IIRSA) and should systematize and disseminate national experiences with public-private partnerships in that area.

70. The Director of the Statistics and Economic Projections Division identified three main areas of work under subprogramme 10, Statistics and economic projections: economic statistics and national accounts, social statistics and poverty analysis and macroeconomic projections. He also referred to three emerging areas: environment, gender and information and communication technologies.

71. In their statements, delegations asked the Division to strengthen several aspects of its work: the statistical capacities of national agencies for the follow-up of international commitments; demography, sampling and econometric projections; the development of tools to measure the economic and social effects of trade and integration agreements; the harmonization of indicators at the regional level; and training in the areas covered by the subprogramme, in coordination with universities. Emphasis was also placed on the importance of developing more diversified poverty indicators.

72. In introducing subprogramme 11, Subregional activities in Mexico and Central America, the Director of the ECLAC subregional headquarters in Mexico presented the new areas of action identified for 2004-2005, including the Commission's willingness to contribute to the efforts being made to stabilize the situation in Haiti.

73. Some delegations suggested that steps should be taken to promote cooperation for the prevention of the socio-economic effects of natural disasters, the struggle against HIV/AIDS and the replacement of traditional energy sources with alternative ones. They also expressed concern about issues relating to the social cost of integration, taking into account the scarce resources available for re-engineering the primary and secondary sectors and the informal sector. It was recommended that coordination between the two ECLAC subregional headquarters—in Mexico and in the Caribbean— should be strengthened.

74. The Officer-in-Charge of the ECLAC subregional headquarters for the Caribbean outlined the objectives of subprogramme 12, Subregional activities in the Caribbean: to help enhance cooperation and integration among the countries of the subregion so that they could achieve sustainable development, improve their linkages with the international economy and meet internationally agreed goals, including those in the Millennium Declaration.

75. A number of delegations said that, while they were satisfied with the content of the subprogramme, they were concerned about the narrow approach taken by the activities on sustainable development, science and technology and water resources management, and about the marginal consideration of the interests of the small Caribbean States. However, they acknowledged the efforts being made to improve the quality of economic and social data on the subregion. Issues relating to the Caribbean should be incorporated into the subprogrammes executed by ECLAC headquarters, and efforts should be made to evaluate the effects of hemispheric initiatives on associate member States and to facilitate their participation in the United Nations system. With regard to the application of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States, inter-agency coordination should be strengthened in order to rationalize interventions in support of national policies.

76. The Director of the ECLAC office in Brasilia, speaking on behalf of the national and liaison offices, reported on the main activities planned for the 2006-2007 biennium, which could subsequently be complemented by other activities carried out in response to requests from the Governments of the countries in which those offices were situated. The activities included collaboration on the work carried out by the various divisions of ECLAC, systematic contributions to and dissemination of the Commission's recurrent publications, technical cooperation with Governments and support for subregional studies carried out by ECLAC, in addition to participation in inter-agency activities of the United Nations system.

77. Following the presentation, various delegations acknowledged the important work of the national and liaison offices in disseminating the Commission's ideas, and recommended that those offices' coordination with each other and with the substantive divisions at ECLAC headquarters should be strengthened. It was proposed that elements of the social agenda should be included among the issues dealt with by the ECLAC office in Buenos Aires and that South America should be regarded as a subregion, so that the national offices could work in a coordinated and complementary way.

78. The general thrust of the statements made by delegations was that the draft programme of work was a good frame of reference for the activities of ECLAC. In addition, the secretariat was asked to analyse the market access barriers that affected small and medium-sized enterprises in the region. There was also a need to move forward with training in public management, geared both to public policy and programme formulation and to the development of integrated information systems for monitoring and evaluating the effects of those policies and programmes on the target population.

Proposed calendar of conferences of ECLAC for the period 2004-2006 (agenda item 7)

79. The Secretary of the Commission reported that a recent study on ECLAC carried out by the United Nations Office of Internal Oversight Services included some recommendations concerning the calendar of conferences and meetings of the Commission and the structure of its subsidiary bodies. Specific reference was made to the recommendations on the review of the Commission's intergovernmental machinery and on the adjustment of its budget to reflect that review. The Secretary noted that the ECLAC intergovernmental machinery had been reviewed in 1987 and in 1996, and that those reviews had resulted in a decision not to make any changes. Currently, the secretariat once again recommended that the existing structure should be maintained.²

80. Reference was also made to the recommendation that ECLAC should review the issue of the participation of some member countries which did not regularly attend its meetings. That problem was basically due to the cost of participation for some small island Caribbean States. Two delegations commented on the need to achieve a better thematic balance in the calendar of conferences and to reduce the frequency of some of those events.

Presiding Officers of the Regional Council for Planning of the Latin American and Caribbean Institute for Economic and Social Planning (ILPES) (agenda item 8)

81. The twelfth meeting of the Presiding Officers of the Regional Council for Planning, the intergovernmental body which directs the work of the Institute, was held on 29 June. At the opening meeting, statements were made by Santiago Marcovich, Under-Secretary for Multilateral Affairs of Peru, in his capacity as Chairperson of the Council; José Luis Machinea, Executive Secretary of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean; and Ángel David Rodríguez, Chairman of the National Planning Board of Puerto Rico.

82. The participants reviewed the Institute's activities in the 2002-2003 biennium, as provided for in the agenda, with special emphasis on the training activities carried out and on the general outline of the Institute's programme of work for 2004-2005. The document *Panorama de la gestión pública* was also presented for the consideration of the Presiding Officers, and a number of institutional issues relating to the Council and the Institute were examined.

83. At the end of the meeting, the delegations of the member countries serving as Presiding Officers adopted a resolution expressing support for the work of the Institute.

84. Lastly, ECLAC was requested to organize a regional meeting to explore opportunities for implementing economic instruments as a complement to direct instruments for environmental regulation. Two countries endorsed the request, and the secretariat agreed to act on it.

ECLAC sessional Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development (agenda item 9)

85. The report of the ECLAC sessional Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development appears in annex 3 to this report.

² United Nations, "Report of the Office of Internal Oversight Services on its audit of the regional commissions" (A/58/785).

Committee on Cooperation among Developing Countries and Regions (agenda item 10)

86. The report of the Committee on Cooperation among Developing Countries and Regions appears in annex 2 to this report.

Meeting on sustainable development (agenda item 11)

87. On Wednesday, 30 June, a one-day meeting was held on sustainable development in Latin America and the Caribbean. The countries that served as presiding officers of the meeting, which were selected at the meeting of heads of delegation held on 28 June 2004, were as follows: Antigua and Barbuda (Chairperson), Costa Rica and Ecuador (Vice-Chairpersons) and Argentina (Rapporteur).

88. The meeting was attended by members of national delegations and representatives of government entities in 26 countries of the region in the areas of foreign affairs, economic affairs, the environment and natural resources, sustainable development, housing, health and planning. In addition, a number of eminent persons had been specially invited for the occasion. They included John W. Ashe, Chairperson of the thirteenth session of the Commission on Sustainable Development; Joanne DiSano, Director of the Division for Sustainable Development of the United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs, and Bruno Stagno Ugarte, former representative of Latin America and the Caribbean on the Bureau of the Commission on Sustainable Development. Representatives of United Nations organizations attended, as did a number of other special guests.

89. At the opening meeting, statements were made by José Luis Machinea, Executive Secretary of ECLAC; Esteban Mujica Cotto, Chairperson of the Puerto Rico Environmental Quality Board; and John Ashe, in his capacity as Chairperson of the thirteenth session of the United Nations Commission on Sustainable Development. There followed a brief exchange of ideas on the development of the issue since the holding of the United Nations Conference on the Human Environment (Stockholm, 1972).

90. Three panel discussions were held, entitled respectively: “Guidelines for sustainable development in the global framework and in the framework of regional initiatives”, “Evaluation of sustainability in the region” and “Integration, consistency and coordination of public policies for sustainable development”.

91. Panel 1 was moderated by the Chairperson of the thirteenth session of the Commission on Sustainable Development. The first speaker was the Director of the Division for Sustainable Development of the United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs, who referred to the role that the regional commissions could play in the Commission’s new system of operation. Consideration was given to the progress made in implementing the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States, adopted at Global Conference held in Barbados (1994), and to the status of implementation of the Regional Plan of Action and the Latin American and Caribbean Initiative for Sustainable Development. The links between health and environmental policies were analysed, as was the region’s role in international activities to promote the use of renewable energies. Lastly, it was recognized that additional financial resources must be mobilized for those purposes.

92. The speakers referred to the strategic importance of creating, within the framework of ECLAC, a forum for analysing and monitoring the global agenda for sustainable development from a Latin American and Caribbean perspective, with a view to making regional contributions to the process of the Commission on Sustainable Development.

93. In panel II, information was given on the methodologies developed and the progress made in assessing regional sustainability. Three delegations described the institutional and methodological advances made in their countries, especially with respect to sustainable development indicators. One participant underscored the importance of efforts to assess sustainability and suggested that the countries of the region should develop tools for that purpose, as a basis for policy-making.

94. In panel III, emphasis was placed on the potential offered by the integration of environmental and fiscal policies in various areas. As a concrete example of such integration, a description was given of the peer review of environmental performance being conducted by ECLAC and the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development in one country of the region. The exercise was described as a good opportunity for public policy integration with a view to ensuring sustainability. ECLAC, it was stressed, could make a significant contribution to similar exercises in the future.

High-level Seminar on Productive Development in Open Economies (agenda item 12)

95. The high-level seminar “Productive development in open economies” included five panel discussions entitled, respectively, “Major challenges for the productive development of Latin America and the Caribbean”, “Productive development and linkages with the international economy”, “Technological innovation as an engine of productive development”, “Employment and social cohesion in the framework of productive development” and “Challenges and opportunities for productive development within the framework of the free trade agreement between Central America and the United States”.

96. The first panel discussion, moderated by José Miguel Izquierdo Encarnación, Secretary of State of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, opened with a statement by José Luis Machinea, Executive Secretary of ECLAC. Also participating were Enrique V. Iglesias, President of the Inter-American Development Bank (IDB); José Antonio Ocampo, United Nations Under-Secretary-General for Economic and Social Affairs; and Rubens Ricupero, Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD).

97. The Executive Secretary of ECLAC highlighted the role of productive development policies in helping countries to make the transition to open economies in a context of globalization. Such policies included both cross-cutting policies aimed at enhancing the economy’s systemic productivity and targeted policies focusing on the production system and the different enterprise segments of which it consisted. Moreover, countries should complement access policies with policies for forging linkages and should formulate a covenant for social cohesion.

98. In their statements, the panellists said that they appreciated the inputs contributed by the document “Productive development in open economies”. The President of IDB underscored the relevance of the analysis of the region’s development in the 1990s and of the obstacles it currently faced with regard to growth and participation in the international economy. The report also reflected a concern for social equity and called for the overhauling of institutional frameworks in Latin America and the Caribbean. The Under-Secretary-General for Economic and Social Affairs highlighted the document’s emphasis on seizing the opportunities which globalization and integration agreements opened up for productive development policies; the study of the determinants of productivity gains; the distinction between inclusion, modernization and densification policies; and the proposed social cohesion covenant. The Secretary-General of UNCTAD pointed to the need for a more cautious approach to macroeconomic issues—given the persistence of debt, dependence and volatility problems—and to private involvement in infrastructure development.

99. Participating in the panel discussion on productive development and linkages with the international economy, moderated by José Miguel Izquierdo Encarnación, Secretary of State of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, were Lourdes Dieck, Under-Secretary of Economic Relations and International Cooperation of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Mexico; Osvaldo Rosales, Director-General of International Economic Relations of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Chile; Gelson Fonseca, Ambassador of Brazil to the Government of Chile; and Rubens Ricupero, Secretary-General of UNCTAD.

100. The first two speakers referred to their respective countries' strategies for forging international linkages. The case of Mexico was analysed in terms of the country's trade integration process and its advantages and challenges, and emphasis was placed on the importance of diversifying exports and increasing their value added—through activities that generated employment and enhanced social equity—and of reducing vulnerability to trends in the United States economy. Using the case of Chile as a point of departure, the liberalization options available to small open economies were examined, with emphasis on their links to innovation strategies; to trade, macroeconomic and development policies; and to the institutional framework. The Ambassador of Brazil discussed a number of issues related to integration efforts, including the difficulty of reconciling different interests in negotiations on integration agreements, the importance of the regulatory framework in promoting trade—bearing in mind that it was insufficient in itself to generate trade flows—and the relevance of the World Trade Organization in that regard. The Secretary-General of UNCTAD recalled the contributions made by Raúl Prebisch. Greater openness was not synonymous with greater development, and it was important to continue to emphasize the quality of exports in terms of value added, industrialization opportunities and the potential of South-South trade.

101. The panel discussion “Technological innovation as an engine of productive development” was moderated by Orlando Jorge Mera, President of the Dominican Institute of Telecommunications (INDOTEL) of the Dominican Republic. The panellists were Christian Nicolai, Under-Secretary of Communications of Chile; Alfonso Casanova Montero, Deputy Minister of Economic Affairs and Planning of Cuba; Alejandro Roca, Director of the Cooperation for Development Bureau for Latin America and the Caribbean of the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO); and César Belloso, Vice-President of the No-till Farmers' Association of Argentina. In analysing the challenges faced by the region in seeking to participate actively in the so-called knowledge economy, the panellists highlighted the imperative need for the countries to redouble their efforts in the areas of research and development, innovation systems, education and the adaptation of knowledge.

102. The Under-Secretary of Communications of Chile said that his country was firmly committed to increasing investment in research and development and that it planned to boost spending in that area to 1.5% of its GDP by 2010. He stressed the need to integrate innovation systems and to enhance public and private participation in that area. The Deputy Minister of Economic Affairs and Planning of Cuba noted that his country had historically given priority to research and development and to the creation of technological innovation centres. In that connection, a good, universally accessible educational system was indispensable. The Director of the WIPO Cooperation for Development Bureau for Latin America and the Caribbean said that property rights were becoming increasingly important in the international sphere because they influenced private-sector incentives for innovation and were a potential source of sizeable economic rents. Lastly, the Vice-President of the No-till Farmers' Association of Argentina described his country's successful experience with biotechnology and no-till farming, and said that the agricultural innovation model was based on sustainability, high output, growth promotion and demand for industrial development and services.

103. The panel discussion “Employment and social cohesion in the framework of productive development” was moderated by Henri Bazin, Minister of Finance and Economic Affairs of Haiti. The panellists were Miguel Székely, Under-Secretary of Social Development of Mexico; Marcelo Carvalho, Under-Secretary of Planning and Cooperation of Chile; Sebastián Katz, Under-Secretary of Economic Programming of the Ministry of Economic Affairs and Production of Argentina; and Daniel Martínez, Deputy Regional Director for Latin America and the Caribbean of the International Labour Organization (ILO).

104. The moderator emphasized the relevance of the social cohesion covenant proposed by ECLAC and mentioned the need to enrich the analysis of the relationship between trade and employment. The first three panellists discussed the situation in their respective countries, among other issues. The Under-Secretary of Social Development of Mexico described the determinants of job creation and the role of social policy, which should boost efforts to adapt the labour supply to changes in labour demand in the context of new conditions of competitiveness. The Under-Secretary of Planning and Cooperation of Chile said that his country’s growth in the past decade had helped to generate employment and reduce poverty. He referred to the importance of public policies in affording opportunities to the poorest and most marginalized sectors—as well as minimum standards of well-being and protection, regardless of employment status—and of policies that targeted specific segments of the labour market and the population. The Under-Secretary of Economic Programming of the Ministry of Economic Affairs and Production of Argentina described the relationship between globalization, the macroeconomy, the labour market, poverty and inequality with respect to the crisis that had broken out in his country, and enumerated the principal challenges that remained in that regard. The Deputy Regional Director of ILO noted that the ECLAC proposal dovetailed with his organization’s proposal for the creation of quality employment. He mentioned some of the elements that should be included in those proposals and expressed the hope that the two institutions would unite their efforts to that end.

105. The panellists in the discussion on challenges and opportunities for productive development within the framework of the free trade agreement between Central America and the United States, moderated by Harry Brautigam, President of the Central American Bank for Economic Integration (CABEI), were Alberto Trejos, Minister of External Trade of Costa Rica; Marcio Cuevas, Minister of Economic Affairs of Guatemala; Manuel Díaz, Adviser to the Office of the Secretary of Industry and Trade of the Dominican Republic; Blanca Imelda de Magaña, Deputy Minister of Trade and Industry of the Ministry of Economic Affairs of El Salvador; Melvin Redondo, chief negotiator of the United States-Central American Free Trade Agreement for the Secretariat of Industry and Trade of Honduras; and Álvaro Porta, Director of External Trade of the Ministry of Development, Industry and Trade of Nicaragua.

106. The panellists said that they appreciated the Commission’s decision to hold the event. They agreed that the United States-Central American Free Trade Agreement (CAFTA) would open up enormous opportunities for their countries’ economies, and recognized the urgent need to develop the national capacity to seize those opportunities. All of them underscored the importance of ensuring that CAFTA helped to strengthen social cohesion and to reduce poverty and inequality. To that end, it was necessary to implement policies directly aimed at the most disadvantaged sectors of the population.

107. The countries urgently needed to carry out programmes to boost their economies’ productivity and competitiveness, with special emphasis on small and medium-sized enterprises. In that connection, one panellist mentioned the need to coordinate public and private actions and to improve the quality of education as a key requirement for increasing competitiveness, which, in turn, was essential for success in the framework of the free trade agreement. The speakers also referred to the various policy measures

applied in their respective countries to enhance the benefits of CAFTA, including initiatives to reduce poverty by increasing the competitiveness of the least developed sectors of the economy and generating employment; efforts to raise productivity; and the positive effects on the regional integration process.

Seminar on Education Financing and Management in Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC-UNESCO) (agenda item 13)

108. At the opening meeting, statements were made by José Luis Machinea, Executive Secretary of ECLAC; Ana Luiza Machado, Director of the UNESCO Regional Office for Education in Latin America and the Caribbean; and César Rey Hernández, Secretary of Education of Puerto Rico. The speakers drew attention to the key role played by education in the development process, the Latin American and Caribbean countries' efforts to increase the amount and efficiency of the resources devoted to education, the need for a social covenant that would mobilize stakeholders to increase educational achievement and the importance of taking an integrated approach to education by opening a dialogue between finance and education authorities.

109. The Director of the UNESCO Regional Office for Education in Latin America and the Caribbean and the Officer-in-Charge of the ECLAC Social Development Division summarized the proposals contained in the document "Financing and management of education in Latin America and the Caribbean", which their organizations had prepared.

110. A panel discussion was held on education financing and management, moderated by Alicia Bárcena, Deputy Executive Secretary of ECLAC. The panellists were Maxime Henry-Wilson, Minister of Education, Youth and Culture of Jamaica; Javier Sota Nadal, Minister of Education of Peru; Alfonso Casanova, Deputy Minister of Economic Affairs and Planning of Cuba; and Juan Carlos Ramírez, Director of the ECLAC office in Bogotá. It was pointed out that the completion of each cycle of education should translate into effective learning outcomes that would lead to good performance in subsequent cycles; that the participation and consensus of multiple social stakeholders would improve education quality, equity and efficiency; that education policies should have greater continuity; that authorities responsible for education financing and management should coordinate their actions; and that the material taught should be adapted to reflect changes in labour markets. Support was expressed for the proposal to study the feasibility of swapping part of the cost of debt servicing for investments in education geared to specific purposes and activities. In many countries of the region, it was not necessary to increase education spending as a proportion of GDP in order to reach the degree of coverage proposed in the document, meaning that additional resources could be used instead to enhance education quality.

