MEETING OF THE EXPANDED CORE GROUP FOR 
THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A REGIONAL COORDINATING MECHANISM FOR THE 
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE MAURITIUS STRATEGY 

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I. Introduction

A meeting of the Expanded Core Group to consider the Establishment of a Regional Coordinating Mechanism (RCM) for the Implementation of the Mauritius Strategy in the Caribbean, was convened in Port-of-Spain, Trinidad and Tobago at the Association of Caribbean States (ACS) Headquarters on 16-17 March 2006. The following countries and organizations attended: Guyana, Jamaica, Saint Lucia, Trinidad and Tobago, the ACS, the Caribbean Community (CARICOM), the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC), the Organisation of Eastern Caribbean States (OECS), United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) and United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP). A list of participants is annexed to this report.

The meeting was guided in its deliberations by a discussion paper submitted by ECLAC entitled “The Operationalisation of the Regional Coordinating Mechanism for the Implementation of the SIDS Programme of Action (SIDS PoA)/Mauritius Strategy in the Caribbean”.

Saint Lucia was appointed Chair of the meeting. A number of representatives voiced their support for the RCM, as follows: UNEP reiterated its support for the RCM in the context of its active involvement in the Barbados Programme of Action (BPOA), good governance, South-South cooperation, capacity-building and the UNEP Small Island Developing States (SIDS) Working Group as well as the Initiatives for Latin America and the Caribbean (ILAC) decisions. The CARICOM Secretariat viewed the RCM within its sustainable development mandate and expressed hope for a rapid finalization of the structure of the RCM. The OECS Secretariat saw no functional conflict between its organizational structure and that of the proposed RCM and saw the Mechanism as being compatible with its commitment to the St. George’s Declaration of Principles for Environmental Sustainability in the OECS (SGD) and the restructuring of the SGD to be more strategic in keeping with the language of global programmes such as the Millennium Development Goals.

ECLAC assured the meeting of its continuing support for the RCM, indicating its role in the reconvening of the Core Group within the context of the ministerial meeting of the Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee (CDCC) which was held in January 2006; facilitating the Core Group teleconference on 24 February 2006; submitting the discussion paper for the present meeting; and agreement to host the RCM Secretariat.

The Chair noted the importance of the RCM to Trinidad and Tobago’s involvement in the deliberations of the core group as Chair of both the CDCC and CARICOM. This afforded Trinidad and Tobago the opportunity to exercise its political leverage in championing the aims and objectives of the RCM.

The meeting reaffirmed the guiding principles, objectives and functions of the RCM as contained in the “Report of the Core Group formed to consider the Establishment of a Regional Coordinating Mechanism for the Implementation of the Mauritius Strategy in the Caribbean” (LC/CAR/L.87, February 2006). There was discussion as to whether “functions” should be ascribed to the Mechanism in and of itself. The OECS representative suggested that the term
“functions” should be attributed to the individual organs which make up the Mechanism; however after discussion, the original wording was retained. The meeting considered the draft Discussion Paper, which was prepared by ECLAC and circulated beforehand, as the basis for discussions for the remainder of its deliberations.

II. Consideration of proposals for the organizational structure and management of the RCM

A. The Inter-Governmental Council (IGC)

There were discussions with respect to the composition of the IGC and the mechanism through which the Council would communicate with ECLAC.

The IGC is intended to comprise the Ministers of the CDCC, providing oversight at the highest level, to the RCM. The ECLAC Subregional Headquarters for the Caribbean would, therefore, communicate with the Ministers via the Ministerial meetings and Monitoring Committee meetings of the CDCC, which occur alternately on an annual basis. The ECLAC Subregional Headquarters for the Caribbean would also be able to communicate with Ministers via its focal points in the CDCC countries, namely the Foreign Affairs ministries of the Member Countries.

The meeting was apprised of a number of subregional meetings; namely, the special meeting of the Council for Trade and Economic Development (COTED) for Ministers of the Environment, to be held in Grenada, 13-15 June 2006. The issue of the RCM has been placed on the agenda for that meeting. In addition, the OECS Meeting of the Ministers of the Environment will convene in June/July 2006, and a UNEP-sponsored meeting of the Ministers of the Environment of the Caribbean is also scheduled for June 2006 in Grenada (at a date to be determined). It was agreed that these fora should be utilized to solicit support for the RCM.