111. In the ensuing debate, the participants indicated that they agreed with the position set forth in the ECLAC-UNESCO document and that they hoped the two institutions would continue to work together in that regard. The availability of suitable information was vital for enabling countries to learn from good practices and to monitor and assess the results of policies and reforms, to target investments carefully so as to optimize their impact and to develop mechanisms for implementing debt-for-education swaps. Lastly, since the right to education was recognized by all the countries, States had an obligation to provide egalitarian, non-discriminatory access to education and, to that end, to use tax and other mechanisms to raise the necessary funds.

Report of the Rapporteur

112. The representative of Chile, in his capacity as Rapporteur of the thirtieth session of ECLAC, outlined some of the salient points raised during the discussions, which would be reported on more fully in the final version of the report of the thirtieth session.

Closing meeting

113. At the closing meeting of the thirtieth session of the Commission, statements were made by the delegations of Uruguay and Haiti, the Secretary of State of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the Executive Secretary of ECLAC.

114. The representative of Uruguay said that her country valued the contribution made by ECLAC in promoting and implementing activities aimed at solving the region's problems. Given the Commission's considerable leverage, which enabled it to play a consensus-building role in the region, she hoped that it would continue to exercise its leadership with a view to achieving internationally agreed goals, including those in the Millennium Declaration.

115. In conclusion, she officially conveyed Uruguay's offer to host the thirty-first session of ECLAC, scheduled to be held in 2006. The offer was welcomed by the delegations.

116. The representative of Haiti expressed his thanks to the Government of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico for its hospitality, to ECLAC for preparing the meeting and the documents and to the delegations for showing tolerance towards differing points of view. After recalling the important contribution that women made to society, he said that the delegations were leaving with the assurance that due note had been taken of their statements, including the minor criticisms and suggestions they had made to ensure that the work of ECLAC met the countries' needs as fully as possible.

117. The Secretary of State of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico said that the holding of the Commission's thirtieth session in Puerto Rico represented a significant step towards revitalizing that island's ties with the rest of the Caribbean subregion.

118. The Executive Secretary of ECLAC reiterated his thanks to the authorities and people of Puerto Rico for their invaluable support. He also thanked the Governments for their support, which was reflected by the high turnout and by the enthusiasm and quality of their participation. In addition, he appreciated the contributions made by representatives of international organizations and non-governmental organizations, by the panellists and by all those who had made the meeting possible. If the discussions and their follow-up made a contribution, however small, to the building of more equitable societies, they would have served their purpose.

119. Lastly, the participants paid tribute to Daniel Blanchard, outgoing Secretary of the Commission, in recognition of his 30 years of service to the organization.

D. RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED BY ECLAC AT ITS THIRTIETH SESSION

120. At its thirtieth session, the Commission adopted the resolutions reproduced below.

121. After the resolutions had been adopted, the delegations of Costa Rica, El Salvador, Nicaragua and the United States presented explanations of position with regard to some of them. At the request of those delegations, their explanations of position are reproduced in extenso in annex 1.

**597(XXX) SUPPORT FOR THE WORK OF THE LATIN AMERICAN AND
CARIBBEAN INSTITUTE FOR ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL PLANNING**

The Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean,

Recalling its resolution 340(AC.66) of 25 January 1974, in which it directed that the Latin American and Caribbean Institute for Economic and Social Planning should become a permanent institution of the Commission which would have its own identity and would be responsible directly to the Executive Secretary of the Commission,

Bearing in mind its resolution 581(XXVIII), in which it recommended that meetings of the Presiding Officers of the Institute's Regional Council for Planning that were to take place in the years when the Commission convened its session should be held within the framework of that session,

Highlighting the conclusions of the eleventh Conference of Ministers and Heads of Planning of Latin America and the Caribbean, held in Madrid, Spain, on 6 November 2002,

Highlighting also the Ibero-American Investment Summit held at the Casa de America in Madrid, Spain, on 5 November 2002,

1. Takes note with satisfaction of the resolutions adopted by the Regional Council for Planning at its twelfth meeting, held in Madrid, Spain, on 6 November 2002, the highlights of which are as follows:

- (a) Adoption of the report on the activities of the Institute in 2002;
- (b) The support provided for the programme guidelines received by the Institute for the period 2003-2006;
- (c) Institution-building within the Institute, in particular through a more precise definition of its substantive profile and its emphasis on public management, and the assignment of the task of establishing itself as the training hub of the Commission and, as such, of contributing to the dissemination of secretariat publications, especially those of an institutional nature;
- (d) The election of the Presiding Officers of the Regional Council for Planning for the period 2003-2006;

2. Takes note with satisfaction of the resolutions adopted by the Presiding Officers of the Regional Council for Planning at their twenty-second meeting, held within the framework of the thirtieth session of the Commission in San Juan, Puerto Rico, in June 2004, the highlights of which are as follows:

- (a) Adoption of the report on the activities of the Institute in the 2002-2003 biennium;
- (b) Adoption of the special report on training activities conducted by the Institute in 2003;
- (c) Approval of the first issue of the publication *Panorama de la gestión pública*;¹

¹ LC/IP/L.243.

- (d) The strengthening of activities for cooperation and the exchange of experiences between the Governments of the member countries in the areas specified;
 - (e) The need to include issues relating to international economic negotiations and social policies in training activities, and to analyse public-private cooperation on investment projects;
3. Reiterates to the Governments of the States members of the Regional Council for Planning the importance of their contributions to the regular system of government financing, which is essential for the future continuity of the activities of the Institute;
 4. Requests the Executive Secretary of the Commission to continue to support the work of the Institute by providing human and financial resources so that the Institute may conduct its activities effectively;
 5. Thanks the Government of Cuba for offering to host the twenty-third meeting of the Presiding Officers of the Regional Council for Planning, and agrees that the meeting should be held in mid-2005.

**598(XXX) IMPLEMENTATION OF PARTICIPATION OF ECLAC ASSOCIATE MEMBER
COUNTRIES IN THE FOLLOW-UP TO UNITED NATIONS WORLD CONFERENCES
AND IN THE WORK OF THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL**

The Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean,

Recalling its resolution 574(XXVII) of 16 May 1998 on the “Participation of ECLAC Associate Member Countries in the Follow-up to United Nations World Conferences and in the Work of the Economic and Social Council”, and its resolutions 543(XXV) of 27 April 1994 on the participation of associate member countries in United Nations world conferences,

Welcoming relevant resolutions of the United Nations General Assembly providing for the participation of associate members of regional economic commissions in the United Nations conferences in the economic and social sphere since 1992, and most recently in the 2003 World Summit on the Information Society,

Further welcoming relevant resolutions of the United Nations General Assembly, and the Economic and Social Council, in particular ECOSOC resolution 2033/51 of 17 July 2003, in favour of strengthening support for non-self-governing territories, many of which are associate members of regional economic commissions,

Aware of the established practice of formal participation of civil society in the work of ECOSOC and its subsidiary organs,

1. Welcomes the continued support of the international community for the inclusion of the relevant category providing for the participation of associate members of regional economic commissions in the United Nations world conferences, and in relevant special sessions of the United Nations General Assembly to review and assess the implementation of the programmes of action emanating from these conferences;
2. Reiterates its request, as contained in its resolution 574(XXVII), for the establishment of necessary mechanisms for the participation of associate members of regional economic commissions in the work of the Economic and Social Council, and in its subsidiary bodies;
3. Requests the Executive Secretary to transmit the present resolution to the Economic and Social Council for inclusion as a matter calling for action by the Council.

**599(XXX) STATISTICAL CONFERENCE OF THE AMERICAS OF THE ECONOMIC
COMMISSION FOR LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN**

The Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean,

Recalling resolution 2000/7 of the United Nations Economic and Social Council, whereby the Council approved the establishment of the Statistical Conference of the Americas of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean as a subsidiary body of the Commission,

Bearing in mind that the objectives of the Statistical Conference of the Americas of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean include the preparation of a biennial programme of regional and international cooperation activities to meet the demands of the countries of the region, subject to the availability of resources,

Recalling also that the Executive Committee of the Statistical Conference of the Americas held its second meeting in Panama City, Panama, on 11 and 12 December 2002, and adopted a number of agreements,

Taking into account that, in its capacity as a subsidiary body of the Commission, the Statistical Conference held its second meeting in Santiago, Chile, from 18 to 20 June 2003, and on that occasion adopted resolution 2(II), "Programme of international statistical work for Latin America and the Caribbean, 2003-2005",

Takes note of the reports of both meetings¹ and endorses the agreements adopted by the Executive Committee and the resolution of the Statistical Conference of the Americas of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean.

¹ Report of the second meeting of the Executive Committee of the Statistical Conference of the Americas of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (LC/L.1832).
Report of the second meeting of the Statistical Conference of the Americas of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (LC/L.1939(CEA.2003/10)).

600(XXX) CARIBBEAN DEVELOPMENT AND COOPERATION COMMITTEE

The Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean,

Recalling its resolution 358(XVI) of 1975 establishing the Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee as a subsidiary organ of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean to act as a coordinating body for activities relating to development and cooperation in that subregion,

Recognizing the important role of the Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee as a forum in which the Governments of the subregion can exchange information and share experiences with a view to meeting the primary challenges posed by the process of sustainable development in the economic and social fields,

Bearing in mind that, as a subsidiary organ of the Commission, the Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee held its twentieth session in Saint Croix, United States Virgin Islands,

Recalling its resolution 55(XVIII), entitled the “Chaguaramas Declaration”, by which it instructed the secretariat to prepare a proposal for a review of the Constituent Declaration of the Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee and bearing in mind that that proposal was presented and approved at the nineteenth session,

Having examined the document entitled “Draft revised text of the Constituent Declaration and Functions and Rules of Procedure of the Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee as adopted by the 19th session of the CDCC 13-14 March 2002”,¹

Takes note of the report and endorses the resolutions of the twentieth session of the Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee,²

Takes note of and approves the Constituent Declaration and Functions and Rules of Procedure of the Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee as presented in document LC/G.2251(SES.30/9).

¹ LC/G.2251(SES.30/9).

² Draft report of the twentieth session of the Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee.

**601(XXX) MODALITIES FOR THE INTRODUCTION OF AMENDMENTS TO THE
WORK PROGRAMME OF THE ECLAC SUBREGIONAL HEADQUARTERS
FOR THE CARIBBEAN**

The Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean,

Welcoming the presentation of the “draft programme of work of the ECLAC system, 2006-2007”,

Emphasizing the special importance to the member countries of CDCC of the work programme of the Subregional Headquarters for the Caribbean,

Taking into account the need to develop and adopt the work programme of the ECLAC system two years prior to the commencement of the corresponding biennium,

Cognizant of the need to incorporate into the work programme elements that are of central and long-term relevance to the sustainable development of the countries of the region,

Cognizant also of the possible need to adjust the work programme in order to permit the Commission to address new and emerging issues, as well as pre-existing elements that acquire greater salience during the life of the work programme for any given biennium,

1. Requests that the amendments proposed by the Monitoring Committee or adopted by the ministerial session of CDCC with respect to the work programme of the ECLAC Subregional Headquarters for the Caribbean should be incorporated into any revision of the work programme of the Commission;

2. Further requests the Executive Secretary to establish a time frame for the submission of proposals to amend approved work programmes.

602(XXX) MONITORING SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT IN LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN

The Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean,

Bearing in mind the Plan of Implementation of the World Summit on Sustainable Development and the decisions adopted at the eleventh session of the United Nations Commission on Sustainable Development regarding the role that the regional commissions should play in monitoring progress towards sustainable development at the regional level,¹

Bearing in mind also that monitoring such progress entails organizing regional meetings focusing on the issues to be addressed in the relevant implementation cycle,²

Aware that it is necessary to make greater progress in the countries of the region in terms of integration, coordination, complementarity, coherence and long-term vision in the design and implementation of public policy in order to enhance the sustainability of development,

Highlighting the substantive contributions that the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean has been making in the sessions of the Commission on Sustainable Development,

1. Commends the secretariat for taking the initiative to organize a special meeting within the framework of its session for the purpose of analysing the varied dimensions of the challenges and opportunities that sustainable development represents for the region;
2. Welcomes the document prepared by the secretariat entitled “Monitoring sustainable development in Latin America and the Caribbean: needs and a proposal”;
3. Agrees to proceed with the inclusion of a regional forum for the implementation of the decisions adopted at the World Summit on Sustainable Development within the framework of the activities of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean;
4. Requests the Executive Secretary to convene this regional implementation forum, taking into consideration the two-year action-oriented implementation cycles of the Commission on Sustainable Development;
5. Invites the international community and the member countries of the Economic Commission to collaborate in the organization of these meetings with a view to ensuring that they are held regularly and serve as a permanent forum for dialogue and consensus-building on the subject.

¹ A/CONF.99/20.

² E/2003/29; E/CN.17/2003/6. Commission on Sustainable Development, Report on the eleventh session (27 January 2003 and 28 April-9 May 2003). The work of the Commission is to be organized in a series of two-year action-oriented “implementation cycles”, which will include a “review session” and a “policy session”.

603(XXX) ECLAC CALENDAR OF CONFERENCES FOR THE PERIOD 2004-2006

The Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean,

Recalling resolution 419(PLEN.14) of the Committee of the Whole of the Commission on the rationalization of the institutional structure and the pattern of meetings of the Commission's system, in which it was decided that, at each of the Commission's regular sessions, the complete calendar of conferences and meetings planned up to the next regular session should be considered,

Taking into account resolution 489(PLEN.19) on the Commission's intergovernmental structure and functions, in which it was recommended that the current institutional structure should be maintained,

Recalling also General Assembly resolution 40/243, entitled "Pattern of conferences", and the principle of rotation of the venue for the sessions of the Commission, laid down in rule 2 of its rules of procedure and reiterated in its resolution 480(XXI),

Taking into account also resolution 553(XXVI) on the reform of the United Nations and its impact on the Commission, in which it was recommended that the current pattern of conferences of the Commission's system should continue to serve as a basis for maintaining the simplicity, effectiveness and flexibility of the Commission,

Bearing in mind the resolutions and decisions of the Economic and Social Council and of the Commission establishing and governing the periodicity of the meetings of subsidiary bodies of the Commission,

Having been apprised of the recommendations of the Office of Internal Oversight Services of the United Nations relating to the review of the structure and pattern of meetings of the intergovernmental bodies of the Commission,

Having examined the proposed calendar of the Commission's intergovernmental conferences for the period 2004-2006 as set forth in annex 1 of the relevant document,¹

Considering the objectives and priorities established in the subprogrammes of the work programme and the regional programmes of action approved by the member States at the thirtieth session of the Commission,

1. Decides to maintain the current intergovernmental structure and the existing pattern of meetings and approves the calendar of conferences of the Commission as it appears in the annex to this resolution, along with the observations and suggestions included in the report of the thirtieth session of the Commission;

2. Reaffirms that the Commission's current conference servicing system has been found to be efficient, both in terms of its substantive and organizational aspects and in terms of its cost-effectiveness, and recommends that these tasks continue to be the responsibility of the Executive Secretary with a view to an ongoing and sustained improvement in those services;

¹ Proposed ECLAC calendar of conferences for the period 2004-2006. Note by the secretariat (LC/G.2248(SES.30/7)).

3. Reaffirms also the importance of continuing to entrust the Commission with the task of organizing and holding regional and subregional meetings to prepare for and follow up on world conferences of the United Nations in the economic and social fields;

4. Requests the Executive Secretary to submit to the relevant United Nations bodies such proposals as may be necessary to ensure implementation of the calendar of conferences as approved;

5. Calls upon the Executive Secretary to report to the Commission at its thirty-first session on the implementation of this resolution.

Annex

ECLAC CALENDAR ON INTERGOVERNMENTAL CONFERENCES FOR THE PERIOD 2004-2006

Year	Title	Place and date	Legislative authority	Source of funding
2004	Twentieth session of the Committee of High-level Government Experts (CEGAN)	a/ Second half of the year	ECLAC resolutions 310(XIV); 419(PLEN.14); 422(XIX), para. 204; 425(XIX); 489(PLEN.19) and 553(XXVI)	ECLAC regular budget
2004	Central American Economic Cooperation Committee	a/ Second half of the year	ECLAC resolution 9 (VI) and 553(XXVI)	ECLAC regular budget
2004	Thirty-seventh meeting of the Presiding Officers of the Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean	Santiago, Chile, second half of the year	Regional Plan of Action on the Integration of Women into Latin American Economic and Social Development para. 88.2 and ECLAC resolution 553(XXVI)	ECLAC regular budget
2004	Fourth meeting of the Executive Committee of the Statistical Conference of the Americas of ECLAC	a/ Second half of the year	ECLAC resolution 580(XXVIII) and Economic and Social Council Resolution 2000/7	ECLAC regular budget
2005	Regional conference preparatory to the second phase of the World Summit on the Information Society	a/ February	General Assembly resolution 56/183	ECLAC regular budget
2005	Twenty-first session of the Committee of High-level Government Experts (CEGAN)	a/b/	ECLAC resolutions 310(XIV); 419(PLEN.14); 422(XIX), para. 204; 425(XIX); 489(PLEN.19) and 553(XXVI)	ECLAC regular budget
2005	Twenty-third session of the Committee of the Whole of ECLAC	a/b/	ECLAC resolutions 419(PLEN.14) and 489(PLEN.19) and 553(XXVI)	ECLAC regular budget
2005	Thirty-eighth meeting of the Presiding Officers of the Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean	a/ First half of the year	Regional Plan of Action for the Integration of Women into Latin American Economic and Social Development, para. 88.2, and ECLAC resolution 553(XXVI)	ECLAC regular budget
2005	Third meeting of the Statistical Conference of the Americas of ECLAC	Santiago, Chile, June	ECLAC resolution 580(XVIII) and Economic and Social Council resolution 2000/7	ECLAC regular budget
2005	Regional implementation forum to execute the Johannesburg Plan of Implementation	a/ b/	Johannesburg Plan of Implementation and eleventh session of the Commission on Sustainable Development (CSD)	
2005	Central American Economic Cooperation Committee	a/ b/	ECLAC resolutions 9(VI) and 553(XXVI)	ECLAC regular budget
2005	Twelfth meeting of the Monitoring Committee of the Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee (CDCC)	a/ b/	ECLAC resolutions 358(XVI); 419(PLEN.14); 489(PLEN.19) and 553(XXVI)	ECLAC regular budget
2005	Thirty-ninth meeting of the Presiding Officers of the Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean	Santiago, Chile, second half of the year	Regional Plan of Action for the Integration of Women into Latin American Economic and Social Development, para. 88.2 and ECLAC resolution 553(XXVI)	ECLAC regular budget

Year	Title	Place and date	Legislative authority	Source of funding
2005	Follow-up international conference to review the implementation of the Monterrey Consensus on Financing for Development	a/ b/	International Conference on Financing for Development; United Nations General Assembly Resolutions 58/230 and 58/221	ECLAC regular budget; extrabudgetary contributions
2006	Twenty-third meeting of the Presiding Officers of the Regional Council for Planning of ILPES	a/ b/	ECLAC resolutions 51(XVI) and 553(XXVI)	Regular budgets of ECLAC and ILPES
2006	Thirteenth meeting of the Regional Council for Planning of ILPES	a/ b/	ECLAC resolutions 340(AC.66) and 553(XXVI)	Regular budgets of ECLAC and ILPES
2006	Twelfth Conference of Ministers and Heads of Planning of Latin America and the Caribbean	a/ b/	ECLAC resolutions 340(AC.66); 371(XVII) and 553(XXVI)	ILPES budget
2006	Fortieth meeting of the Presiding Officers of the Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean	Santiago, Chile, first half of the year	Regional Plan of Action for the Integration of Women into Latin American Economic and Social Development, para. 88.2 and ECLAC resolution 553(XXVI)	ECLAC regular budget
2006	Fifth meeting of the Executive Committee of the Statistical Conference of the Americas of ECLAC	a/ First half of the year	ECLAC resolution 580(XXVIII) and Economic and Social Council resolution 2000/7	ECLAC regular budget
2006	Twenty-second session of the Committee of High-level Government Experts (CEGAN)	a/ b/	ECLAC resolutions 310(XIV); 419(PLEN.14); 422(XIX), para. 204; 425(XIX); 489(PLEN.19) and 553(XXVI)	ECLAC regular budget/
2006	Twenty-first session of the Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee (CDCC)	a/ First half of the year	ECLAC resolutions 358(XVI); 419(PLEN.14); 489(PLEN.19) and 553(XXVI)	ECLAC regular budget
2006	Thirty-first session of ECLAC	a/ b/	ECLAC resolutions 419(PLEN.14); 489(PLEN.19) and 553(XXVI)	ECLAC regular budget
2006	Central American Economic Cooperation Committee	a/ b/	ECLAC resolutions 9(VI) and 553(XXVI)	ECLAC regular budget
2006	Forty-first meeting of the Presiding Officers of the Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean	Santiago, Chile, second half of the year	Regional Plan of Action for the Integration of Women into Latin American Economic and Social Development, para. 88.2 and ECLAC resolution 553(XXVI)	ECLAC regular budget
2006	Sixth meeting of the Executive Committee of the Statistical Conference of the Americas of ECLAC	a/ Second half of the year	ECLAC resolution 580(XXVIII) and Economic and Social Council resolution 2000/7	ECLAC regular budget

a/ Place to be decided.

b/ Date to be decided.