The text of the ECLAC Discussion Paper was amended to reflect the decision that the Council would oversee the work programme of its Secretariat and approve any agreements that the Secretariat may sign. Further, the RCM would not be responsible for designing any regional Caribbean work programme.

B. The Technical Advisory Committee (TAC)

Concern was expressed that Governmental representation on the TAC was too small, and this situation could result in the TAC being agency-driven rather than country-driven. It was felt that this situation would be counter to the purpose of the RCM. It was agreed that the composition of the TAC should be expanded along the following lines: four intergovernmental institutions; four member countries; one representative of civil society; three development partners (the Caribbean Development Bank and two others); and three regional agencies (the University of the West Indies and two others to be decided by CARICOM), comprising 15 members in total. Rotation of membership would coincide with the thematic issues under consideration and expertise required and would occur bi-annually. The TAC would appoint its own Chair.
It was agreed that the Terms of References of the TAC should be amplified to include the provision of advice on modalities for streamlining, monitoring, reporting and disseminating of information.

A suggestion was made by the Director of the ECLAC Subregional Headquarters for the Caribbean that a day might be added to the ministerial session or Monitoring Committee of the CDCC to facilitate the convening of the Inter-Governmental Council and the TAC, respectively.

C. RCM Secretariat

There was discussion on what constituted the Secretariat as referred to in the Discussion Paper. It was agreed that the term RCM Secretariat should be taken to mean the technical unit set up at the ECLAC Subregional Headquarters for the Caribbean.

In the light of the expected work of the Secretariat, additional responsibilities were proposed to those already outlined, and these were directed towards: the identification of points of linkages within the work programmes of the various institutions operating in the Caribbean; facilitating capacity-building; briefing member countries on issues relating to the SIDS POA/Mauritius Strategy for Implementation (MSI); reporting on the implementation of its work programme; and convening meetings of the IGC and TAC.

At the international level, the RCM Secretariat should develop and pursue cooperation with other SIDS regions and global institutions.

For personnel purposes, the term ‘Typist/Secretary’ used in the discussion paper when describing one position within the Secretariat, would be changed to ‘Administrative Assistant’.

The Terms of Reference of the post of Regional Coordinator, RCM, as proposed in the draft Discussion Paper was also revised after discussion by the participants of the Meeting.

D. National focal point mechanism

There was concern that the duties of national focal point would be assigned to a person, on whom the implementation of all the outlined responsibilities would be placed. This had not worked in the past primarily because: (a) should that person be moved to another duty, the process or information linkages tended to break down; (b) the work required that person to be specially appointed and member countries were not always willing to designate additional resources, since many forums in which the respective governments participated require local focal points; and (c) the person designated had other duties to perform and might not be able to function effectively.

Against this background, it was agreed that the term “National Focal Point Mechanism” should be used to ensure that an institution would be appointed.
To facilitate the designation of national focal points, the Chair of the CDCC will write to the Ministers of Foreign Affairs requesting that each member country designate a focal point. Guidelines to be formulated by members of the Core Group would be sent to assist the country in designating an appropriate focal point. These guidelines will spell out the duties to be performed by the National Focal Point Mechanism as well as the benefits to the country/region in naming the focal point. However, it would be the responsibility of governments to decide where the focal point will be located, within each of the participating countries.

The communication will be sent on behalf of the RCM Secretariat and not the ECLAC/CDCC Secretariat, since they are separate entities. It should be made clear that the designation of a National Focal Point Mechanism will also assist countries in their own reporting functions to various forums (e.g. Conference of Parties, SGD), sharing of best practices, etc., as may be necessary, and furthermore should not be a cumbersome process. As far as possible, it should be done within existing institutional arrangements to avoid the need to locate additional resources for the National Focal Point Mechanism. An option would be to write the duties of the National Focal Point Mechanism into one or more job descriptions.

Additional duties were added to the portfolio of the National Focal Point Mechanism, namely that a representative of the National Focal Point Mechanism should: (a) participate in meetings of the TAC preceding the meeting of the IGC, for the purpose of discussing issues to be placed on the IGC’s agenda; and (b) the National Focal Point Mechanism will serve as the focal point for communication with countries as well as the coordination of information and will network with the TAC via the RCM Secretariat.