**604(XXX) POPULATION AND DEVELOPMENT: PRIORITY ACTIVITIES
FOR 2004-2006**

The Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean,

Recalling the Latin American and Caribbean Consensus on Population and Development adopted in Mexico City in May 1993; the Programme of Action adopted at the International Conference on Population and Development, held in Cairo in September 1994; the Latin American and Caribbean Regional Plan of Action on Population and Development of 1994; the document entitled “Latin America and the Caribbean: review and appraisal of the implementation of the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development”;¹ the report of the twenty-first special session of the General Assembly entitled, “Overall review and appraisal of the implementation of the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development, Report of the Ad Hoc Committee of the Whole of the twenty-first special session of the General Assembly: Key actions for the further implementation of the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development”; the United Nations Millennium Declaration of September 2000; and resolution 590(XXIX) on population and development: priority activities for 2002-2004, adopted by the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean in Brasilia in May 2002 at its twenty-ninth session,

Welcoming the technical report entitled “Review of the implementation of the Cairo Programme of Action in the Caribbean (1994-2004): achievements and constraints;² the Declaration of the Caribbean subregional meeting to assess the implementation of the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development (ICPD) 10 years after its adoption, as approved by the Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee in Port of Spain, Trinidad and Tobago, on 12 November 2003; the document entitled “Commemoration of the tenth anniversary of the International Conference on Population and Development: actions undertaken to implement the Programme of Action of the Conference in Latin America and the Caribbean”; and the agreements of the Open-ended Meeting of the Presiding Officers of the sessional Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development, held in Santiago, Chile, on 10 and 11 March 2004,

Taking note of the report of the Open-ended Meeting of the Presiding Officers of the sessional Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development, held in Santiago, Chile, on 10 and 11 March 2004,

Taking into account the fact that, at the Regional Intergovernmental Conference on Ageing, held in Santiago, Chile, from 19 to 21 November 2003, the countries of the region approved the Regional Strategy for the Implementation in Latin America and the Caribbean of the Madrid International Plan of Action on Ageing, in which they define priorities for the implementation of that plan in the region,

Welcoming the conclusions of the Hemispheric Conference on International Migration: Human Rights and the Trafficking in Persons in the Americas, held in Santiago, Chile, from 20 to 22 November 2002,

Bearing in mind that the year 2004 marks the tenth anniversary of the adoption of the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and that 10 years ago the

¹ LC/DEM/G.184, 1999.

² LC/DEM/G.767, 2003.

member States of the Economic Commission adopted resolution 535(XXV), whereby it took the decision to create the sessional Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development,

1. Endorses the Declaration of the Open-ended Meeting of the Presiding Officers of the sessional Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development in commemoration of the tenth anniversary of the adoption of the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development, and urges the countries of the region to intensify their efforts to continue implementing the Programme of Action and the key actions;

2. Thanks the Chair for having presented the agreements reached at the Open-ended Meeting at the thirty-seventh session of the United Nations Commission on Population and Development and to the Ad Hoc Committee at its fifth meeting, held in San Juan, Puerto Rico;

3. Welcomes the document entitled "Population, ageing and development" and the Regional Strategy for the Implementation in Latin America and the Caribbean of the Madrid International Plan of Action on Ageing, and adopts the recommendation that the Committee should take charge of the regional monitoring of the Strategy's implementation in the region;

4. Recommends that at its next regular meeting, to be held in 2006, the Ad Hoc Committee should analyse the subject of international migration, human rights and development, and requests the secretariat of the Ad Hoc Committee, in collaboration with the United Nations Population Fund, to prepare the relevant substantive documents;

5. Requests the Presiding Officers of the Ad Hoc Committee to examine, during the period between sessions and in coordination with the secretariat and the United Nations Population Fund the issues of indigenous peoples and other ethnic groups, ageing and human resources development in the area of population and development in preparation for the session of the Committee scheduled for 2006;

6. Calls upon the countries of the region to make all efforts necessary to provide the requisite resources to continue implementing the Programme of Action adopted in Cairo and the key actions and, in particular, to ensure their inclusion in policies aimed at reducing social inequalities, eliminating gender inequity and eradicating poverty, and urges the international community to increase its technical and financial cooperation for the fulfilment of these objectives;

7. Thanks the Latin American and Caribbean Demographic Centre (CELADE) - Population Division of ECLAC and the United Nations Population Fund for the support they have provided to the countries of the region in the implementation of the Programme of Action adopted in Cairo;

8. Expresses its gratitude to the Latin American and Caribbean Demographic Centre (CELADE)-Population Division of ECLAC for having organized activities to commemorate the tenth anniversary of the Programme of Action's adoption.

**605(XXX) REGIONAL CONFERENCE ON WOMEN IN
LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN**

The Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean,

Recalling its resolution 558(XXVI), in which it adopted the Regional Programme of Action for the Women of Latin America and the Caribbean, 1995-2001,

Taking note of General Assembly resolutions 50/203 of 22 December 1995, 51/69 of 12 December 1996, 52/100 of 12 December 1997, 52/231 of 4 June 1998, 53/120 of 9 December 1998 and 54/142 of 17 December 1999 on the follow-up to the Fourth World Conference on Women and full implementation of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action, which emphasized the fundamental role played by the regional commissions in these tasks,

Recalling also Economic and Social Council resolution 1997/61 on the implementation of decisions and on integrated and coordinated follow-up to major United Nations international conferences and summits,

Recalling further that, since the previous session of the Commission, the Presiding Officers of the Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean have held the following meetings: the thirty-fourth meeting, in Santiago, Chile, on 5 and 6 September 2002; the thirty-fifth meeting, in Havana, Cuba, on 28 and 29 April 2003; and the thirty-sixth meeting, in Mexico City, on 9 June 2004,¹

Taking into account that, as a subsidiary body of ECLAC, the Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean held its ninth meeting in Mexico City from 10 to 12 June 2004 and that, on that occasion, in compliance with the agreements adopted at the thirty-fifth meeting of the Presiding Officers, the secretariat presented the document entitled "Roads towards gender equity in Latin America and the Caribbean" and the following issues were examined: (i) poverty, economic autonomy and gender equity, and (ii) empowerment, political participation and institution-building,

1. Takes note of the report of the ninth session of the Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean;²

2. Reaffirms the Mexico City Consensus and reiterates that that document represents the regional contribution to the forty-ninth session of the Commission on the Status of Women, which is scheduled for March 2005.

¹ Report of the thirty-fourth meeting of the Presiding Officers of the Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean (LC/L.1857(MDM.34/3)), 2002.

Report of the thirty-fifth meeting of the Presiding Officers of the Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean (LC/L.1944(MDM.35/4)), 2003.

² Report of the ninth session of the Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean. LC/G.2256(CRM.9/6).

606(XXX) SUPPORT FOR THE UNITED NATIONS STABILIZATION MISSION IN HAITI

The Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean,

Recalling its resolution 503(XXIII) of 1990 on support for Haiti,

Also recalling General Assembly resolution 57/337 on the prevention of armed conflict and, in particular, the role assigned to the Economic and Social Council in that connection,

Bearing in mind Security Council resolution 1542 (2004) of 30 April 2004, which established the United Nations Stabilization Mission in Haiti and considered its various aspects, including the promotion of the social and economic development of Haiti and the need to design a long-term development strategy to that effect,

Also bearing in mind that Security Council resolution 1542 (2004) underscores the need for Member States, in particular those in the region, and United Nations bodies, among other actors, to provide appropriate support for these actions,

Highlighting the role that the Economic and Social Council could play in a long-term programme of support for Haiti,

Highlighting also the fact that these economic and social efforts will make an important contribution to the longer-term peace and security objectives of the Mission, which are currently the most immediate priority on the ground,

Considering the content of the Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries for the Decade 2001-2010,¹

1. Welcomes the commitments undertaken by the countries of the region in connection with the efforts towards the reconstruction of Haiti;
2. Trusts that these commitments will be extended to all the spheres envisaged in the mandate of the Mission in Haiti, with special emphasis on economic and social development, in accordance with the spirit of Security Council resolution 1542 (2004);
3. Requests the ECLAC secretariat to support the countries of the region, in the context of this effort, in full cooperation with the transitional Government of Haiti and in close coordination with the Mission, with a view to optimizing the actions they seek to carry out under the Mission's terms of reference;
4. Instructs the Executive Secretary of the Commission to evaluate, in coordination with the transitional Government of Haiti, the Secretary-General of the United Nations and the Mission, the timing and modalities of such collaboration;
5. Expresses its satisfaction with the assistance being provided by the Governments participating in the Mission, and urges other Governments in the region, to the extent of their abilities, to join in this manifestation of solidarity.

¹ A/CONF.191/11.

**607(XXX) PROGRAMME OF WORK OF THE ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR
LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN FOR THE BIENNIUM 2006-2007**

The Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean,

Bearing in mind rule 24 of the rules of procedure of the Commission, the mandates issued by the General Assembly and the Economic and Social Council of the United Nations on the preparation and consideration of the programmes of work of all the bodies of the system and the provisions of General Assembly resolution 38/32 E and Economic and Social Council decision 1984/101 regarding recurrent publications of the United Nations,

Bearing in mind the Millennium Declaration adopted by the United Nations General Assembly at its fifty-fifth session¹ and the tasks identified by the secretariat of the Commission to facilitate its implementation in the region,

Taking note of General Assembly resolution 58/269 entitled “Strengthening the United Nations: an agenda for further change”, in which, in operative paragraph 5, it “requests the Secretary-General to prepare, on a trial basis, for submission to the General Assembly at its fifty-ninth session, a strategic framework to replace the current four-year medium-term plan, which would comprise in one document (a) Part one: a plan outline, reflecting the longer-term objectives of the Organization; (b) Part two: a biennial programme plan, to cover two years”,

Bearing in mind also the draft biennial programme plan of the strategic framework of the Commission for the 2006-2007 biennium, which is being reviewed at the intergovernmental level by subsidiary bodies of the General Assembly and regarding which the Commission initiated a consultation process at the meeting of the Committee of the Whole held at United Nations Headquarters in New York on 20 April 2004,

Having considered the proposed work priorities of the Commission as set out by the Executive Secretary in his introduction to the draft programme of work of the system of the Commission for the 2006-2007 biennium,

Having considered also all aspects of the draft programme of work of the system of the Commission for the 2006-2007 biennium, which reflects a new results-based approach and which also covers the Latin American and Caribbean Institute for Economic and Social Planning,

Bearing in mind the important work carried out by the national offices of the Commission in Buenos Aires, Bogotá, Brasilia and Montevideo and by the liaison office in Washington, D.C.,

1. Approves the programme of work of the system of the Commission for the 2006-2007 biennium,² which includes the Latin American and Caribbean Institute for Economic and Social Planning and which, with the guidance provided by the resolutions adopted at the thirtieth session of the Commission, shall become the legislative mandate for the Commission’s execution of programmes, projects and technical cooperation activities and for the production of the recurrent publications included therein;

¹ General Assembly resolution 55/2.

² Draft programme of work of the ECLAC system, 2006-2007 (LC/G.2238(SES.30/6)).

2. Endorses the proposed priorities for the work of the Commission for the 2006-2007 biennium presented by the Executive Secretary, which encompass the promotion of a broader vision of macroeconomic stability to fuel growth and reduce volatility, integration into the rest of the world and the importance of regional affairs, an increase in the region's production potential, an increase in social cohesion, improvements in global institutions and the importance of migration, sustainable development and financing for development;

3. Expresses its appreciation to the national offices and the liaison office of the Commission for the tasks that they carry out in support of the countries' activities as well as for their contribution to incorporating the regional perspective in national agendas;

4. Calls upon the Executive Secretary to strengthen the structure of the national offices and the liaison office of the Commission within the context of existing resources;

5. Notes that the allocation of the necessary resources for implementing the activities described in the programme of work is subject to consideration by the relevant United Nations bodies before it can be carried out;

6. Requests the Executive Secretary to submit any proposals required for the execution of the approved programme of work to the relevant bodies;

7. Requests the Executive Secretary to convene the Committee of the Whole in the intervals between the sessions of the Commission in order to strengthen and broaden the dialogue between member States and the secretariat on issues deemed to be relevant;

8. Expresses its appreciation to the Chair of the ad hoc working group for the tasks it has carried out, which have resulted in the satisfactory fulfilment of the mandate contained in resolution 553(XXVI);

9. Requests the Executive Secretary to report on the progress made in implementing this resolution at the thirty-first session of the Commission.

**608(XXX) PROMOTION OF COORDINATION IN STUDIES AND ACTIVITIES
CONCERNING SOUTH AMERICA**

The Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean,

Taking into account the important work carried out by the Commission in relation to the South American countries, both in its divisions and in its national offices in the subregion,

Considering the studies and projects to be conducted under subprogrammes 1 to 10 of the Commission's programme of work for the biennium 2006-2007,

Taking into account the interest expressed by the South American countries in strengthening the coherence of studies and projects concerning the subregion, so as to avoid the duplication of efforts and promote complementarity,

1. Recommends that the secretariat encourage the national offices and the various organs of the Commission to carry out joint studies and activities that focus more in depth on the South American subregion in an integrated and complementary manner;

2. Highlights, in this connection, the need to guarantee coordination and unity in the work of the divisions and of the national offices in the subregion, especially in the areas of physical integration, international trade and the analysis of macroeconomic convergence in South America, without prejudice to other relevant issues, such as those relating to the social sphere and sustainable development.

609(XXX) FINANCING AND MANAGEMENT OF EDUCATION

The Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean,

Considering that education is a right and makes a contribution to development in its ethical, social, productive, cultural and political dimensions; that the countries of the region have made significant efforts in the areas of educational reform and the allocation of financial resources in order to attain quality education within a framework of equity, but without having major impacts in terms of the educational achievement of students; and that the countries of the region still face enormous challenges in the development of education with efficiency, quality and equity,

Considering also that the situation with regard to education in the countries of Latin America and the Caribbean is extremely heterogeneous and inequitable, and it is therefore necessary to support those that have lagged further behind in order to ensure that the region as a whole makes harmonious progress and that it achieves the goals set forth in the World Declaration on Education for All by 2015 and the World Education Forum; that all the countries should at least meet the four priority goals by 2015, which are to provide universal pre-primary education, ensure universal completion of the primary cycle, raise the coverage of secondary education to 75% and eradicate adult illiteracy, and that the challenges that remain to be met make it necessary to assess what has been done and redirect and increase their efforts so that more significant results can be achieved,

Taking into account the fact that the additional resources needed to achieve these targets are estimated at US\$ 149 billion, which is the equivalent of 7.5 percentage points of Latin America's GDP in 2000; that the countries' ability to finance the achievement of these targets with public resources raises difficulties and varies depending on the extent of coverage and actual yield at each level of instruction, on trends in GDP and on the proportion of GDP that is allocated to public spending on education,

Aware that more public, private and international resources must be mobilized in order to make progress towards the fulfilment of educational goals and that the authorities in charge of financial and educational matters in the countries should jointly analyse, design and evaluate other options for financing education,

Highlighting the valuable contribution to the debate provided by the document entitled "Financing and management of education in Latin America and the Caribbean", which was prepared by the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean and the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, and the conviction that education is the best means of ensuring economic growth together with the growth of production and social equity, strengthening democracy by promoting the broader exercise of citizenship without exclusions, furthering the information and knowledge society at a more rapid pace and enriching the dialogue among persons of different cultures,

1. Decides to undertake the following activities in conjunction with the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization:

- (a) To undertake a deeper analysis of innovative options for financing and managing education in Latin America and the Caribbean and to promote the formulation of public policy agendas that help the countries to reach the targets they have established in the field of education;

- (b) To pursue an in-depth analysis of the causes of educational inequity in the countries of Latin America and the Caribbean and to stimulate the formulation of regional strategies with a view to reducing existing inequalities in the areas of economic, social and educational development;
- (c) To follow-up and backstop the fulfilment of the internationally agreed Millennium Development Goals referring to education;
- (d) To contribute to the mobilization of the different stakeholders in society, in coordination with the Governments of the region, in order to uphold the principle of social responsibility for education, as reflected in the Regional Education Project for Latin America and the Caribbean;
- (e) To promote interaction among the authorities responsible for education and finance with a view to arriving at agreements regarding efforts to seek out new forms of management, supplementary sources and financing options;
- (f) To include the subjects of the management and financing of education on the agenda for the forthcoming regional seminar on fiscal policy, as well as other meetings organized by the Economic Commission, the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization or both, as the case may be;
- (g) To promote joint activities with other United Nations bodies and multilateral agencies to follow up issues relating to the financing and management of education in the region and formulate proposals on those subjects;
- (h) To promote South-South cooperation activities, taking advantage of the potentials existing in countries of the region.

2. Support the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization in the fulfilment of its mandate to follow up on the educational goals agreed upon in international forums such as the World Education Forum.

610(XXX) FOLLOW-UP TO THE WORLD SUMMIT ON THE INFORMATION SOCIETYThe Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean,

Recognizing the technical capacity of the Commission to compile statistics, produce analyses and provide technical support in areas linked to the development of an information society in Latin America and the Caribbean,

Reaffirming the content of the Bávaro Declaration, adopted in the Dominican Republic in January 2003, in which the Commission was asked “to support the countries in following up on the agreements adopted in this Declaration and in implementing the conclusions and recommendations of the World Summit on the Information Society”,

Recognizing the substantive contribution made by the Commission in supporting the countries of the region in the first phase of the World Summit on the Information Society, held in Geneva in December 2003, which highlights, in particular, the importance of the regional dimension in promoting the emergence of a global information society,

Bearing in mind the need to promote a Latin American and Caribbean vision in the second phase of the World Summit on the Information Society, to be held in Tunis in November 2005,

Requests the Commission to provide support to prepare the countries of the region for the second phase of the World Summit on the Information Society, taking as a frame of reference the goals agreed upon in the Plan of Action adopted in December 2003, by:

- (i) Developing and updating indicators for the ongoing assessment of progress in the region;
- (ii) Carrying out studies and analyses of issues relevant to the region;
- (iii) Supporting national initiatives and promoting subregional or thematic preparatory meetings;
- (iv) Supporting the organization and holding of a regional preparatory meeting for the purpose of defining goals and proposals for the second phase of the World Summit on the Information Society;
- (v) Developing a work plan that includes the monitoring of progress, the conduct of analyses, the development of networks of policy makers and the organization of meetings in follow-up to the second phase of the World Summit on the Information Society, with the aim of building an inclusive information society that facilitates social cohesion.

611(XXX) COOPERATION AMONG DEVELOPING COUNTRIES AND REGIONS

The Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean,

Considering General Assembly resolution 58/220 on economic and technical cooperation among developing countries, in which the Assembly endorsed the decisions adopted by the High-level Committee on the Review of Technical Cooperation among Developing Countries at its thirteenth session, including the reaffirmation of the validity of the Buenos Aires Plan of Action,¹ and decided to change the name of the Committee to High-level Committee on South-South Cooperation, with no change in its mandate or in the scope of its activities,

Also considering that in that resolution the Assembly urged developing countries and their partners to intensify South-South cooperation, as it contributes to the achievement of the internationally agreed development goals, including those contained in the Millennium Declaration, and also urged all relevant United Nations organizations and multilateral institutions to intensify their efforts to effectively mainstream the use of South-South cooperation in the design, formulation and implementation of their regular programmes and to consider increasing allocations of human, technical and financial resources for supporting South-South cooperation initiatives,

Recalling its resolution 591(XXIX) on cooperation among developing countries and regions,

1. Takes note of the report on the activities carried out by the ECLAC system the Commission to support such cooperation, contained in the note by the secretariat entitled "Activities of the ECLAC system to promote and support technical cooperation among developing countries and regions during the biennium 2002-2003",² which was reviewed at the present session of the Commission;

2. Acknowledges the high level of cooperation received by the Commission from cooperating institutions and countries, both members and non-members, which have found in the Commission a strategic partner for cooperation, as shown by the debate that took place at the meeting of the Committee on Cooperation among Developing Countries and Regions,

3. Specifically acknowledges, in this connection, the support received from Argentina, Canada, Chile, Colombia, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, Spain, Sweden and Uruguay, among others, as well as from the United Nations Development Programme, the United Nations Population Fund, the United Nations Foundation/United Nations Fund for International Partnerships, Inter-American Development Bank, European Commission, World Bank and Central American Integration System, among others;

4. Reiterates the importance of South-South cooperation among the countries of the region for the achievement of their economic and social development objectives, especially through the exchange of experiences in the design and implementation of policies relating to the principal aspects of the new directions for cooperation among developing countries, such as the eradication of poverty and social exclusion, sustainable development, production and employment, scientific and technological

¹ Report of the United Nations Conference on Technical Cooperation among Developing Countries, Buenos Aires, 30 August-12 September 1978. United Nations publication, Sales No. E.78.II.A.11 and corrigendum, chap. I.

² LC/G.2242(SES.30/18).

development, tourism, support for small and medium-sized enterprises, gender, trade, investment and macroeconomic management;

5. Stresses the need to broaden South-South cooperation in areas related to strategies for productive development in open economies, such as the promotion of technological innovation in areas that include environmental sustainability, the identification of new markets, the exchange of recent experiences in educational systems and their contribution to productive development, trade negotiations with economic blocs and international competitiveness in general;

6. Underscores the need to strengthen support for the activities of the Governments of the region aimed at improving and extending the use of mechanisms and modalities of South-South cooperation at the subregional, regional and interregional levels in priority areas of public economic and social development policy;

7. Underscores also the need to arrange for greater financial participation by cooperating countries and agencies to strengthen cooperation for development, both from developed countries and multilateral institutions and from developing countries, as noted in the Monterrey Consensus adopted at the International Conference on Financing for Development, held in Monterrey, Mexico, from 18 to 22 March 2002;

8. Requests the Executive Secretary to take measures, in accordance with the relevant mandates, to:

- (a) Modernize the Commission's strategic approaches with respect to international cooperation for development, including South-South, North-South and multilateral cooperation, in accordance with the new mandates and approaches adopted by the General Assembly;
- (b) Intensify activities aimed at incorporating modalities of South-South cooperation into the various areas of the programme of work of the secretariat for the biennium 2006-2007, especially with regard to the formulation and execution of technical cooperation projects financed with extrabudgetary resources from bilateral or multilateral sources of cooperation;
- (c) Continue to strengthen strategic partnerships with donor countries and institutions, both within and outside the region, to increase levels of North-South and South-South cooperation;
- (d) Take advantage of the ample networking opportunities offered by the Commission's new Internet site on cooperation to widely disseminate projects and activities, both of the Commission and of member countries, that promote and strengthen South-South cooperation;
- (e) Request the international community to support the efforts of the Latin American and Caribbean countries to respond effectively to the opportunities and problems associated with globalization so that they can position themselves advantageously in the global economic system, benefit from international trade and investment, strengthen productive development and environmental sustainability and institute appropriate systems of social protection;
- (f) Strengthen contacts and collaboration with the development organizations and agencies of the United Nations system, and especially with other regional commissions, to foster interregional cooperation in the context of globalization;

- (g) Participate in regional or subregional coordination activities and mechanisms for South-South cooperation in areas in which the Commission has recognized competence;
- (h) Support the regional activities envisaged by the United Nations Development Programme and the Latin American Economic System with a view to promoting the use of South-South cooperation in the work carried out by organizations of the United Nations system in the region;

9. Decides to change the name of the Committee on Cooperation among Developing Countries and Regions to Committee on South-South Cooperation, in accordance with the new mandates and approaches adopted by the General Assembly.

**612(XXX) SAN JUAN RESOLUTION ON PRODUCTIVE DEVELOPMENT
IN OPEN ECONOMIES**

The Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean,

Bearing in mind resolution 595(XXIX) as adopted at its twenty-ninth session, in which it urged the secretariat to analyse the relationship existing between the liberalization agendas of the countries of the region and the associated productive development policies, including, in particular, their links with trade, national and international financing and social and environmental issues, in order to ensure that those policies take into account the interests of the countries of Latin America and the Caribbean,

Recognizing that progress has been made in the gradual dissemination of economic and social reforms but that this has not been manifested in high, stable rates of growth that would create the necessary conditions to provide the individual and shared resources that would meet the inherent need for economic, social and cultural rights, as is emphasized, in particular, in the United Nations Millennium Declaration,

Noting that the emergence of signs of growing interdependence among countries in a number of areas, such as trade, international finance and the environment, opens up new opportunities but also hinders national authorities' policy-making autonomy,

Aware of the profound processes of productive, trade and financial restructuring now taking place worldwide, with the active participation of transnational corporations at the helm of internationally integrated production systems into which some countries of the region are being incorporated,

Observing that the expansion of trade has not resulted in rapid worldwide economic growth, that the inflow of capital to the region, including foreign direct investment, has declined, and that this has been a factor in widening the gap in knowledge and technological innovation with the industrialized countries,

Noting that a trend towards income disparities across countries persists; that, within the countries of the region, the low density of the processes involved in changing production patterns has exacerbated the heterogeneity of the production structure, with some sectors displaying differing patterns; and that, through their impact on the composition and quality of employment, they have an influence on the disparity among households' levels of well-being,

Underlining, in sum, that the current phase of access to international markets offers a range of opportunities for productive development, some of which have been fully utilized by some sectors in developing countries, but that it also entails negative consequences owing to the structural change required to adapt to changing conditions in terms of competitiveness,

Underlining also the tradition and vitality of subregional integration schemes and the potential for deepening them within a framework of open regionalism, along with the rich pool of regional institutions present in Latin America and the Caribbean,

Aware of the various means demonstrated by the countries of the region of expanding their trade both within and outside the region and the difficult conditions under which they attract financial resources, including resources in the form of foreign direct investment, and the fact that in many cases the procyclical behaviour of capital flows to the region has led to unsustainable indebtedness,

Highlighting the progress attained by many countries in the area of macroeconomic management, especially with regard to the control of public finances and inflation; the strides made towards a more effective incorporation of the sustainable development agenda; the expansion, in many cases, of public expenditure on education, which has made it possible to increase the coverage of basic and intermediate education and to launch activities aimed at giving the population access to computerized information networks and audiovisual media; the efforts being devoted to making the labour market more adaptable by introducing new worker training arrangements and unemployment insurance; the participation of the private sector in the modernization of various infrastructure sectors and in interacting with the public sector to develop innovative approaches in the area of social security; and the fact that, nonetheless, efforts should be made to place greater emphasis on devoting attention to the difficulties that the implementation of pension reforms has raised in some countries,

Observing that obstacles to the process of changing production patterns with social equity and environmental sustainability in the region persist; that poverty levels regrettably persist; that economic growth has been insufficient and volatile; that the increase in productivity has not narrowed the gap with the developed world; that the linkages of export activities and foreign direct investment with other economic activities remain insufficient; that institutions for sustainable development have few instruments and scant resources at their disposal; that the insufficient creation of quality jobs continues to impede a reduction in open unemployment and informal employment; that the educational gap with the developed world persists in terms of both coverage (secondary and higher education) and learning outcomes; and that increased demands are being made for social security systems to cover traditional risks (health care, old age and illness) and new risks associated with the increased vulnerability of employment and income,

1. Welcomes the document prepared by the secretariat, entitled “Productive development in open economies”, considering that, thanks to the concepts it explores, the information it contains and the proposals it sets forth regarding international linkages, productive development and social vulnerability, it makes a significant contribution to the current phase of trade liberalization, levels of competitiveness and development of labour markets, education and training;

2. Welcomes the proactive agenda proposed by the secretariat for meeting the challenges posed by the current phase of the productive development process, in particular the reaffirmation of national strategies for improving linkages with the world economy as pillars of the process of strengthening competitiveness; the region’s potential contribution to building cohesive societies that can mitigate social vulnerability and give the countries greater room for manoeuvre in restructuring production systems; and the stress laid on the importance of an integral approach in which macroeconomic solvency is consistent with productive development and social cohesion policies;

3. Requests the secretariat to ensure the wide dissemination of the document “Productive development in open economies” and to encourage its consideration in the following areas:

- (i) Political, social, academic and business spheres and civil-society organizations in the region, through national, subregional and regional dialogues on the chief components of the proposed agenda, and
- (ii) International organizations dealing with the various dimensions of economic development, with a view, in particular, to fostering an exchange of ideas regarding proposals for correcting asymmetries and gaps in the international agenda, especially with the International Labour

Organization in relation to employment and social cohesion policies and the creation of decent jobs for a just form of globalization;

4. Urges the Executive Secretary to undertake a more in-depth analysis of the following issues:
- (i) Education, science and technology, highlighting the development of national and regional innovation systems that unite the efforts of the public and private sectors;
 - (ii) Social protection and active labour-market policies aimed at achieving complementarity between public and private mechanisms in order to broaden coverage and adopt solidarity-based approaches, as part of a major effort to enhance social cohesion;
 - (iii) Countercyclical macroeconomic management, adding national, subregional and regional measures to complement the changes required at the international level;
 - (iv) Production linkages, defining policies for developing and deepening them and for forming production clusters;
 - (v) Sustainable development and competitiveness, devoting special attention to the economic valuation of environmental goods and services and to the improvement of their market access conditions;
 - (vi) Financing for development, placing special emphasis on the financial development needed to replace intermediation systems dominated by banks with systems that include large capital markets; strengthening of development banks with a view to promoting the institutional changes needed to capture and extend long-term financing and to design risk management instruments to give different types of enterprises easier access to financing; reliance on subregional financial institutions to provide countercyclical financing, correct situations of illiquidity and support investment programmes for sustainable development; and the role of infrastructure in productive development and competitiveness;
 - (vii) Trade integration and development, paying special attention to trade in agricultural goods and access to markets that can enable the region's economies to capitalize on their competitive advantages and use appropriate technology;

5. Calls upon the secretariat to pursue its examination of the development strategies of the Latin American and Caribbean countries in the context of the globalization process, based on an integrated approach to economic, social and environmental issues which also incorporates gender analysis, and to identify the measures that should be adopted at the national, regional and international levels.

613(XXX) PLACE OF THE NEXT SESSION

The Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean,

Bearing in mind paragraph 15 of its terms of reference and rules 1 and 2 of its rules of procedure,

Considering the invitation of the Eastern Republic of Uruguay to host the thirty-first session of the Commission,

1. Expresses its gratitude to the Eastern Republic of Uruguay for its generous invitation;
2. Accepts this invitation with pleasure;
3. Recommends that the United Nations Economic and Social Council approve the decision to hold the thirty-first session in the Eastern Republic of Uruguay in 2006.

EXPLANATIONS OF POSITION**EXPLANATION OF POSITION SUBMITTED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF COSTA RICA**

Costa Rica affirms that the concepts mentioned in the draft resolution adopted in San Juan, Puerto Rico, by the ECLAC sessional Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development and the agreements contained in the declaration adopted at the open-ended meeting of the Presiding Officers of the Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development held in Santiago, Chile, on 10 and 11 March 2004 shall not contradict the Costa Rican legal regime in matters relating to the family, reproductive and sexual health, abortion, parents' rights concerning the education of their children or the country's traditional respect for international principles and standards regarding the protection of human rights.

EXPLANATION OF POSITION SUBMITTED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF CUBA

Cuba wishes to reiterate its unconditional support for the Programme of Action adopted in Cairo and to reaffirm its full commitment to population and development issues and to the resolution adopted by the Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development.

Nonetheless, given that the delegation of the United States has reiterated its explanation of position and reservations to the Mexico City Consensus, Cuba hereby reiterates the reply put forward by its delegation in Mexico City at the ninth session of the Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean.

**EXPLANATION OF POSITION SUBMITTED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF
EL SALVADOR**

The delegation of El Salvador understands the Cairo Consensus and the Santiago Declaration to be broad frameworks that respect each country's sovereignty and cultural context, in accordance with the principles laid down in chapter II of the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development.

Within the broad framework of these two consensuses, El Salvador wishes to place on record its reservations (including abortion and the reservation regarding the term "various forms of the family" and the term "individuals") and its interpretation of certain concepts contained in the draft resolution of the ECLAC sessional Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development.

In this connection, El Salvador reaffirms:

Respect for the right to life from the moment of conception, as laid down in article 1 of our Constitution, in our Family Code and in the Pact of San José, to which we are a signatory. In this connection, El Salvador does not believe that abortion or methods of abortion can be regarded as part of "reproductive rights".

With respect to the family, we express specific reservations, as we have done since the adoption of the Cairo Consensus, with regard to the term "various forms of the family", and we point out that our Constitution and Family Code define the family as the union between a man and a woman.

El Salvador also considers that the rights of parents, who have the primary responsibility for educating their children, should be protected, in line with paragraph 7.45 of the Cairo Plan of Action.

Lastly, El Salvador endorses the call on the countries of the region to make all efforts necessary to provide the requisite resources to continue implementing the Programme of Action adopted in Cairo, and urges the international community to increase its technical and financial cooperation for the fulfilment of these objectives.

EXPLANATION OF POSITION SUBMITTED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF NICARAGUA

The Nicaraguan State reaffirms the Programme of Action adopted at the International Conference on Population and Development, including the specific reservations expressed by the delegation of Nicaragua in Cairo in 1994, in relation to the consensus on the Programme of Action adopted at the International Conference on Population and Development and to the priorities highlighted at the special session, known as ICPD+5, held by the United Nations General Assembly in 1999 to review the Programme's goals.

Welcomes the Cairo Programme of Action as a tool for contributing to development and poverty reduction. Nicaragua recognizes that the further implementation of the principles, objectives and measures deriving from the International Conference on Population and Development is consistent with our Constitution and also entails compliance with the provisions of the principal international human rights instruments.

Accepts all the documents emanating from this thirtieth session of ECLAC and reiterates its reservations in respect of those terms, concepts and references that run counter to those reservations and to the Constitution of the Republic.

Finally, Mr. Chairperson, the Government's decision to include on its agenda solutions to the problems caused by inequalities between men and women is conducive to the modernization of the State.

The Government of the Republic of Nicaragua, recognizing our multiculturalism, is committed to working for the reduction of inequities and social exclusion by implementing public policies that are in keeping with the Latin American and Caribbean regional consensus on the recommendations of the Cairo Programme of Action for achieving the Millennium Development Goals.

**EXPLANATION OF POSITION SUBMITTED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA**

The United States has joined consensus on the resolutions presented by the Commission for adoption and offers explanations of position on three resolutions: the resolution on Population and Development, the resolution on the Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean, and the resolution on the Follow-up to the World Summit on the Information Society.

Resolution on Population and Development: Priority Activities for 2004-2005 (PLE/8)

Regarding the resolution on Population and Development, and as a country in the Region of the Americas, the United States is pleased to participate in this meeting of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC) aimed at our shared goals of improving health and well-being throughout the hemisphere.

In ten years since the International Conference on Population and Development (ICPD), the Region has made important advances toward achieving the ICPD objectives of expanding access to health care, including reproductive health and voluntary family planning, universal access to education, promoting gender equality, reducing maternal mortality, and preventing the spread of HIV/AIDS. Nonetheless, improvements have been uneven across the region, with gaps between rich and poor, between developing and developed countries, and within countries. Looking toward the next ten years, our biggest challenge will be to bridge these gaps, and the United States will continue to work towards this end.

The United States supports the comprehensive approach contained within the goals and objectives of the ICPD Programme of Action and would like to emphasize some areas of priority concern. The United States is firmly committed to the empowerment of women and the need to promote women's fullest enjoyment of universal human rights and fundamental freedoms. We would like to emphasize the essential need to ensure that all women, as well as men, are provided with the education necessary to realize their full potential. As noted in the ICPD, the United States shares the belief that population and development programs are most effective when steps have simultaneously been taken to improve the status of women.

Furthermore, we strongly believe that older persons can and should become a force for development. Formal and informal support systems need to be developed to improve the lives of older persons, their families, and their caregivers.