The issue of designation of the National Focal Point Mechanism will be raised by the CARICOM Secretariat at the Ministers of Environment Meeting, and later brought to the Community Council and to the Meeting of the Heads of Governments. Due to the all-encompassing nature of the Mauritius Strategy, the issue of the RCM should be raised at all ministerial forums where specific issues are brought for discussion.

It would also be necessary to inform different forums and constituencies about the RCM, in which case specific information packages would have to be developed. In this context, the possibility of sensitization workshops in various regions should be considered.

Communication of the RCM Secretariat with member countries will be done via a two-pronged approach involving the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and the National Focal Point Mechanism.
III. Work programme

The meeting agreed that the work programme of the RCM Secretariat for its initial two year period should be focused within the following thematic areas:

- Institutional strengthening and capacity building;
- Wider dissemination of information concerning best practices in sustainable development within the region;
- Partnership building;
- Facilitating South-South (and more specifically SIDS-SIDS) cooperation;
- Public awareness and communication;
- Effective management of deliverables and follow-up as outlined in the work plan;
- Active monitoring of MSI implementation within the Caribbean.

All planned activities should fall within one of these categories.

A. Funding arrangements

There was discussion on the appropriate funding arrangements that would be in place to facilitate the operation of the RCM. There was a query as to whether the ECLAC Subregional Headquarters for the Caribbean would have oversight and control over funds deposited for use by the RCM, or would the funds would be subject to regulations and oversight from its head office in Santiago? The Director of the ECLAC Subregional Headquarters for the Caribbean advised that the Subregional Office would have control of the funds but their use would be recorded by the accounting system of the United Nations.

It was agreed that the ECLAC Subregional Headquarters for the Caribbean would maintain an account, as would the CARICOM Secretariat. The use of funds from either of these accounts would have the mutual consent of ECLAC and CARICOM. Agencies or institutions wishing to support the RCM are not bound to deposit money into these accounts, but may contribute funds in accordance with their respective accounting processes.

B. Budget

The Meeting reviewed the proposed budget contained in the Discussion Paper. It was pointed out that there was need to include a line item for production of reports by the RCM Secretariat and that some of the costs of personnel might be met via the use of interns or secondments from other institutions.

The costs for meetings of the TAC would also have to be increased in the light of its expanded membership.
IV. Priority setting

Two work programme matrices, one submitted by the UNEP Working Group on SIDS and another by the CARICOM Secretariat, were presented for discussion.

The UNEP Matrix evolved from the Margarita Meeting of the SIDS Working Group, the UNEP Ministers of Environment Meeting in Caracas, Venezuela, (November 2005), and from feedback from member States of the UNEP Working Group on SIDS. There was need for more specificity in the suggested activities so that funding could be more targeted.

The meeting agreed that comments on the UNEP Matrix from members of the Core Group, regional agencies and member countries should be submitted to the representative of Saint Lucia no later than 31 March 2006. The new matrix will then be submitted to the UNEP Regional Office for Latin America and the Caribbean (ROLAC) for consideration.

The Matrix prepared by the CARICOM Secretariat and submitted by ECLAC to the United Nations Department for Economic and Social Affairs (UN DESA), was intended for donor review and development of investment strategies. This matrix was compiled using the CARICOM submission to the Mauritius International Meeting, the Mauritius Strategy for Implementation, the OECS Secretariat’s submission at the Mauritius International Meeting and the work programmes of regional agencies. It is an intermediate product and is subject to comment and amendment as necessary.

V. Next steps

The representative of UNEP informed the meeting of the following:

- Mr. Mark Griffith is the designated person in UNEP/ROLAC assigned to SIDS and their related issues;
- UNEP/ROLAC has pledged its support for the convening of a meeting of the Ministers of the Environment of the Caribbean in June 2006. He is willing to adjust the dates as necessary;
- UNEP/ROLAC will support the attendance of representatives of member countries to the special Meeting of the COTED, but needs an agenda to finalise its offer; and
- The Regional Director of UNEP/ROLAC is interested in having discussions with the outgoing Chair of the Core Group to determine how UNEP/ROLAC can further assist in the formation and support of the proposed RCM.

To complete the work of the Core Group and to advance the formalization of the RCM, the Meeting agreed that the report of the present meeting together with changes suggested in the Discussion Paper, should be sent to all members of the Core Group for comment within two weeks. Further, the suggested budget in the Discussion Paper should be revised in accordance with the comments of the Meeting. Subsequently, a teleconference of Core Group members will take place. The report of the Core Group’s deliberations would then be sent to the Ministries of
Foreign Affairs of the member countries after comments would have been received and included. The Core Group would then have fulfilled its duties.

The ECLAC Subregional Headquarters for the Caribbean was requested by the Meeting to contact the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and the Permanent Secretary of the Ministry of Public Utilities and the Environment of Trinidad and Tobago and engage their support for the RCM. The Meeting considered this to be important with respect to the leverage that Trinidad and Tobago can provide in the region, in the context of its current position as Chair of the CDCC and the CARICOM Heads of Government.

The ECLAC Subregional Headquarters for the Caribbean was further requested to contact UN DESA in New York and obtain feedback on the submitted CARICOM matrix, and the approach that DESA would be taking with respect to the Meeting of the Commission on Sustainable Development (CSD) carded for May 2006 in New York. The Meeting was advised that comments and suggestions on the matrix submitted by CARICOM could be submitted at any time, but preferably a few weeks prior to the start of the Meeting of the CSD in New York from 1-12 May 2006, where it is likely to be presented. Table 1 gives an indication of the timelines for the relevant activities.
### Table 1
TIMELINES FOR ACTIVITIES OF THE CORE GROUP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ACTION</th>
<th>AGENCY</th>
<th>TIMELINE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Completion of Meeting Report and submission to members for comment</td>
<td>ECLAC</td>
<td>3 April 2005</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comments on UNEP matrix</td>
<td>All member Countries</td>
<td>3 April 2006</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comments on Meeting Report and incorporation of comments in Final Report</td>
<td>ECLAC</td>
<td>19 April 2006</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chair of Core Group to speak with Director, UNEP/ROLAC</td>
<td>Chair of Core Group/UNEP</td>
<td>April 2006</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comments on CARICOM Matrix</td>
<td>All CARICOM member Countries</td>
<td>21 April 2006</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meeting with Minister of Foreign Affairs and Permanent Secretary of Ministry of Public Utilities and Environment, Trinidad and Tobago</td>
<td>Director, ECLAC</td>
<td>By end of April 2006</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final Report sent to Ministries of Foreign Affairs of CDCC Countries</td>
<td>ECLAC</td>
<td>End of April 2006 (end of Core Group duties)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Annex I

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Annex II

AGENDA


2. Consideration of proposals for the organisational structure and management of the RCM:
   a) The Inter-Ministerial Council: role and function;
   b) The Technical Advisory Committee: TOR, composition, method of selection and rotation;
   c) National Focal Point: TOR and method of communication with the TAC;
   d) The RCM Secretariat: structure, functions and staffing.

3. Review of the purpose and content of an initial Regional Programme Matrix and priority setting.

4. Proposed funding arrangements and costing for the RCM Secretariat.

5. Next steps for the operationalisation of the RCM.

6. Any other matters.
Annex III

(Revised Discussion Paper)

THE OPERATIONALISATION OF THE REGIONAL COORDINATING MECHANISM FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE SIDS PROGRAMME OF ACTION (SIDS/POA) MAURITIUS STRATEGY IN THE CARIBBEAN

1. INTRODUCTION

At the twenty-first session of the Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee (CDCC), Port-of-Spain, 16-17 January 2006, member countries agreed to the establishment of a Regional Coordinating Mechanism (RCM) for the implementation of the Mauritius Strategy in the Caribbean and, in particular:

(a) That the ministerial forum of the CDCC will serve as a ministerial council to provide oversight in directing the work of the RCM, in collaboration with existing subregional intergovernmental processes;

(b) That a technical advisory committee will be established to assist the RCM in coordinating and monitoring the implementation of the Mauritius Strategy within the Caribbean subregion; and

(c) That a secretariat will be established at the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC) Subregional Headquarters for the Caribbean with identified arrangements for sharing responsibilities with the subregional intergovernmental secretariats and with appropriate arrangements for sharing resources.