The United States wishes to note in joining consensus that it is essential to recognize the rights, duties, and responsibilities of parents and other persons legally responsible for adolescents to provide, in a manner consistent with the evolving capacities of the adolescent, appropriate direction and guidance in sexual and reproductive matters, education, and other aspects of children's lives for which parents have the primary responsibility.

The United States strongly supports a balanced approach to the prevention and treatment of HIV/AIDS, such as the ABC model: Abstinence, Be faithful, and, when appropriate, use of Condoms. The ABC approach can target and balance A, B, and C interventions according to the needs of different at-risk populations and the specific circumstances of a particular country confronting the epidemic.

The United States fully supports the principle of voluntary choice in family planning, and demonstrates that commitment through its annual funding request for reproductive health, including family planning, at US\$ 425 million. We have stated clearly and on many occasions, consistent with the ICPD, that we do not recognize abortion as a method of family planning. The United States does not promote abortion. The United States understands that the term “reproductive rights”, as used in these documents or in previous UN or UN Conference documents, does not constitute support, endorsement, or promotion of abortion or abortion-related services or the use of abortifacients. The United States supports the treatment of women who suffer injuries or illnesses caused by legal or illegal abortion, including for example post-abortion care, and does not place such treatment among abortion-related services.

Resolution on the Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean (PLE/9)

In joining consensus on the resolution, regarding the Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean, the United States notes that, at the 9th Regional Conference we made an explanation of position and took a reservation on the Mexico City Consensus. The United States reiterates that explanation of position and reservation.

The Mexico City Consensus introduces the term “sexual rights”, a term that has no definition in the international community. It could be interpreted to include harmful sexual activities affecting children, adolescents, and adults. For this reason, the United States reserves its position on the term “sexual rights”.

Resolution on the Follow-up to the World Summit on the Information Society (PLE/14)

In joining Consensus on the resolution, regarding the Follow-up to the World Summit on the Information Society, the United States brings to the Commission’s attention that we took a reservation on the Bávaro Declaration. Specifically, the reservation said, “The United States of America reserves on the text of paragraph 1j and submits its objection to the language, which is inappropriate and is inconsistent with the purpose of the Conference”. We reaffirm that reservation here.

The United States requests that this statement be reflected in full in the written report of this meeting.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON COOPERATION AMONG DEVELOPING COUNTRIES AND REGIONS

1. The Committee on Cooperation among Developing Countries and Regions met during the thirtieth session of ECLAC, as scheduled, on 30 June 2004. As had been agreed at the opening of the session, the following countries served as the Committee's presiding officers:

<u>Chairperson:</u>	Mexico
<u>Vice-Chairpersons:</u>	Canada
	Dominican Republic
<u>Rapporteur:</u>	Colombia

2. The Committee adopted the following agenda:

1. Adoption of the agenda
2. Report on activities carried out within the ECLAC system to promote and support cooperation among developing countries and regions since the previous meeting of the Committee, held during the twenty-ninth session of the Commission
3. Opportunities and challenges for international cooperation in Latin America and the Caribbean as viewed by cooperating countries and institutions

3. Under agenda item 2, the Committee considered the work carried out by ECLAC, on the basis of the document presented by the secretariat, entitled "Activities of the ECLAC system to promote and support technical cooperation among developing countries and regions during the biennium 2002-2003. Note by the secretariat".¹

4. The Executive Secretary said that, at the current time, the main strategic objective of the technical cooperation promoted by the entities members of the United Nations Executive Committee on Economic and Social Affairs was to help the member countries meet the commitments undertaken at the Millennium Summit and at the international conferences held under the Organization's auspices since 1992. The secretariat was making efforts to extend cooperation activities, diversify the range of contributors and collaborators in programme implementation and progress towards new forms of partnership, as exemplified by the new programme approach applied in the case of joint activities with the Government of Germany. It also planned to strengthen cooperation with the other regional commissions, particularly by making use of the facilities and resources available from the United Nations Development Account.

5. The secretariat representative then described the current situation of international cooperation and general trends in recent years, underscoring the need to make cooperation activities more effective by gearing them more specifically to the development goals set out in the Millennium Declaration. In line with the process of United Nations reform, renewed emphasis was being placed on the regional commissions' role in implementing and promoting horizontal cooperation; that approach had been endorsed at the recent meetings of the High-level Committee on the Review of Technical Cooperation

¹ LC/G.2242(SES.30/18).

among Developing Countries and in the deliberations and resolutions of the Latin American Economic System (SELA) on the subject.

6. The participants reviewed all the cooperation activities carried out by ECLAC in the biennium 2002-2003, including technical assistance missions and technical cooperation projects financed with extrabudgetary resources. Mention was made of the principal bilateral donors, which included countries both within and outside the region (Argentina, Chile, Colombia, Uruguay, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, Spain and Sweden, among others), and of multilateral institutions both within and outside the United Nations system (United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), Inter-American Development Bank (IDB), European Commission, World Bank). Those resources contributed significantly to the interdivisional implementation of cross-sectoral projects and studies, especially projects that facilitated and promoted activities involving technical cooperation among developing countries (TCDC), a few outstanding examples of which were described in more detail.

7. The secretariat representative also gave a presentation on the new ECLAC web site on cooperation, noting that it was still an initial version that would have to be improved and constantly updated through a project information and follow-up system automatically linked to the site. A demonstration was given on how the site could be used to obtain information on all donors, projects under way, relevant publications, contact information and details on the division in charge of implementing each project. The site also included a special section on TCDC, which listed the projects with horizontal cooperation components being executed by the Commission.

8. The delegations welcomed the report of the secretariat and made a variety of comments. They referred to the need to update the terminology concerning horizontal cooperation to incorporate the term "South-South cooperation" into the Committee's texts and deliberations on the subject, in line with General Assembly resolution 58/220, by which the Assembly had noted and endorsed that term, proposed by the High-level Committee, which had been renamed the High-level Committee on South-South Cooperation.

9. It was pointed out that technical cooperation should be considered in conjunction with economic cooperation, since the two were closely related, and that mechanisms for triangular cooperation were important for supporting the implementation of horizontal cooperation activities. The scarce resources available for that purpose should be used as efficiently as possible and should be more tightly focused on the areas most relevant to the Commission's sphere of competence. In addition, more intensive use should be made of the expertise available in the region itself, including "prime movers", in horizontal cooperation activities in different areas.

10. At the same time, it was necessary to promote greater resource mobilization if the countries of the region were to achieve their development objectives, even the most basic ones, which were reflected in the development goals set out in the Millennium Declaration. That would help to offset, at least in part, the effects of the downturn in aggregate flows of official development assistance to Latin America and the Caribbean in recent years.

11. Several delegations reported in detail on their horizontal cooperation programmes and activities, which had been carried out with the countries' own resources and with contributions from third parties under the triangular cooperation arrangements referred to earlier.

12. Statements were also made by representatives of cooperating countries and institutions, such as France, Italy, Germany, UNFPA and the European Commission, who described their vision of the priorities and achievements of cooperation with ECLAC and with countries in the region. As a collaborator in their cooperation activities, the Commission had a number of comparative advantages because of its academic excellence. They reiterated their desire to strengthen and expand their ties with the Commission in the near future and recommended that training activities and technical cooperation missions should be stepped up.

13. In her reply and concluding comments, the representative of the secretariat thanked the participants for their observations and inputs and said that all the comments made would be taken into consideration in the Commission's work in that area over the coming biennium. Specifically, given the high level of cooperation activity carried out by the countries of the region, she proposed that the new ECLAC web site on cooperation should also be used as a platform for the compilation and wider dissemination of the Commission's horizontal cooperation programmes and projects.

14. She also referred to the comment on the need to focus efforts on priority areas, which ECLAC had already begun to do by redefining the approach taken in a growing number of cooperation activities to shift the perspective from individual projects to more integrated programmes; placing strong emphasis on activities directly related to the achievement of the Millennium Development Goals; and integrating its activities in follow-up to the most relevant international summits and conferences in the Commission's substantive areas of action. Lastly, she reaffirmed the Commission's commitment to modernizing the approach used in international cooperation for development, taking into account the new mandates from the General Assembly in that area.

15. The conclusions adopted at the meeting of the Committee on Cooperation among Developing Countries and Regions are reflected in the resolution entitled "Cooperation among developing countries and regions".

**REPORT OF THE ECLAC SESSIONAL AD HOC COMMITTEE ON POPULATION
AND DEVELOPMENT**

1. The ECLAC sessional Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development met on 29 and 30 June 2004. The following countries served as presiding officers:

<u>Chairperson:</u>	Brazil
<u>Vice-Chairpersons:</u>	Panama Trinidad and Tobago
<u>Rapporteur:</u>	Bolivia

2. The meeting of the Ad Hoc Committee was attended by representatives of 47 States members of ECLAC and by a number of observer delegations that participated in a consultative capacity, as well as representatives of international organizations and non-governmental organizations.

3. The Ad Hoc Committee adopted the following agenda without amendment:

1. Election of officers
2. Adoption of the agenda
3. Report of the Chairperson of the Presiding Officers of the ECLAC sessional Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development
4. Progress made in Latin America and the Caribbean in implementing the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development 10 years after its adoption: presentation of the outcomes of the open-ended meeting of the Presiding Officers of the ECLAC sessional Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development (Santiago, Chile, 10 and 11 March 2004)
5. Population, ageing and development
6. Regional Strategy for the Implementation in Latin America and the Caribbean of the Madrid International Plan of Action on Ageing (Madrid, 2002)
7. Presentation of national activities relating to the follow-up of the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the implementation of the Madrid International Plan of Action on Ageing
8. Round table discussions on HIV/AIDS and Population and poverty
9. Other matters
10. Conclusions

4. The Executive Secretary of ECLAC read out a message from the Secretary-General wishing the participants success in their deliberations; pointing out that population issues were not a matter of statistics, but concerned human beings and their natural right to a decent life; underscoring the Commission's activities in that regard; and urging it to redouble its efforts.

5. The Executive Secretary of the Commission then said that the fact that the Committee's meetings took place in the framework of the Commission's sessions attested to the importance which ECLAC attached to the close links between population issues and the economic and social development process. Those links, far from becoming less relevant, had taken on renewed and larger significance in the light of

the current demographic transition, poverty, HIV/AIDS, international migration and gender equity in the region, among other issues. He referred to the comprehensive work that the Commission had carried out and would continue to carry out in collaboration with the United Nations Population Fund. Lastly, he trusted that, after the meeting, the delegations would find that the region had strengthened its capacity to respond with unity, seriousness and responsibility to the complex and challenging economic, social, political and demographic circumstances it currently faced and would be facing in the years ahead.

6. The Executive Director of the United Nations Population Fund said that, 10 years after the adoption of the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development, the countries had made unprecedented strides in implementing its guidelines while adapting them to their cultures and circumstances, as shown by the findings of a survey organized by the Fund. The process had, however, been hampered by the poverty and inequality that prevailed in the region. It was therefore necessary to build on the progress made thus far and to respond forcefully to the challenges that remained by implementing actions that would take into account the groups targeted by policies —older persons, young people, indigenous groups, persons of African descent and others—, involving them as participants and regarding them as part of the solution, not part of the problem.

7. The representative of Cuba, in his capacity as outgoing Chairperson, outlined the activities carried out since the Committee's preceding meeting, held in Brasilia, Brazil, in 2002, on the occasion of the twenty-ninth session of ECLAC. They included the development of an integrated regional system of indicators for the follow-up of the agreements reached at international conferences; the development —on the basis of the REDATAM platform— of national systems of indicators; the holding of training workshops on the subject; the organization of conferences on international migration and ageing; the analysis and dissemination of the results of the 2000 round of population censuses; and the open-ended meeting of the Presiding Officers of the Committee. Lastly, he pointed to the pressing need to train human resources in the field of demography, population and development and to formulate a regional strategy for that purpose.

8. The Director a.i. of CELADE - Population Division of ECLAC gave a presentation on the activities carried out by the Division in its capacity as technical secretariat for the Ad Hoc Committee, pursuant to ECLAC resolution 590 (XXIX). They included the organization of meetings and workshops, the preparation of documents and the provision of technical assistance to countries for the follow-up of the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and with respect to the issues of ageing, international migration, the analysis and dissemination of census information and human resources training.

9. With regard to the advances made in Latin America and the Caribbean in implementing the Programme of Action, the outgoing Chairperson reported on the outcome of the open-ended meeting of the Presiding Officers of the Committee, which had been held in Santiago, Chile, in March 2004. He referred to the new institutional mechanisms established to integrate population issues into the programming and planning of economic and social development, policies relating to migrants, national programmes on sexual and reproductive health and the incorporation of those health services into primary care services, measures to reduce maternal morbidity and mortality, efforts to increase the supply of contraceptives, actions to stop the spread of AIDS, initiatives to combat violence against women and to champion the rights of older persons and the increasing use of sociodemographic information in policy formulation.

10. The representative of Trinidad and Tobago referred to the Port of Spain Declaration, which had been adopted at the November 2003 meeting of the Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee

and had been presented at the open-ended meeting of the Presiding Officers of the Ad Hoc Committee. In that document, the countries of the Caribbean subregion affirmed that they were fully committed to the principles and actions of the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development, the conclusions of the five-year review of the Programme and internationally agreed goals, including those in the Millennium Declaration.

11. The Officer-in-Charge of the Population and Development Area of CELADE presented an overview of population ageing, which was a widespread and heterogeneous process that posed major challenges for all the countries of the region. Those challenges included the need to develop inclusive, solidarity-based social security systems, to adapt health-care systems to the needs of an older population and to create environments conducive to the inclusion of older persons in different spheres of social and political participation.

12. A CELADE research assistant described the Regional Strategy for the Implementation in Latin America and the Caribbean of the Madrid International Plan of Action on Ageing, adopted at the Regional Intergovernmental Conference on Ageing. The strategy, which was based on the principles of active ageing, independence, recognition of heterogeneity, the life-cycle approach, intergenerational solidarity and mainstreaming ageing issues in public policies, encompassed three components: older persons and development, health and well-being in old age and enabling environments. He listed the commitments made by the countries with a view to implementing the strategy, as well as the past and current activities of CELADE in that respect.

13. The delegations reaffirmed their commitment to the principles and the implementation of the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Santiago Declaration. They reiterated that the rights-based approach taken in those instruments made them an essential framework for guiding the formulation of laws, institutions, policies and programmes in the countries to reduce poverty and inequalities and to promote gender equity, health, sexual and reproductive health and related rights. Most of the delegations felt that those commitments were linked to the achievement of internationally agreed goals, including those in the Millennium Declaration.

14. In that regard, they reviewed the advances made in their countries in the following areas: eradicating domestic violence; reducing unwanted pregnancies, especially among adolescents; disseminating information and providing assistance to young people, women and the population as a whole with a view to guaranteeing a full life and safe sex; combating HIV/AIDS and assisting people infected with the virus; providing universal access to health services; reducing maternal and child mortality; improving the quality of life; providing education services; protecting migrants; and fostering respect for ethnic minorities and their cultures, among other issues. They also pointed to the challenges that remained to be addressed in those areas.

15. Delegations also referred to the requirements arising from the stage of demographic transition reached in their respective countries and, on that basis, described the policies and programmes that had been formulated and put into practice to address the problems posed by population ageing and to take advantage of the opportunities it afforded. All the delegations recognized that the Regional Strategy for the Implementation in Latin America and the Caribbean of the Madrid International Plan of Action on Ageing was a fundamental frame of reference for achieving those aims.

16. The delegations said that the participation of civil-society organizations, the cooperation of the Commission and other international organizations, especially the United Nations Population Fund, and

collaboration among countries were prerequisites for building on their achievements and addressing the problems identified.

17. Lastly, statements were made by representatives of non-governmental organizations of women, young people, parliamentarians and indigenous peoples, on behalf of their respective organizations and networks.

18. In the round-table discussion on HIV/AIDS, reference was made to the need for Mexico to link its national HIV/AIDS policy more closely to policies, programmes and services relating to sexual and reproductive health and HIV/AIDS. The situation of HIV/AIDS in Latin America and the Caribbean was reviewed, with special reference to women. Emphasis was placed on the following four areas: working with at-risk groups, eliminating the stigma and discrimination associated with HIV/AIDS, strengthening responses using a rights-based approach and monitoring and assessing the use of funds received by the region to combat the epidemic. The paramount importance of financing and supporting appropriate policies for stopping the spread of HIV/AIDS was underscored, as was the effective initiative taken in Brazil to promote the use of condoms. Other issues addressed in the debate were sex education, the feminization of the epidemic and the commitment of all segments of society to a dialogue aimed at putting an end to the problem.

19. In the round-table discussion on population and poverty, reference was made to the new faces of poverty in the region, in the context of an overview of the situation and of the relationship between changes in society and the new structure of sociodemographic risks, the scant contribution of growth to redistribution and strategies for addressing the structure of inequality and poverty. Participants also drew attention to the impact of sociodemographic changes, which encompassed many areas that had not yet been explicitly considered in strategies, such as disparate trends in fertility rates, rapid population ageing, specific territorial circumstances and internal and international migration. Such sociodemographic changes were linked to global transformations that manifested themselves in the supply of and demand for employment, and women and education had a vital role to play in that respect.

20. The conclusions adopted at the meeting of the Ad Hoc Committee are reflected in the resolution entitled "Population and development: Priority activities for 2004-2006" (see also annex 1, Explanations of position).