This Discussion Paper is submitted in keeping with operative paragraph 3 of CDCC resolution 65 (XXI) for the formation of the RCM. The purpose of the paper is to advance a number of proposals for consideration by the members of the Expanded Core Group on the principles, objectives, functions and organisational structure of the RCM. It is anticipated that these deliberations will help to forge a consensus on the way forward for the operationalisation of the RCM and the setting up of a technical unit within the ECLAC Subregional Headquarters for the Caribbean to assist the Mechanism in coordinating the implementation of the Programme of Action of Small Island Developing States/Mauritius Strategy for Implementation (SIDS POA/MSI) in the subregion.

The successful implementation of this regional initiative requires concerted efforts and sustained commitment from CDCC member governments, as well as the involvement of a number of RCM partners (i.e. subregional intergovernmental organizations and regional/international agencies) that are prepared to pool resources in support of a coordinated implementation arrangement for the SIDS POA/MSI and for sustainable development activities
in the region. The start-up cost for the establishment of the RCM Secretariat, including the budget for the implementation of activities in the first two years is estimated at US$565,635. The United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) and the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) have each pledged their willingness to support the Caribbean initiative, specifically as it relates to the identification of ECLAC as the Secretariat for the coordination of the further implementation of the SIDS/POA and the MSI in the subregion. The participation of a range of regional and international funding and technical assistance (TA) agencies will also be sought to implement this initiative.

II. PRINCIPLES, OBJECTIVES AND FUNCTIONS OF THE RCM

A. Guiding principles of the RCM

The RCM for sustainable development in the Caribbean will seek to promote a coordinated approach to sustainable development as a means for the efficient and effective use of human and natural capital. This will ensure that human, cultural, historical and natural resources are used and managed efficiently and for the greater good at the national and regional levels. This will be done in accordance with the principles outlined in Agenda 21, the Johannesburg Plan of Implementation (JPOI), the Barbados Plan of Action (BpoA) and the MSI.

The RCM shall be guided by the following principles:

(a) Fair and equitable consideration of all member countries regardless of their political or sovereign status;

(b) Information sharing and coordination across a wide range of issues and institutions; this would include the sharing of best practices, setting goals and identifying the necessary means for achieving them;

(c) Optimal utilisation of resources, strengthening of institutional arrangements, identification of gaps and avoidance of duplication of activities;

(d) Effective participation of civil society in sustainable development activities, including the involvement of the private sector, the labour movement, community-based organizations (CBOs), non-governmental organizations (NGOs) and other stakeholders; and

(e) Consideration of the special needs of the lesser developed countries of the Caribbean.
B. Objectives of the RCM

The RCM will have as its objectives:

(a) To ensure the achievement of effective coordination of sustainable development initiatives in the Caribbean region with a view to enhancing coherence, complementarity and consistency of activities;

(b) To facilitate the implementation of Agenda 21, the JPOI, the BPoA and MSI through the coordination and rationalisation of all required technical and other inputs towards these ends;

(c) To optimise benefits from the use of available human, financial and other resources for the achievement of sustainable development goals in the Caribbean;

(d) To assist in the mobilisation of new and additional resources, including the use of south-south collaboration, for achievement of sustainable development; and

(e) To promote awareness at all levels of sustainable development issues and activities.

C. Functions of the RCM

The functions of the RCM will be as follows:

(a) Assisting in the development, monitoring and coordination of a work programme of the RCM Secretariat and evaluating its satisfactory delivery to member countries;

(b) Facilitating the exchange of best practices, information sharing, transfer of experiences, knowledge-based technology and techniques among Caribbean SIDS and countries of the Greater Caribbean;

(c) Liaising with SIDS in other regions in promoting joint positions in international forums;

(d) Assisting in the promotion of capacity-building efforts and strengthening of the human resource base through training and education;

(e) Contributing to the identification of development partners and sources of funding for development activities;

(f) Providing technical advisory and policy services to member countries in support of their sustainable development efforts;

(g) Facilitating the provision of technical assistance to member countries;
(h) Building and maintaining institutional memory on sustainable development activities in the Caribbean subregion;

(i) Establishing a regional database on sustainable development activities;

(j) Promoting, strengthening and establishing cooperative arrangements and partnerships among relevant government agencies, CBOs and non-governmental organizations, the private sector and other stakeholders; and

(k) Supporting, reinforcing and assisting sustainable development initiatives at the local, national and regional levels.

III. ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE AND MANAGEMENT

The RCM will comprise: (i) an inter-governmental council (IGC); (ii) a technical advisory committee (TAC); (iii) a national focal point mechanism; and (iv) a secretariat. The functions of each of these bodies are detailed below. (See Appendix 1 for organizational chart.)

A. Inter-Governmental Council

For purposes of entering into agreements, this authority will reside with the Chair of the CDCC. The Chairman of the CDCC should be the authorising officer to sign on behalf of the RCM. For the purposes of the RCM, the Chairman of the CDCC should consult with its members before entering into or signing any agreements on behalf of the RCM.

Legal opinions on the aforementioned should be obtained from the Governing Council of CARICOM and from the OECS Secretariat concerning this proposition.

The Monitoring Committee of the CDCC, as far as practicable, should be consulted before any final decision is taken concerning the signing of any agreements.

In accordance with operative paragraph 1 of CDCC resolution 65(XXI) for the formation of the RCM, member countries agreed that the ministerial forum of the CDCC will serve as an Inter-Governmental Council (IGC) to provide oversight in directing the work of the RCM, in collaboration with existing subregional intergovernmental processes. The IGC will constitute the highest decision-making authority of the RCM. The main terms of reference of the IGC are:

(a) To serve as a lead forum for discussing relevant issues relating to programming and policy initiatives for the implementation of the SIDS POA/MSI in the Region.

(b) To provide oversight, monitoring and evaluation of regional progress and approaches in the implementation of the SIDS POA/MSI, the RCM’s support, results of work completed or in progress, as well as financing arrangements and effectiveness and efficiency of collaboration between participating entities.
(c) To coordinate and guide inter-agency collaboration in the delivery of TA to the CDCC member countries.

(d) To approve the work programme of the RCM Secretariat.

(e) To approve the budget, financial reports and statements of the RCM Secretariat.

(f) To approve collaboration agreements between the RCM Secretariat and other agencies and institutions.

B. Technical Advisory Committee (TAC)

The TAC will be multi-sectoral and multi-disciplinary in nature. It will be responsible for providing technical advice and will consist of no more than 15 representatives drawn from the following:

❖ Four Governments

- One of the non-independent Caribbean countries;
- One of the OECS countries;
- One of the non-OECS CARICOM countries; and
- One from either Cuba, the Dominican Republic or Haiti.

❖ Regional/intergovernmental organizations

- Four intergovernmental organizations;
- Three regional technical institutions (University of the West Indies and two others).

❖ Others

- One organization representing civil society;
- Three development partners (Caribbean Development Bank and two others).

The functions of the TAC are:

(a) To provide technical advice to the IGC on the rationalisation of roles, responsibilities and functions of the regional institutions/agencies involved in supporting sustainable development initiatives at the national and regional levels;

(b) To undertake periodic review and advise on the development of the Secretariat's work programmes;

(c) To identify gaps in sustainable development policies and technical advisory support programmes for the implementation of the SIDS POA/MSI and recommend remedial action;
(d) To coordinate public education and awareness activities; and

(e) To advise on modalities for report preparation and dissemination especially with respect to the implementation of the SIDS POA.

Meetings of the TAC will convene at least once a year, while communicating with the Secretariat and among themselves, as necessary. The TAC shall choose from among its members a chairman for a duration to be decided by the TAC. Agency membership will be on a rotating basis – every two years to coincide with the work programme. Representation by agencies should be based on the thematic issues being discussed (analogous to the COTED and COSHOD meetings of CARICOM).

The Regional Coordinator will serve as Technical Secretary (ex-officio) of the TAC meetings.

It is recommended that an extra day should be added on to the CDCC Monitoring Committee meeting and the Governing Council to allow for the TAC to meet. ECLAC and the CARICOM Secretariat should entertain discussions on this matter.

C. National Focal Point Mechanism (NFPM)

It is proposed that the RCM’s main point of contact at the country level should be determined by the respective CDCC member governments. The MSI places great emphasis on the establishment of national coordination mechanisms in each country and the overall effectiveness of the RCM is ultimately dependent on the activities at the national level. As such, there is great need for effective coordination in each member country.

The RCM will need to develop its links through the NFPM identified by each country. The focal point should be an appropriate agency or institution which will work closely with other stakeholders in the country.