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- Carolle Hurst-Gilgeous, Gender Affair Division, Government of Antigua and Barbuda
- Winston Williams, Minister of Government, Ministry of Health, Sports and Youth
- Shermain Jeremy, Special Assistant to the Ambassador, Permanent Mission to the United Nations

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- María Cristina Perceval, Senadora Nacional
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- Aldo Neri, Diputado Nacional
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- Noemí Aumedes, Mujeres en Acción
- Silvia Julia, Católicas por el Derecho a Decidir
- Ester Nani, Foro de Mujeres del Mercosur

- Rita Barros Uriburu, Secretaría Nacional de la Familia
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- Douglas Martins de Souza, Assesor Especial, Secretaria Especial para Políticas de Promoção da Igualdade Racial
- Liege Rocha, Gerente de Programas, Secretaria de Articulação Institucional, Secretaria Especial de Políticas para as Mulheres
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- Patricia Hoes, Senior Advisor, International Affairs Directorate, Health Canada
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- Durosier Amos, Executive Director, Association pour la promotion de la famille Haïtienne (PROFAMIL)

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- Margaret Macaulay, Chairperson, Jamaica Coalition for the Rights of the Child

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- Marta Lafuente, Viceministra de Educación y Cultura

PERÚ/PERU

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REINO UNIDO/UNITED KINGDOM

Representante/Representative:

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- Sergia Galván, Directora Ejecutiva, Colectivo Mujer y Salud
- Orlando Jorge Mera, Presidente, Instituto Dominicano de las Telecomunicaciones (INDOTEL)
- Rafael Espinal, Subsecretario de Cooperación Internacional, Secretaría de Estado de Educación

- Hugo Rivera, Asesor de la Secretaria de Industria y Comercio
- Manuel Díaz, Asesor de la Secretaria de Industria y Comercio
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SAINT KITTS Y NEVIS/SAINT KITTS AND NEVIS

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SAN VICENTE Y LAS GRANADINAS/SAINT VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES

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- Samuel Connor, Parliamentary Secretary

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- Helen Charles, President, Ministerial Advisory Council for Older Persons

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Representante/Representative:

- Ewald W. Limon, Ambassador, Permanent Representative to the United Nations

Miembros de la delegación/Delegation members:

- Jeanelle van Glaanenweygel, Head of the Office of International Organisations, Ministry of Foreign Affairs
- Mina Mangre, Coordinator for Social Sectors, Ministry of Planning and Development
- Julia Terborg, Director, Pro Health Foundation
- Arunkoemar Hardien, Chief Policy Advisor, Ministry for Home Affairs

TRINIDAD Y TABAGO/TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

Representante/Representative:

- Anthony Edghill, Deputy Permanent Representative, Permanent Mission to the United Nations

Miembros de la delegación/Delegation members:

- Kathleen Thomas, Deputy Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education
- Jennifer Hussain, Director of Education Planning, Ministry of Education
- Desmond Hunte, Chairman, Population Council, Ministry of Planning and Development
- Jennifer Rouse, Director, Division of Ageing, Ministry of Social Development
- June Williams, Director a.i., Socio Economic Policy Planning, Ministry of Planning and Development
- Ann Marie Seenarine, Research Officer, Population Unit, Ministry of Planning and Development
- Jacqueline Sharpe, Member, Population Council

URUGUAY

Representante/Representative:

- Margarita Percovich, Diputada

Miembros de la delegación/Delegation members:

- María Amalia Sereno, Directora de Asuntos Multilaterales, Ministerio de Relaciones Exteriores
- Juan Pablo Wallace, Cónsul de Distrito en Puerto Rico
- Raquel Rosa, Directora de Salud de la Población, Ministerio de Salud Pública
- Italo Savio, Ministerio de Salud Pública
- Alejandra López, Mujer y Salud
- Lilian Abracinskas, Mujer y Salud
- Carlos Enrique Gasparri, Presidente, Banco de Previsión Social
- Gastón Inda, Banco de Previsión Social

VENEZUELA

Representante/Representative:

- José Rivas Alvarado, Viceministro de Planificación

Miembros de la delegación/Delegation members:

- Aristóbulo Isturez, Ministro de Educación
- Armando Rojas, Viceministro de Educación
- Cruz Martínez, Viceministro de Producción y Comercio
- Orangel Rivas, Director General de Planificación del Corto Plazo, Ministerio de Planificación
- Nora Castañeda, Presidenta, Banco de la Mujer
- Marelis Pérez, Diputada, Vicepresidenta de la Comisión Familia, Mujer y Juventud, Asamblea Nacional
- Reina Arratia, Instituto Nacional de la Mujer
- Victoria Ferrara, Universidad de Los Andes
- Pedro Miguel Arroyo, Presidente, Instituto Nacional de Geriátría (INAGER)
- Nelly Vargas, Cónsul Adjunta en Puerto Rico
- Vinicio Romero, Cónsul General en Puerto Rico

B. Miembros asociados
Associate members
États membres associés

ANGUILA/ANGUILLA

Miembros de la delegación/Delegation members:

- Sanford Richardson, Commissioner for Social Development, Ministry of Social Development and Lands
- Blondell Rodgies, Special Assistant for Social Development, Ministry of Social Development and Lands

ANTILLAS NEERLANDESAS/NETHERLANDS ANTILLES

Representante/Representative:

- Errol Cova, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Economic Affairs

Miembros de la delegación/Delegation members:

- Lucita Moenir Alam, Director, Directorate of Foreign Relations
- Aimée L. Kleinmoedig, Consul, Consulate General of the Kingdom of the Netherlands in Miami
- Gedion L. Isena, Policy Advisor, Directorate of Foreign Relations
- Aignald Panneflek, Senior Policy Staff Member, Ministry of Education
- Roland Antonius, Ministry of Health and Social Development

ARUBA

Representante/Representative:

- Maria Dijkhoff-Pita, Deputy Director, Department Economic Affairs, Ministry of Commerce and Industry

Miembros de la delegación/Delegation members:

- Merrill Robles, Department Economic Affairs, Commerce and Industry, Foreign Economic Relations
- Wilbert G. Marchena, Planning Officer, Department of Social Affairs
- Martijn Balkestein, Deputy Director, Central Bureau of Statistics (CBS)
- Rendolf Lee, Central Bureau of Statistics (CBS)
- Frank Eelens, Central Bureau of Statistics (CBS)

ISLAS VÍRGENES BRITÁNICAS/BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS

Representante/Representative:

- Alvin Christopher, Minister of Natural Resources and Labour

Miembros de la delegación/Delegation members:

- Sheila Brathwait, Permanent Secretary, Ministry of National Resources and Labour
- Merlene Harrigan, Acting Assistant Director, Development Planning, Ministers Office

ISLAS VÍRGENES DE LOS ESTADOS UNIDOS/UNITED STATES VIRGIN ISLANDS

Representante/Representative:

- Carlyle Corbin, Minister of State for External Affairs

Miembros de la delegación/Delegation members

- Frank Mills, University of the Virgin Islands

PUERTO RICO

Representante/Representative:

- Sila María Calderón Serra, Gobernadora
- Ramón Cantero Frau, ex Secretario del Departamento de Desarrollo Económico y Comercio (DDEC)

Miembros de la delegación/Delegation members:

- José Miguel Izquierdo Encarnación, Secretario de Estado para Relaciones Exteriores
- Harry Vega Díaz, Subsecretario de Estado
- Rafael Subero Collazo, Secretario Auxiliar de Relaciones Exteriores
- Efraín Vásquez Vela, Asesor de Relaciones Exteriores
- María Díaz Pagán, Directora de Asuntos Legales
- Linda Colón, Coordinadora, Oficina de Comunidades Especiales
- Luis García Pelatti, Asesor de la Gobernadora, Desarrollo Económico y Finanzas
- William Vázquez, Asesor de la Gobernadora, Asuntos Legales
- Ana Carrión, Asesora de la Gobernadora, Asuntos Federales e Internacionales
- Carlos López Freitas, Asesor de la Gobernadora, Recursos Naturales y Ambientales
- Severo Colberg Toro, Representante del Senado
- José Ortíz Daliot, Senador
- Manuel Fiol, Asesor del Presidente del Senado
- Milton Segarra, Secretario de Desarrollo Económico y Comercio
- Lilly Oronoz, Subsecretaria del Departamento de Desarrollo Económico y Comercio (DDEC)
- Sandra Pomales, Directora de Comunicaciones
- Maruxa Rosselli, Directora, Relaciones Públicas
- Juan Antonio Flores Galarza, Secretario de Hacienda
- Antonio Fernós, Secretario Auxiliar de Estudios Económicos
- Luis E. Rodríguez Rivera, Secretario de Recursos Naturales
- Javier J. Rúa, Asesor Legal
- Angel David Rodríguez, Presidente Junta Nacional de Planificación
- Giovanna Fuentes, Ayudante Especial del Secretario de Recursos Naturales
- Erika Fontánes Torres, Ayudante Especial del Secretario de Recursos Naturales
- Maritza Santana, Ayudante Especial del Secretario de Recursos Naturales
- Yolanda Zayas, Secretaria del Departamento de la Familia
- Marta Elsa Fernández, Subsecretaria del Departamento de la Familia
- Carmen R. Nazario, Administradora, Administración de Familias y Niños
- Jannette Perea, Subadministradora, Administración de Familias y Niños
- Gretchen Coll, Administradora, Administración de Desarrollo Económico de la Familia
- Vanessa Pintado, Subadministradora, Administración de Desarrollo Económico de la Familia
- Aleida Varona, Administradora, Administración para el Sustento de Menores
- Carnen Arraiza, Subadministradora, Administración para el Sustento de Menores
- Gloria de Llovio, Administradora, Administración para el Cuidado y Desarrollo Integral de la Niñez

- Ivette del Valle, Administradora, Administración para el Cuidado y Desarrollo Integral de la Niñez
- Luis River Cubano, Secretario de Agricultura
- Francisco Aponte, Subsecretario de Agricultura
- Carmen Oliver, Secretaria Auxiliar de Servicios Especiales del Departamento de Agricultura
- César Rey Hernández, Secretario de Educación
- Juan J. Babá, Director de Emergencias Ambientales, Junta de Calidad Ambiental
- Francisco Márquez, Ayudante General, Agencia Estatal para el Manejo de Emergencias y Administración de Desastres
- Juan E. Colón García, Oficial Ejecutivo para Asuntos Estatales, Agencia Estatal para el Manejo de Emergencias y Administración de Desastres
- Nazario Lugo Burgos, Subdirector de la Agencia Estatal para el Manejo de Emergencias y Administración de Desastres
- Hiram Ramírez Rangel, Director, Compañía de Fomento Industrial
- Juan Manuel Rodríguez Santos, Análisis Económico y Planificación Estratégica, Compañía de Fomento Industrial
- Gamaliel Pérez Figueroa, Análisis Económico y Planificación Estratégica, Compañía de Fomento Industrial
- Esteban Mujica Reyes, Presidente, Junta de Calidad Ambiental
- Flor del Valle López, Vice-Presidenta, Junta de Calidad Ambiental
- Angel O. Berrios Silvestre, Miembro Asociado, Junta de Calidad Ambiental
- Julio Iván Rodríguez, Miembro Alterno, Junta de Calidad Ambiental
- José Ramos Fuentes, Director, Junta Calidad Ambiental
- José Alicea Pou, Director, Junta Calidad Ambiental
- Virgilio Vega Vega, Director, Junta Calidad Ambiental
- Evelyn Rodríguez, Director, Junta Calidad Ambiental
- Mavelin Méndez, Director, Junta Calidad Ambiental
- Teófilo de Jesús, Director, Junta Calidad Ambiental
- Juan O. Ayala Cruz, Director, Junta Calidad Ambiental
- Yaritza Martínez, Director, Junta Calidad Ambiental
- Melvin Sotomayor, Director, Junta Calidad Ambiental
- Luis Martínez, Director, Junta Calidad Ambiental
- Sandra Badillo, Director, Junta Calidad Ambiental
- Royston De Lannooy, Director, Junta Calidad Ambiental
- Rubén González, Director, Junta Calidad Ambiental
- Cinthia Hernández, Director, Junta Calidad Ambiental
- María Flores de Otero, Presidenta, Instituto de Ingenieros Civiles
- Haraldo Otero, Instituto de Ingenieros Civiles
- Israel Otero Rosario, Presidente, Colegio de Ingenieros y Agrimensores
- José R. Matos Dávila, Presidente, Colegio de Arquitectos y Arquitectos Paisajistas
- Joel Katz, Consejo de la Construcción
- Anselmo De Porto, Sociedad Puertorriqueña de Planificación
- Marta Bravo, Sociedad Puertorriqueña de Planificación
- José M. Auger Marchand, Director, Programa de Planificación Económica y Social
- Herminio Hernández, Director, Subprograma de Análisis Económico del Programa de Planificación Económica y Social
- William Echevarría, Director, Subprograma de Análisis Social, Modelos y Proyecciones
- Luis Gautier, Director, Subprograma de Estadísticas
- Lillian Torres, Directora, Oficina del Censo
- Miguel Soto Lacourt, Director Ejecutivo, Autoridad de Puertos

- María Dolores Fernós, Procuradora, Procuraduría de la Mujer
- Aileen Navas Auger, Subprocuradora, Procuraduría de la Mujer
- Olga López Báez, Procuradora Auxiliar de Asuntos Legales
- Marta Mercado Sierra, Procuradora Auxiliar de Educación
- Antonio García Padilla, Presidente, Universidad de Puerto Rico
- Sara Irizarry, Ayudante del Presidente, Universidad de Puerto Rico
- Luz del Alba Acevedo, Directora, Departamento de Ciencias Políticas, Recinto de Río Piedras, Universidad de Puerto Rico
- Roberto Mori, Director, Departamento de Ciencias Políticas, Recinto de Humacao, Universidad de Puerto Rico
- Dagmar Guardiola, Decana Asociada a Asuntos Académicos, Facultad de Ciencias Sociales, Universidad de Puerto Rico
- Javier Colón, Departamento de Ciencias Políticas, Recinto de Río Piedras, Universidad de Puerto Rico
- Angel Israel Rivera, Departamento de Ciencias Políticas, Recinto de Río Piedras, Universidad de Puerto Rico
- Edgardo Meléndez, Departamento de Ciencias Políticas, Recinto de Río Piedras, Universidad de Puerto Rico
- Antonio Gastambide, Departamento de Ciencias Políticas, Recinto de Humacao, Universidad de Puerto Rico
- Yolanda Acevedo, Profesora de Investigación, Facultad de Derecho, Universidad Interamericana
- Roberto García, Profesor y Vicepresidente del Senado Universitario, Universidad Católica de Ponce
- Antonio Sosa Pascual, Director Ejecutivo, Compañía de Comercio y Exportaciones de Puerto Rico
- Moisés Méndez, Subdirector Ejecutivo, Compañía de Comercio y Exportaciones de Puerto Rico
- José Raúl Perales, Asesor de Comercio Exterior, Compañía de Comercio y Exportaciones de Puerto Rico
- Roberto Pando, Director, Promoción Internacional, Compañía de Comercio y Exportaciones de Puerto Rico
- David Lewis, Vicepresidente, Manchester Trade Ltd., Consultor y Asesor de Comercio Exterior, Compañía de Comercio y Exportaciones de Puerto Rico
- Rossana López León, Directora Ejecutiva, Oficina para los Asuntos de la Vejez
- José A. Collazo, Director, Unidad de Educación, Investigación y Recursos Externos, Oficina para los Asuntos de la Vejez
- Juanita Aponte, Directora, Unidad de Programas y Planificación, Oficina para los Asuntos de la Vejez
- Pedro J. Rivera, Consultor, Instituto de Estudios del Caribe
- Francisco Martínez, Consultor, Unidad de Investigación Económica, Universidad de Puerto Rico
- Juan Lara, Consultor, Departamento de Economía, Universidad de Puerto Rico
- Orlando Sotomayor, Consultor, Departamento de Economía, Universidad de Puerto Rico
- Paul Latortue, Consultor, Departamento de Administración de Empresas, Universidad de Puerto Rico
- Carlos M. Padín, Director, Escuela de Asuntos Ambientales, Universidad Metropolitana (UMET)
- Santos Rohena, Catedrático, Universidad Metropolitana (UMET)
- Juan Rosario, Misión Industrial
- Mariam González, Presidenta, Consejo Asesor Ambiental de la Gobernadora
- Alfredo Vivoni, Consejo Asesor Ambiental de la Gobernadora
- Ariel Lugo, Consejo Asesor Ambiental de la Gobernadora
- Wanda Colón, Consejo Asesor Ambiental de la Gobernadora
- José E. Rivera, Consejo Asesor Ambiental de la Gobernadora
- Marta Quiñones, Consejo Asesor Ambiental de la Gobernadora
- Abel Vale, Consejo Asesor Ambiental de la Gobernadora

- Ana Irma Rivera Lassén, Representante en Puerto Rico, Comisión Latinoamericana de los Derechos de las Mujeres
- Ana Luisa Dávila, Directora, Programa de Demografía de la Escuela de Salud Pública de la Universidad de Puerto Rico (UPR)
- Carmen Rivera Céspedes, Directora Ejecutiva, Asociación Puertorriqueña Pro Bienestar de la Familia
- Hermenegildo Ortiz Quiñones
- Palmira Ríos, Presidenta, Comisión de Derechos Civiles Compañía de Comercio y Exportaciones de Puerto Rico
- Manuel Cidre, Presidente de la Asociación de Industriales
- Héctor Mayol, Presidente de la Cámara de Comercio
- Atilano Cordero Badillo, Presidente de la Asociación Mayoristas de la Industria de Alimentos (MIDA)
- Antonio J. Colorado, Ex Secretario de Estado
- José González, Concilio de Exportación
- Federico González Denton, Concilio de Exportación
- Salvador Vassallo, Concilio de Exportación
- Víctor Rivera Hernández, ex Secretario del Trabajo
- Nelson Rochet, Profesor de Comercio Internacional, Universidad Interamericana
- Luis Avilés, Universidad de Puerto Rico
- Jeannette Graulau, Universidad de Puerto Rico
- Yamira Acevedo, Universidad Interamericana
- Roberto Lorán, Vice-rector, Universidad del Turabo
- Rodrigo Fernós, Instituto de Ciencia y Tecnología
- Alberto Maldonado-Ruiz, Universidad del Este
- Mario Sverdlik, Universidad Interamericana
- Elizabeth Robles, Universidad de Puerto Rico
- Harald Acevedo, Dirección Desarrollo Empresarial
- Israel Arroyo, Ayudante Pres. Junta Planificación
- Mónica Pérez, Asesora de la Gobernadora en Familia y Salud
- Fernando Quiles-Franco, Universidad Interamericana
- Jorge Irizarry, Pontificia Universidad Católica
- Miguel Ferrer, Presidente, UBS Financial Services
- Deepak Lamba Nieves, Centro para la Nueva Economía
- José García, Banco de Fomento
- Sergio Marxuach, Centro para la Nueva Economía
- Agustín Márques, Vicepresidente Ejecutivo, Asociación de Industrias Farmacéuticas de Puerto Rico
- Vilma González Castro, Coordinadora Planificación y Desarrollo
- María Muñoz Berríos, Decana, Universidad Este
- Leonardo Cordero, Presidente, Cámara de Comercio
- Cirilo Cruz, Cámara de Comercio
- Edgardo Bigas, Cámara de Comercio
- Manuel Sánchez-Biscombe, Autoridad Distrito Convenciones
- José Eduardo Rey Otero, Especialista en Relaciones Exteriores
- Evelisse Colón Carrera, Junta de Calidad Ambiental
- Ana Rivera, Servicios Científicos y Técnicos
- Inés Rodríguez, Servicios Científicos y Técnicos
- Arelias Arroyo, Oficina de Comunidades Especiales
- Ronald Sutliff, Junta de Calidad Ambiental
- Amparo Chávez, Patrimonio Natural, Departamento de Recursos Naturales
- Eduardo Báez, CVD

- Martha Bravo, Sociedad Puertorriqueña de Planificación
- Marta Burguera, B&B Manufacturing
- Orlando Burguera, B&B Manufacturing
- Reynaldo Encarnación, Asociación de Industriales
- Simón González, Euro Caribe Packing Company
- Gerardo Jeannot, Laboratorio Investigaciones Ambientales
- María Teresa Rodríguez, Banco Gubernamental Fomento
- Enid Toro, Centro Unido
- Margarita Mergal, Organización Puertorriqueña de la Mujer Trabajadora

**C. Estados miembros de las Naciones Unidas que no lo son de la Comisión
y participan con carácter consultivo
Member States of the United Nations not members of the Commission and participating
in a consultative capacity
États membres des Nations Unies qui ne sont pas membres de la Commission et y participant
à titre consultatif**

ALEMANIA/GERMANY

Representante/Representative:

- Johannes Lehne, Counselor, German Embassy in Washington, D.C.