The coordination process can be effected through different approaches reflective of national specifics. These can include formal meetings, common programmes and actions and information sharing. In particular, the National Focal Point will be expected to:

(a) serve as the principal national point of contact between the RCM and the national government, NGOs, the private sector and other stakeholders on all SIDS POA/MSI issues;

(b) serve as a driving force behind the follow-up and implementation of the MSI at the country level, in collaboration with NGOs, the private sector and other stakeholders as well as relevant departments and ministries;

(c) facilitate the flow of information and to ensure adequate national coordination of activities between the RCM and the national government, NGOs, private sector and other stakeholders;
(d) coordinate inputs, including consultations, at the country level and facilitate timely and regular reporting and feedback on implementation of the MSI for submission to the RCM Secretariat; and

(e) establish regular networking with other RCM National Focal Points through various means of communication.

D. The RCM secretariat

Under the direction of the IGC and guided by the TAC, the Secretariat will play a monitoring and coordination role within the Mechanism and serve as the Technical Unit of the IGC. Institutions functioning at the regional level will be responsible for the implementation of activities within their respective work programmes/mandates. The RCM Secretariat will interface with these institutions in order to identify linkages within their work programmes and its role as coordinating mechanism particularly in avoiding duplication of activities.

The RCM Secretariat will be established at the ECLAC Subregional Headquarters for the Caribbean for an initial period of two years. In pursuit of the implementation of the work of the RCM, a technical unit will be formed within the ECLAC Subregional Headquarters for the Caribbean for this purpose, supported by the existing secretariat services and an agreed division of labour with related division/allocation of human and financial resources.

The technical unit will be comprised initially of a regional coordinator, a researcher/technical cooperation officer, and an administrative assistant to the Regional Coordinator (see Appendix 2 for draft Terms of Reference). Consultants will be recruited, as necessary, to augment the RCM Secretariat in carrying out its work programme.

The functions of the Secretariat are:

(a) To execute assigned work programme outputs comprised of activities approved by the IGC (on the advice of the TAC) dealing with areas that require work at the regional level;

(b) To collaborate with national focal point coordination mechanism/sustainable development agencies by serving as a source of information and as facilitator for the delivery of technical assistance on aspects of SIDS POA/MSI implementation, including resource mobilisation;

(c) To facilitate and coordinate institutional linkages nationally, regionally and internationally;

(d) To develop and pursue cooperation with other SIDS regions and global institutions;
(e) To develop and manage a network (comprised of national governments, NGOs, the private sector, regional agencies and other stakeholders), with a view to promoting optimal involvement and efficient functioning of the RCM Secretariat;

(f) To develop and serve as a resource centre for the identification, preparation, dissemination and exchange of information and knowledge on sustainable development strategies for various groupings of stakeholders;

(g) To forward all communications from the IGC to the appropriate agencies and authorities at the national, regional and international levels;

(h) To establish and manage databases and other mechanisms for the storage, retrieval and dissemination of information, as appropriate;

(i) To convene ad hoc meetings of experts on issues related to the implementation of the SIDS POA/MSI;

(j) To convene meetings of the TAC and IGC, serve as the Secretariat and report on progress and implementation of its Work Programme;

(k) To brief governments and attend meetings as appropriate, on issues pertaining to the SIDS PoA/MSI; and

(l) To facilitate capacity building initiatives at the national and regional levels.

IV. WORK PROGRAMME

The emphasis of the work programme will be influenced by the scope of works previously described under the functions of the RCM. For the initial two-year period, the programme of work for the RCM will include the following:

(a) Core Work Programme – While the programme of work will be determined by the participating governments, regional intergovernmental organisations and regional/international TA agencies, the framework for the assistance to be provided by the RCM Secretariat will include the following:

Institutional Strengthening and Capacity Building

(i) Training and capacity-building workshops (national and regional) in policy and strategy formulation in areas associated with natural resource management and sustainable development;

(ii) Training in programme planning and project cycle management; and

(iii) Consultations leading to programme and project development.
Scaling up information dissemination of best practices

(i) Policy analysis, including establishing the relationships between macro policy, sectoral policy and project issues and the impact of cross-sectoral issues on project performance.

Encourage the development/strengthening of partnerships

(i) Facilitating South-South cooperation.

Public awareness and communication

(i) Strengthening awareness and communication of sustainable development issues and events.

Effective Management of deliverables and follow-up as outlined in the work programme

(b) Programme Facilitation Assistance – The RCM will:

(i) Assist the participating countries in mobilising resources for the implementation of natural resource management and sustainable development programmes;

(ii) Facilitate the coordination of the delivery of technical assistance for the benefit of the participating countries; and

(iii) Facilitate networking and sharing of information between projects of similar design.

V. PROGRAMME COST AND FINANCING

The estimated cost for the establishment of the Secretariat and financing of its work programme for the first two years is presented in Table 1 below. The total cost is estimated at US$565,635. Financing of the Secretariat will be met from both cash and in-kind contributions. Cash contributions will be provided primarily by donor agencies to meet the cost of organising a series of consultative meetings/training workshops, hiring of consultancy services, travel and the day-to-day operations of the Secretariat. The operational cost of the Secretariat is expected to be minimised through assignment of professionals to assist the Secretariat in the execution of its duties. To the extent possible, the offices of the ECLAC and CARICOM will be used to administer resources assigned for the RCM Secretariat.
Table 1
Estimated Programme Cost and Financing (2006-2008)
(US $)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ITEM</th>
<th>ECLAC (In-Kind)</th>
<th>DONOR</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CAPITAL EXPENDITURE</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interpretation Equipment</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office Furniture</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub Total</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OPERATING EXPENDITURE</td>
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<td>91 536</td>
<td>91 536</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional Staff</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Support Staff</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>60 000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Regional Travel &amp; Meetings</td>
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<td>60 000</td>
<td>60 000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consultant Services</td>
<td></td>
<td>20 000</td>
<td>20 000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Participants in 2 Training Workshops</td>
<td></td>
<td>54 000</td>
<td>54 000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Production and dissemination of reports</td>
<td>5000</td>
<td>5000</td>
<td>5000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Information, collection and dissemination to countries, institutions and agencies</td>
<td>3000</td>
<td>3000</td>
<td>3000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Base Cost</td>
<td>145 763</td>
<td>354 799</td>
<td>565 635</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communication</td>
<td></td>
<td>3000</td>
<td>3000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Overhead (Admin. Support Costs)*</td>
<td></td>
<td>65 073*</td>
<td>65 073*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL COST</td>
<td><strong>145 763</strong></td>
<td><strong>354 799</strong></td>
<td><strong>565 635</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Price contingencies: 13 per cent per annum on all items.
Appendix 1

SCHEMA OF THE RCM

INTERGOVERNMENTAL COUNCIL (CDCC)

REGIONAL COORDINATING MECHANISMS (RCM) SECRETARIAT

TECHNICAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE

NATIONAL FOCAL POINT MECHANISM
Appendix II

DRAFT TERMS OF REFERENCE

Position Title: Regional Coordinator, Regional Coordinating Mechanism

Purpose of Position: To provide leadership and direction in the administration and execution of the RCM’s activities and maintaining effective relationships with participating institutions and entities.

Scope of Duties: The scope of duties of the position will include the following:

(a) Participating in the recruitment of personnel for the RCM Secretariat;
(b) Developing and maintaining good working relationships with regional and international participants in the RCM;
(c) Maintaining effective means of communication among the members of the TAC, National Focal Point Mechanisms and the Inter-Governmental Council
(d) Ensuring that appropriate operational procedures for personnel of the RCM Secretariat are in place as well as implementation of agreed work programmes;
(e) Initiating activities that promote the image of the RCM and assisting in the management of the human and other resources available to the RCM;
(f) Ensuring that relevant reports are available to the TAC, National Focal Point Mechanisms and the Inter-Governmental Council in a timely manner; and
(g) Communicating the directives of the IGC to the NFPM and TAC; monitor and report on the execution of the directives of the IGC.

Reporting: The Regional Coordinator will report to the Director of the ECLAC Subregional Headquarters for the Caribbean.

Requirements/ Skills: The position will be required to possess a graduate degree in either the environmental or social sciences with training in programme management. The position will be required to be self-directed, with good interpersonal skills in building relationships both within and outside the RCM. The position will be required to be experienced in managing professionals in an organisation, having worked in a senior executive position or professional leadership role for a minimum of five years. The position will be required to be experienced in working in the Region and familiar with the procedures and operations of regional and international financial and TA agencies.