GRECIA/GREECE

Representante/Representative:

- Christos Tsigopoulos, Embassy Secretary, Ministry for Foreign Affairs

JAPÓN/JAPAN

Representante/Representative:

- Yasushi Noguchi, Primer Secretario, Embajada de Japón en Estados Unidos de América

ORDEN SOBERANA MILITAR DE MALTA/SOVEREIGN MILITARY ORDER OF MALTA

Representante/Representative:

- Ricardo Angulo y Castro-Chanes

Miembros de la delegación/Delegation members:

- Emilio González Mazorra

REPÚBLICA POPULAR CHINA/PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA

Representante/Representative:

- Zhao Wuyi, Consejero de la Dirección General de América Latina y el Caribe, Ministerio de Relaciones Exteriores

RUMANIA/ROMANIA

Representante/Representative:

- Ion Vilcu, Embajador Extraordinario y Plenipotenciario de Rumania en Chile

SUECIA/SWEDEN

Representante/Representative:

- Mikael Ståhl, Desk Officer, Dirección de Desarrollo Global, Ministerio de Relaciones Exteriores

**D. Estados que no son miembros de las Naciones Unidas y que participan con carácter consultivo
States not members of the United Nations and participating in a consultative capacity
États non membres des Nations Unies et participant à titre consultatif**

SANTA SEDE/HOLY SEE

Representante/Representative:

- Monseñor Timothy Broglio, Nuncio Apostólico en República Dominicana

Miembros de la delegación/Delegation members:

- Pedro Silverio
- Alberto Castro Toro
- Aníbal Colón-Rosado

**E. Países invitados que no son miembros de las Naciones Unidas y que participan
con carácter consultivo
Countries invited not members of the United Nations and participating
in a consultative capacity
Pays inviteés non membres des Nations Unies et participant à titre consultatif**

ISLAS CAIMÁN/CAYMAN ISLANDS

Representante/Representative:

- Mary Rodrigues, Deputy Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education

**F. Secretaría de la Organización de las Naciones Unidas
United Nations Secretariat
Secrétariat de l'Organisation des Nations Unies**

**Oficina de las Comisiones Regionales en Nueva York/Regional Commissions New York
Office/Bureau des Commissions régionales à New York**

- Sulafa Al-Bassam, Jefa/Chief

Departamento de Asuntos Económicos y Sociales (DESA)/Department of Economic and Social Affairs (DESA)/Département des affaires économiques et sociales

- José Antonio Ocampo, Secretario General Adjunto de Asuntos Económicos y Sociales/Under-Secretary-General for Economic and Social Affairs
- JoAnne DiSano, Directora/Director, División de Desarrollo Sostenible, DESA/Division for Sustainable Development, DESA

**G. Organismos de las Naciones Unidas
United Nations bodies
Organisations rattachées à l'Organisation des Nations Unies**

Oficina del Alto Comisionado de las Naciones Unidas para los Derechos Humanos (ACNUDH)/Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR)/Haut Commissariat des Nations Unies aux droits de l'homme (HCDH)

- Roberto Garretón, Representante Regional para América Latina y el Caribe/Regional Representative for the Latin American and the Caribbean

Conferencia de las Naciones Unidas sobre el Comercio y el Desarrollo (UNCTAD)/United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD)/Conférence des Nations Unies sur le commerce et le développement (CNUCED)

- Rubens Ricupero, Secretario General/Secretary-General

Fondo de las Naciones Unidas para la Infancia (UNICEF)/United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)/Fonds des Nations Unies pour l'Enfance (FISE)

- Alfredo Missair, Director Regional Adjunto para América Latina y el Caribe/Deputy Regional Director for Latin America and the Caribbean
- Susana Sottoli, Asesora Regional de Políticas Públicas/Regional Adviser on Public Policies
- Garren Lumpkin, Asesor Regional de Educación/Regional Adviser on Education

Fondo de Población de las Naciones Unidas/United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA)/Fond des Nations Unies pour la Population

- Thoraya Ahmed Obaid, Directora Ejecutiva/Executive Director
- Marisela Padrón, Directora/Director, División de América Latina y el Caribe/Latin America and the Caribbean Division (UNFPA/LACD)
- Rogelio Fernández-Castilla, Director, Equipo de Servicios Técnicos a los Países/Country Technical Services Team (UNFPA/CST), México
- José Ferraris, Director Adjunto/Deputy Director, División de América Latina y el Caribe/Latin America and the Caribbean Division (UNFPA/LACD)
- Esteban Caballero, Asesor Principal de Programa/Senior Programme Adviser, División de América Latina y el Caribe/Latin American and the Caribbean Division (UNFPA/LACD)
- Mercedes Borrero, Especialista de Programa/Programme Specialist, División de América Latina y el Caribe/Latin America and the Caribbean Division (UNFPA/LACD)
- Jaime Nadal, Especialista de Programas/Programme Specialist, División de América Latina y el Caribe/Latin America and the Caribbean Division (UNFPA/LACD)
- Luisa Kislinger, Consultora/Consultant, División de América Latina y el Caribe/Latin America and the Caribbean Division (UNFPA/LACD)

- Evelyn Guzmán, Secretario/Secretary, División de América Latina y el Caribe/Latin America and the Caribbean Division (UNFPA/LACD)
- Richard Snyder, Jefe/Chief, Executive Board Branch, División de Información y Asuntos Públicos/International and External Relations Division (IERD)
- Abubakar Dungus, Oficial Superior de Informaciones/Senior Information Officer, División de Información y Asuntos Públicos/International and External Relations Division (IERD)
- Linda Demers, Coordinadora/Coordinator ICP at 10, División de Apoyo Técnico/UNFPA Technical Support Division (TSD)
- Laura Laski, Asesor Técnico Principal/Senior Technical Adviser, División de Apoyo Técnico/Technical Support Division (TSD)
- Raquel Child, Asesora Regional en VIH/SIDA/Regional Adviser on HIV/AIDS, División de Apoyo Técnico de UNFPA en México/UNFPA Technical Support Division (TSD), Mexico
- Luis Mora, Asesor Regional/Regional Adviser on Gender, División de Apoyo Técnico/UNFPA Technical Support Division (TSD), México
- Margareth Arilha, Asesor Regional/Regional Adviser on RH Policies, División de Apoyo Técnico/UNFPA Technical Support Division (TSD), México
- Ralph Hakkert, Asesor Regional, División de Apoyo Técnico/Regional Adviser on Population and Development Strategies (PDS), UNFPA Technical Support Division (TSD), México
- Mirka Negroni, Consultora/Consultant, Equipo de Servicios Técnicos a los Países/Country Technical Services Team (CST)
- Hetty Sarjeant, Representante para Jamaica/Representative for Jamaica
- Caspar Peek, Deputy Representative for Jamaica
- Ivonne White-Roberts, UNFPA National Information Officer, Jamaica
- Hernando Clavijo, Representante para Haití/UNFPA Representative for Haiti
- Gilka Meléndez, UNFPA Assistant Representative, Dominican Republic
- Iris Lujambio, UNFPA National Programme Associate, México
- Hendrik Van der Pol, Representante para Guatemala/Representative for Guatemala
- Raúl Rosenberg, Oficial de Programas Nacionales/UNFPA National Programme Officer, Guatemala
- Sietske Steneker, Representante del UNFPA para Honduras/UNFPA Representative for Honduras
- Alanna Armitage, Deputy Representative, Honduras
- Noemí Espinoza Madrid, Oficial de Programas Nacionales/National Programme Officer, Honduras
- Tomás Jiménez Araya, Representante para Nicaragua/Representative for Nicaragua
- Eduardo Mangas, UNFPA Advocacy Officer, Nicaragua
- Sonia Heckadon, Representante Auxiliar, Panamá/UNFPA Assistant Representative, Panama
- Mona Kaidbey, Representante para Colombia/Representative, Colombia
- Lucy Wartenberg, Representante Auxiliar/Assistant Representative, Colombia
- Moni Pizani, Representante Auxiliar/Assistant Representative, Venezuela
- Alba Aguirre, Representante para Ecuador/UNFPA Representative for Ecuador
- Jairo Palacio, Representante para Perú/UNFPA Representative for Perú
- Pedro Pablo Villanueva, Representante para Bolivia/UNFPA Representative for Bolivia
- Iván Prudencio Pol, Oficial de Programas Nacionales/UNFPA National Programme Officer, Bolivia
- María del Carmen Feijoo, Oficial de enlace/UNFPA Liaison Officer, Argentina
- Tania Patiota, Representante Auxiliar para Brasil/UNFPA Assistant Representative, Brazil
- Manuelita Escobar, Representante Auxiliar/UNFPA Assistant Representative, Paraguay
- Patricia Salgado, Representante Auxiliar/UNFPA Assistant Representative, Costa Rica
- Valeria Ambrosio, UNFPA Focal Point, Chile
- Stirling Scruggs, Asesor/Advisor
- Arturo Montenegro, Consultor/Consultant

- Lilia Rodríguez, Representante Auxiliar/UNFPA Assistant Representative, Ecuador
- Viviana Maldonado, Representante Coordinadora Política Juvenil

Programa Mundial de Alimentos (PMA)/World Food Programme (WFP)/Programme alimentaire mondial (PAM)

- Deborah Hines, Asesora Regional Principal de Programas/Regional Senior Programme Advisor

Fondo de Desarrollo de las Naciones Unidas para la Mujer (UNIFEM)/United Nations Development Fund for Women (UNIFEM)/Fonds de développement des Nations Unies pour la femme (UNIFEM)

- Marijke Velzeboer-Salcedo, Jefa/Chief, Sección América Latina y el Caribe/Latin America and Caribbean Section
- Rosa Celorio, Especialista de Programa, Sección América Latina y el Caribe/Programme Specialist, Latin America and Caribbean Section

**H. Organismos especializados
Specialized agencies
Institutions spécialisées**

Organización Internacional del Trabajo (OIT)/International Labour Organization (ILO)/Organisation internationale du travail (OIT)

- Jean Maninat, Oficina del Director General/Office of the Director-General
- Daniel Martínez, Director Regional Adjunto para América Latina y el Caribe/Regional Deputy Director for Latin America and the Caribbean
- Virgilio Levaggi, Especialista Regional en Integración Socioeconómica y Trabajo Decente, Oficina Regional para América Latina y el Caribe/Regional Office for Latin America and the Caribbean

Organización de las Naciones Unidas para la Agricultura y la Alimentación (FAO)/Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO)/Organisation des Nations Unies pour l'alimentation et l'agriculture (FAO)

- Winston R. Rudder, Representante Subregional para el Caribe/Sub-Regional Representative for the Caribbean

Organización de las Naciones Unidas para la Educación, la Ciencia y la Cultura (UNESCO)/United Nations Education, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO)/Organisation des Nations Unies pour l'éducation, la science et la culture (UNESCO)

- Ana Luiza Machado Pinheiro, Directora, Oficina Regional de Educación para América Latina y el Caribe (OREALC)/Director, Regional Education Office for Latin America and the Caribbean
- Hélène-Marie Gosselin, Director, UNESCO-Jamaica
- Ana María Corvalán, Consultora/Consultant
- Marcelo Avilés, Editor de Publicaciones y Comunicaciones

Organización Mundial de la Propiedad Intelectual (OMPI)/World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO)/Organisation mondiale de la propriété intellectuelle (OMPI)

- Alejandro Roca Campaña, Director, Oficina de Desarrollo Económico para América Latina y el Caribe/Economic Development Bureau for Latin America and the Caribbean

**Organización Mundial de Meteorología (OMM)/World Meteorological Organization (WMO)/
Organisation météorologique mondiale (OMM)**

- Oscar Arango, Representante/Representative, Oficina Subregional para las Américas y el Caribe/Subregional Office for North and Central America and the Caribbean

**I. Otras organizaciones intergubernamentales
Other intergovernmental organizations
Autres organisations intergouvernementales**

Asociación Latinoamericana de Instituciones financieras para el Desarrollo (ALIDE)/Latin American Association of Development Financing Institutions (ALIDE)/Association latino-américaine d'institutions pour le financement du développement (ALIDE)

- Rommel Acevedo, Secretario General/Secretary-General

Banco Centroamericano de Integración Económica (BCIE)/Central American Bank for Economic Integration (CABEI)/Banque centraméricaine d'intégration économique (BCIE)

- Harry E. Brautigam, Presidente/President
- Claudia Rodríguez, Directora/Director, Colombia
- Víctor Fabiano, Director, Argentina

Banco Interamericano de Desarrollo (BID)/Inter-American Development Bank (IDB)/Banque Interaméricaine de Développement (BID)

- Enrique V. Iglesias, Presidente/President
- Janine Ferreti, Directora, División de Medio Ambiente/Director, Environment Division

Comisión Europea/European Commission/Commission Européenne

- Romain Zivy, Encargado de Asuntos Económicos y Comerciales

Consejo Monetario Centroamericano (CMC)/Central American Monetary Council (CAMC)/Conseil monétaire centraméricain

- Miguel A. Chorro, Secretario Ejecutivo/Executive Secretary

Convenio Andrés Bello/Andrés Bello Agreement

- Omar Muñoz, Secretario Adjunto

Corporación Andina de Fomento (CAF)/Andean Development Corporation (ADC)/Société andine de développement (SAD)

- Claudia Martínez, Vicepresidente de Desarrollo Agrícola y Ambiental
- Miguel Castilla, Director de Estudios Económicos
- Fidel Jaramillo, Vicepresidente de Estrategias de Desarrollo

Instituto Interamericano de Cooperación para la Agricultura (IICA)/Inter-American Institute for Co-operation on Agriculture (IICA)/Institut interaméricain de coopération pour l'agriculture (IICA)

- Rafael A. Trejos, Especialista en Modernización Institucional

J. Organizaciones no gubernamentales reconocidas como entidades consultivas por el Consejo Económico y Social
Non-governmental organizations recognized by the Economic and Social Council as having consultative status
Organisations non gouvernementales auxquelles le Conseil économique et social reconnaît le statut consultatif

Alternativas de Desarrollo para la Mujer en la Nueva Era/Development Alternatives with Women for a New Era (DAWN)

- Aziza Ahmed, Barbados
- Glennis Hyacinth, Trinidad y Tabago

Association of United Families International (UFI)

- Guadalupe Arellano
- Luis Matos
- Douglas Clark
- Sandra Herrera López

Asociación del Caribe para la Investigación y Acción Feministas (CAFRA)/Caribbean Association for Feminist Research and Action (CAFRA)/Association antillaise pour la recherche et l'action féministes (CAFRA)

- Margaret Gill, Barbados
- Sonia Cuales, Trinidad y Tabago
- Jeanne D. Henríquez, Antillas Neerlandesas
- Casandra Martha
- Sarah Malavé-Lebrón, Puerto Rico

Católicas por el Derecho a Decidir (CDD)/Catholics for a Free Choice (CFFC)

- Adriana Stella, Argentina
- Silvia Julia, Argentina
- Coca Trillini, Argentina
- María José Rosado Nunes, Brasil
- Dulcelina Javier, Brasil
- Verónica Díaz Ramos, Chile
- Sandra Mazo, Colombia
- Silvia Trasloheros, México
- María de la Luz Estrada Mendoza, México
- Serra Sippel, Estados Unidos
- Teresa Lanza, Bolivia
- Andrea Ramírez
- Claudia Arroyo
- María de la Luz Estrada

Centro de derechos reproductivos/Centre for Reproductive Rights (CRR)/Centre pour les droits reproductifs

- Kathy Bonk, Representative, Estados Unidos
- Joanne Omang, Representative, Estados Unidos
- Luisa Cabal, Representative, Estados Unidos

Centro de la Mujer Peruana “Flora Tristán”

- Cecilia Olea Mauleón, Perú

Centro Paraguayo Estudio de Población (CEPEP)

- Víctor Raúl Romero

Coalición Internacional sobre la Salud de la Mujer/International Women’s Health Coalition (IWHC)/ Coalition internationale pour la santé de la femme

- Françoise Girard, Representative, United States of America
- Melisa Dickie, Representative, United States of America
- Angeles Cabria, Representative, United States of America
- Frescia Carrasco, Representante, Perú
- Marcela Rueda, Colombia,
- Tania Rodríguez, Panamá,
- Nicole Bidegain Ponte, Uruguay

Comisión Andina de Juristas/Andean Commission of Jurists/Commission andine de juristes

- Silvia Loli Espinoza

Comité de América Latina y el Caribe para la Defensa de los Derechos de la Mujer (CLADEM)/ Latin American and Caribbean Committee for the Defence of Women's Rights/Comité de l’Amérique latine et des Caraïbes pour la défense des droits de la femme

- Dinorah La Luz, Puerto Rico
- Julieta Montaña, Bolivia
- Dessy Bones, Puerto Rico
- Marta María Blandón, Nicaragua (IPAS Centroamérica)

Comunidad Internacional Bahá’í/ Bahá’í International Community/Communauté internationale Bahá’íe

- Phillip Roe, Representante ante Naciones Unidas para América Latina y el Caribe
- Nereida Iris Feliciano, Secretaría Asuntos Externos para Puerto Rico

Concerned Women for America

- Wendy Wright
- Auxiliadora Guerrero
- Lorena Marquez
- Betty Lou Martin

Corporación Casa de la Mujer

- Olga Amparo Sánchez Gómez, Colombia

David M. Kennedy Center for International Studies

- Joy Lundberg
- Gary Lundberg

Federación Internacional de Planificación de la Familia/International Planned Parenthood Federation, Western Hemisphere Region, Inc. (IPPF/WHR)/Fédération internationale pour le planning familial

- Carmen Barroso, Regional Director
- Lucella Campbell
- Marta Trabanino
- Reynold M. Eustace
- María Consuelo Mejía
- Lorenzo Martínez
- Gilbert Kulick

Fundación Hernandiana

- Juan Horacio Sefercheoglou, Argentina, Presidente
- Claudia Favalli

Grupo Parlamentario Interamericano sobre Población y Desarrollo (GPI)/Inter-American Parliamentary Group on Population and Development (IAGP)

- Carla Rivera-Avni
- Daniel E. Parnetti, Representante
- Neil Datta
- Víctor Velarde Arrunategui
- Joseph Crowley
- Carolyn B. Maloney
- Christopher S. McCannell
- Martha Cajas de Velarde
- Kasey Crowley
- Virginia Maloney
- Ann Mette Kjaerby, U.K. (All Party Parliamentary Group on Population, Development and Health Rights)
- Euan Wilmshurst
- Christine McCafferty MP, U.K. (All Party Parliamentary Group on Population, Development and Health Rights)

International Lesbians and Gays Association (ILGA)

- Gloria Angélica Careaga Pérez, México

IPAS - México

- Mina Piekarewicz Sigal
- Martha María Juárez Pérez
- María Eugenia Chávez

Life Ethics Education Association (LEEA)

- Iván de Jesús
- Gustavo Lorenzo Salazar
- Lourdes A. Torres
- Jesús Rivera
- Luis Molina

Marie Stopes International

- María de la Cruz Silva Cajina, Representante, Nicaragua
- Sally Hughes, Oficial de Programas-Latinoamérica

National Right to Life Educational Trust

- Jeanne Head, Vice President for International Affairs
- Daniel Zeidler
- Raymundo Rojas
- David Tennesen

National Wildlife Federation

- Caron Whitaker

Planned Parenthood Federation of America, Inc. (PPFA)

- Kirsten Sherk
- Allie Stickney
- Alia Khan
- Betsy Illingworth
- Frederick Cox

Population Action International (PAI)

- Terri Bartlett
- Mercedes Mas de Xaxas
- Zonibel Woods
- Julia Slatcher

Red de Educación Popular entre Mujeres (REPEM)

- Alejandra Domínguez, Argentina
- Araceli Leprón, México

Red de Fondos Ambientales de Latinoamérica y el Caribe (REDLAC)/Latin America and the Caribbean Network of Environmental Funds (REDLAC)

- Gemma Eliuth Castro Torres, Nicaragua
- Jerónimo Israel Herrera Mesa, Nicaragua
- Mariana Arantes Nasser, Brasil
- Ligia Odaly Rivas, El Salvador,
- Fernando Carcache, Nicaragua

Red Nacional de Mujeres

- Beatriz Quintero
- Luz Helena Sánchez Gómez

Red de Salud de las Mujeres Latinoamericanas y del Caribe (RSMLAC)

- Rosa Cifrián Izquierdo, Puerto Rico
- Margarita Sánchez de León, Puerto Rico
- Esperanza Cerón Villaquirán, Chile
- María de Fátima Oliveira Ferreira, Brasil
- Mary Rivera Montalvo, Puerto Rico
- Sarah Malave-Lebrón, Puerto Rico

- Jeanne Henríquez, Curaçao
- Casandra Martha, Curaçao
- Nirvana González Rosa, Puerto Rico
- Nancy Palomino, Perú
- Ana María Pizarro Jiménez, Nicaragua
- Ximena Machicao Barbery, Bolivia
- Emma María Reyes Rosas, México
- Ruth Cecilia Polanco García, El Salvador
- Adriana Gómez Muñoz, Chile
- Isabel Laboy Lloréns, Puerto Rico
- Olga Orraca Paredes, Puerto Rico
- Liza Gallardo, Puerto Rico
- Aída Cruz Alicea, Puerto Rico
- Mérida María López Nodarse, Cuba
- Celia Sarduy Sánchez, Cuba
- Elizabeth Crespo, Puerto Rico
- Yolanda Cedeño, República Dominicana
- Myriam Merlet, Haití
- Maria de Jesús Tenorio, Nicaragua (SI MUJER)
- Roseline Cruz
- Altagracia Carvajal Díaz, República Dominicana (Colectiva Mujer y Salud)
- Mirla Hernández Núñez, República Dominicana (Colectiva Mujer y Salud)
- Wendy Alba Mendoza, República Dominicana (Colectiva Mujer y Salud)
- Rebeca Guízar Ruíz
- Ester Shapiro

Red Siempre

- Aida Cruz
- Elizabeth Crespo

World Population Foundation (WPF)

- Judith Zaire van Arkel

World Wide Organization for Women

- Andrea Bauzá de Sainz
- Aida Milagros Iguina
- María Elena Cantina
- Jasmina de Flores

Youth Coalition

- María Antonieta Alcalde, México
- Shannon Kowalski-Morton
- Gabriela Cano Azcárraga, México
- Claudia Ahumada, Chile
- Claudia Arroyo, Bolivia
- Leandro Santos, Brasil
- Luis Augusto Rivera Pulido, Colombia
- Adriana Maroto Vargas, Costa Rica
- Ligia Odaly Rivas, El Salvador

- Luz McNaughton, Estados Unidos
- E. Paúl Flores Arroyo, Perú
- Nalia Aliled Rodríguez, Venezuela
- Sahienschadebie Ramdas, Suriname
- Melissa Josane Gabriel, Trinidad y Tabago
- Anneta Pinto, Jamaica
- Tifarra Watler, Belize
- Sherlock Rose, Guyana
- Gleeson Job
- María Alejandra de Ramírez

K. Otras organizaciones no gubernamentales
Other non-governmental organizations
Autres organisations non gouvernementales

Asociación Ciudadana por los Derechos Humanos

- María José Lubertin

Centro de Estudios de Estado y Sociedad (CEDES)

- Silvina Ramos, Directora, Argentina

Centro Las Libres de Información en Salud Sexual Región Centro A.C.

- Verónica Cruz, México

Centro de Culturas Indígenas del Perú (CHIRAPAQ)

- Tarcila Rivera Zea, Perú

Colectivo Feminista de Mujeres Universitarias

- Cristina Alvarado, Coordinadora, Área de Salud, Honduras
- Merly Eguigure, Coordinación, Honduras
- Valeska Ferreira, Gestión, Honduras

Comisión Investigación contra el Maltrato de Género

- Claudia Martínez

Confederación Unida del Pueblo Taíno/United Confederation of Taíno People (UCTP)

- Naniki Reyes

Consortio Nacional de Derechos Reproductivos y Sexuales (CONDERS)

- Martha Rosenberg, Argentina

Coordinadora por el Desarrollo Integral de las Mujeres (CODIM)

- Jessica Dávalos

Feministas en Acción - RED

- Susana Haydee Arguello
- Noemí Aumedes

Fundación Pájara Pinta

- Jhanina Campoverde

Las Melidas

- Enilda Flores

Mujer y Salud en Uruguay (MYSU)

- Alejandra López

Organización de Mujeres para el Medio Ambiente y el Desarrollo/Women's Environment and Development Organization (WEDO)/Organisation des femmes pour l'environnement et le développement

- Rosalind Petchesky, Vice-Chair of the Board of Directors

Proyectos Laubach de Alfabetización en México A.C.

- Martha Patricia Aguilar Medina

Real Women of Canada

- María Eugenia Cárdenas

Rede Saúde

- Neusa Cardoso de Melo, Brasil
- Ana María Silva Soares, Brasil
- Gilberta Santos Soares, Brasil
- Wilsa Villela, Brasil
- María de Fatima Oliverira Ferreira

RUTA PACÍFICA

- Diana María Montealegre

TIERRA VIVA

- Vivianne Dardón

Universidad de las Regiones Autónomas de la Costa Caribe/University of the Autonomous Regions of the Caribbean Coast (URACCAN)

- Mirna Cunningham, Nicaragua

**L. Panelistas
Panelists**

Seminario de Alto Nivel Desarrollo Productivo en Economías Abiertas

- César Belloso, Vicepresidente, Asociación Argentina de Productores de Siembra Directa, Argentina
- Harry Brautigam, Presidente del Banco Centroamericano de Integración Económica (BCEI)
- Alfonso Casanova Montero, Viceministro Primero de Economía y Planificación, Cuba
- Marcelo Carvallo, Subsecretario, Ministerio de Planificación y Cooperación (MIDEPLAN), Chile
- Marcio Cuevas Quezada, Ministro de Economía, Guatemala

- Blanca Imelda de Magaña, Viceministra de Comercio e Industria, Ministerio de Economía, El Salvador
- María de Lourdes Dieck, Subsecretaria de Relaciones Económicas y de Cooperación Internacional, Secretaría de Relaciones Exteriores, México
- Gelson Fonseca, Embajador de Brasil en Santiago de Chile
- Marco Aurelio García, Asesor Especial de Relaciones Exteriores, Brasil
- Sonia Guzmán de Hernández, Secretaria de Industria y Comercio, República Dominicana
- Enrique V. Iglesias, Presidente, Banco Interamericano de Desarrollo (BID)
- José Miguel Izquierdo Encarnación, Secretario de Estado para Relaciones Exteriores, Puerto Rico
- Sebastián Katz, Subsecretario de Programación Económica, Ministerio de Economía y Producción, Argentina
- Daniel Martínez, Director Regional Adjunto, Organización Internacional del Trabajo (OIT)
- Orlando Jorge Mera, Presidente, Instituto Dominicano de las Telecomunicaciones (INDOTEL), República Dominicana
- Christian Nicolai Orellana, Subsecretario de Telecomunicaciones, Ministerio de Transportes y Telecomunicaciones, Chile
- José Antonio Ocampo, Secretario General Adjunto de Asuntos Económicos y Sociales/Under-Secretary-General for Economic and Social Affairs
- Alvaro Porta, Director General de Comercio Exterior, Ministerio de Fomento, Industria y Comercio, Nicaragua
- Melvin Redondo, Jefe Negociador del Tratado de Libre Comercio entre Centroamérica y los Estados Unidos, Secretaría de Industria y Comercio, Honduras
- Rubens Ricupero, Director General, Conferencia de las Naciones Unidas sobre Comercio y Desarrollo (UNCTAD)
- Alejandro Roca Campañá, Director, Economic Development Bureau for Latin America and the Caribbean, Organización Mundial de la Propiedad Intelectual (OMPI/WIPO)
- Olvaldo Rosales, Director General de Relaciones Económicas Internacionales, Ministerio de Relaciones Exteriores de Chile
- Miguel Szekely, Subsecretario, Secretaría de Desarrollo Social, México
- Alberto Trejos, Ministro de Comercio Exterior, Costa Rica

Sesión de Desarrollo Sostenible

- John William Ashe, Ambassador, Deputy Permanent Representative, Permanent Mission of Antigua and Barbuda to the United Nations
- Homero Bibiloni, Subsecretario de Recursos Naturales, Ministerio de Salud, Argentina
- Luiz Augusto Cassanha Galvão, Gerente de Área, Desarrollo Sostenible y Salud Ambiental
- Joanne DiSano, Directora de la División de Desarrollo Sostenible del Departamento de Asuntos Económicos y Sociales de las Naciones Unidas
- Guido Gelli, Director, Geociencias, Instituto Brasileño de Geografía y Estadística (IBGE)
- Francisco Giner de los Ríos, Subsecretario de Gestión para la Protección Ambiental, Secretaría de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales, México
- Olga Luciano, Directora, Oficina Sectorial de Planificación y Programación, Secretaría de Estado de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales, República Dominicana
- Esteban Mujica Reyes, Presidente, Junta de Calidad Ambiental de Puerto Rico
- Paulina Saball Astaburuaga, Directora Ejecutiva, Comisión Nacional del Medio Ambiente, Chile
- Bruno Stagno Ugarte, Embajador, Representante Permanente de Costa Rica ante Naciones Unidas
- Gabriel Vega Yuil, Secretario General, Autoridad Nacional del Ambiente, Panamá
- Everton Vieira Vargas, Director, División de Medio Ambiente, Control Ambiental, de Tecnologías, Ministerio de Medio Ambiente, Brasil

Seminario Financiamiento y Gestión de la Educación en América Latina y el Caribe

- Alfonso Casanova Montero, Viceministro Primero, Ministerio de Economía y Planificación
- Maxine Henry-Wilson, Ministra de Educación, Juventud y Cultura, Jamaica
- Ana Luiza Machado, Directora, Oficina Regional de Educación para América Latina y el Caribe, UNESCO
- César Rey Hernández, Secretario de Educación, Puerto Rico
- Javier Sota Nadal, Ministro de Educación, Perú

**M. Invitados especiales
Special Guests**

- Stephen Gibbons, Head of Aid, Canadian International Development Agency (CIDA), Canada
- Christian von Haldenwang, Asesor Principal, German Agency for Technical Cooperation (GTZ)
- Carlos Filgueira, Sociólogo, Uruguay
- Carmen Miró, ex Directora de CELADE, Panamá
- Daniel Hernández, Coordinador de Asesores, Secretaría de Desarrollo Social, México
- Abelardo Martín Miranda, Coordinador Comunicación Social
- Oscar Altimir, Director Revista de la CEPAL

**N. Otros invitados
Other Guests
Autres invités**

Centro de Cooperación Regional para la Educación de Adultos en América Latina y el Caribe

- Raúl Valdés Cotera, Coordinación de Planeación y Desarrollo Institucional

Fundación Ford/Ford Foundation

- Mario Bronfman, Representante para México y Centroamérica

**Ñ. Secretaría
Secretariat
Secrétariat**

Comisión Económica para América Latina y el Caribe (CEPAL)/Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC)/Commission économique pour l'Amérique latine et les Caraïbes (CEPALC)

- José Luis Machinea, Secretario Ejecutivo/Executive Secretary
- Alicia Bárcena, Secretaria Ejecutiva Adjunta/Deputy Executive Secretary
- Daniel S. Blanchard, Secretario de la Comisión/Secretary of the Commission
- Miriam Krawczyk, Directora/Director, División de Planificación de Programas y Operaciones/Programme Planning and Operations Division
- Katya Hanuch, Directora/Director, División de Administración/Division of Administration

- Ricardo Carciofi, Coordinador/Coordinator, División de Desarrollo Económico/Economic Development Commission
- Martín Hopenhayn, Oficial a Cargo/Officer in charge, División de Desarrollo Social/Social Development Commission
- Mikio Kuwayama, Oficial a Cargo/Officer in charge, División de Comercio Internacional e Integración/Division of International Trade and Integration
- Joao Carlos Ferraz, Director, División de Desarrollo Productivo y Empresarial/Division of Production, Productivity and Management
- Hubert Escaith, Director, División de Estadística y Proyecciones Económicas/Statistics and Economic Projections Division
- Fernando Sánchez Albavera, Director, División de Recursos Naturales e Infraestructura/Natural Resources and Infrastructure Division
- José Luis Samaniego, Director, División de Desarrollo Sostenible y Asentamientos Humanos/Sustainable Development and Human Settlements Division
- Laura López, Directora/Director, División de Documentos y Publicaciones/Documents and Publications Division
- Miguel Villa, Oficial a Cargo/Officer in Charge, División de Población-CELADE/CELADE Population Division of ECLAC
- Juan Martín, Asesor Especial de la Secretaría Ejecutiva, ILPES
- Andras Uthoff, Coordinador/Coordinator, Unidad de Estudios Especiales/Special Studies Unit
- Dirk Jaspers, Jefe/Chief, Área de Información y Capacitación sobre Población, CELADE-División de Población/Population Information and Training Area, Population Division
- Gilberto Gallopin, Asesor Regional/Regional Adviser, División de Desarrollo Sostenible y Asentamientos Humanos/Sustainable Development and Human Settlements Division
- José Javier Gómez, División de Desarrollo Sostenible y Asentamientos Humanos/Sustainable Development and Human Settlements Division
- Roberto Guimaraes, División de Desarrollo Sostenible y Asentamientos Humanos/Sustainable Development and Human Settlements Division
- Sonia Montaña, Jefa/Chief, Unidad Mujer y Desarrollo/Women and Development Unit
- María Elisa Bernal, Asistente Especial de la Secretaría de la Comisión
- Víctor Fernández, Jefe/Chief, Unidad de Servicios de Información/Information Services Unit
- Raúl García-Buchaca, Unidad de Planificación y Evaluación de Programas, División de Planificación de Programas y Operaciones
- Juan Rojo, Asesor/Adviser, División de Planificación de Programas y Operaciones/Programme Planning and Operations Division
- Paul Dekock, Jefe/Chief, Unidad de Gerencia y Capacitación/Management and Training Unit, Instituto Latinoamericano y del Caribe de Planificación Económica y Social (ILPES)/Latin American and Caribbean Institute for Economic and Social Planning (ILPES)
- Ricardo Martner, Instituto Latinoamericano y del Caribe de Planificación Económica y Social (ILPES)/Latin American and Caribbean Institute for Economic and Social Planning (ILPES)
- Edgar Ortegón, Instituto Latinoamericano y del Caribe de Planificación Económica y Social (ILPES)/Latin American and Caribbean Institute for Economic and Social Planning (ILPES)
- Jorge Bravo, Asesor/Adviser, División de Planificación de Programas y Operaciones/Programme Planning and Operations Division
- Guillermo Acuña, División de Desarrollo Sostenible y Asentamientos Humanos/Sustainable Development and Human Settlements Division
- Luis Fidel Yáñez, Asesor Legal/Legal Counsel
- Gerardo Mendoza, Oficial de Programas/Programmes Officer

- José Miguel Guzmán, Oficial a cargo/Officer in charge, Área de Población y Desarrollo/Population and Development Area, CELADE-División de Población/CELADE Population Division
- Jorge Martínez, CELADE-División de Población/Population Division
- Jorge Rodríguez, CELADE-División de Población/Population Division

Sede Subregional de la CEPAL para el Caribe/ECLAC Subregional Headquarters for the Caribbean/Bureau sous-régional de la CEPALC pour les Caraïbes

- Rudolf Buitelaar, Oficial a Cargo/Officer in Charge
- Arthur Gray, Asesor/Adviser, División de Planificación de Programas y Operaciones/Programme Planning and Operations Division
- Radcliffe Dookie
- Karoline Schmid

Sede Subregional de la CEPAL en México/ECLAC Subregional Headquarters in Mexico/Bureau sous-régional de la CEPALC à Mexico

- Rebeca Grynspan, Directora/Director
- Jorge Mattar, Director Adjunto/Deputy Director
- Jorge Mario Martínez

Oficina de la CEPAL en Bogotá/ECLAC office in Bogota/Bureau de la CEPALC à Bogota

- Juan Carlos Ramírez, Director

Oficina de la CEPAL en Brasilia/ECLAC office in Brasilia/Bureau de la CEPALC à Brasilia

- Renato Baumann, Director

Oficina de la CEPAL en Buenos Aires/ECLAC office in Buenos Aires/Bureau de la CEPALC à Buenos Aires

- Bernardo Kosacoff, Director

Oficina de la CEPAL en Montevideo/ECLAC office in Montevideo/Bureau de la CEPALC à Montevideo

- Pascual Gerstenfeld, Director

Oficina de la CEPAL en Washington, D.C./ECLAC office in Washington D.C./Bureau de la CEPALC à Washington, D.C.

- Inés Bustillo, Directora/Director

WORKING DOCUMENTS

LC/G.2240(SES.30/1)	Provisional agenda
LC/G.2241(SES.30/2)	Annotated provisional agenda and organization of the thirtieth session
LC/G.2234(SES.30/3)	Productive development in open economies
LC/G.2247(SES.30/4)	Productive development in open economies. Summary
LC/G.2237(SES.30/5)	Report on the activities of the Commission since May 2002
LC/G.2238(SES.30/6)	Draft programme of work of the ECLAC system, 2006-2007
LC/G.2248(SES.30/7)	Proposed calendar of conferences of ECLAC for the period 2004-2006. Note by the secretariat
LC/G.2250(SES.30/8)	Documents presented at the thirtieth session of the Commission
LC/G.2151(SES.30/9)	Draft revised text of the Constituent Declaration and Functions and Rules of Procedure of the Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee as adopted by the 19 th session of the CDCC, 13-14 March 2002. Note by the secretariat
LC/G.2245(SES.30/10)	Provisional agenda of the ECLAC sessional Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development
LC/G.2246(SES.30/11)	Annotated provisional agenda of the ECLAC sessional Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development
LC/G.2243(SES.30/12)/Rev.1	Provisional agenda of the Committee on Cooperation among Developing Countries and Regions
LC/G.2244(SES.30/13)/Rev.1	Annotated provisional agenda of the Committee on Cooperation among Developing Countries and Regions
LC/G.2249(SES.30/14)	Financing and management of education in Latin America and the Caribbean. Preliminary version
LC/G.2253(SES.30/15)	Financing and management of education in Latin America and the Caribbean. Summary
LC/G.2235(SES.30/16)	Population, ageing and development

- LC/G.2252(SES.30/17) Monitoring sustainable development in Latin America and the Caribbean: needs and a proposal
- LC/G.2242(SES.30/18) Activities of the ECLAC system to promote and support technical cooperation among developing countries and regions during the biennium 2002-2003. Note by the secretariat
- LC/IP/L.243 El panorama de la gestión pública
Sólo español/Spanish only