

# ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR LATIN AMERICA ANNUAL REPORT

(15 February 1964 - 17 May 1965)

ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL

OFFICIAL RECORDS: THIRTY-NINTH SESSION

SUPPLEMENT No. 4

UNITED NATIONS

## 245 (XI). Research for industrial development

#### The Economic Commission for Latin America,

Considering that the integration of Latin America should be based on an accurate knowledge of its natural and human resources,

Bearing in mind that the establishment of dynamic industries in the region is a good start for the integration process, and that their proper siting is a factor which will help to bring the differences in levels of economic development of the countries of the region into balance,

Considering that industrial development should be integrated with the development of agriculture, mining and fishing,

- l. Recommends that the Governments of member States should initiate or intensify the taking of inventories of their natural and human resources;
- 2. Recommends that the secretariat and the Latin American Institute for Economic and Social Planning should continue the research concerning the most appropriate methods for the industrialization of Latin America.

14 May 1965

## 246 (XI). Education for industrial development

### The Economic Commission for Latin America,

Bearing in mind that the basic purpose of accelerated industrial development is to raise living levels, the main limiting factor being the productivity of the people,

Noting that one feature of the industries of other countries which have attained high levels of productivity has been the large number of university graduates, intermediate-level technicians and skilled workers which modern technology requires,

Considering that the intensive industrial development of Latin America in the next decade will necessitate a much larger supply of skilled manpower than can be provided by the present educational facilities available within and outside the region,

Considering that applied research, the provision of national facilities for the designing, construction and assembly of modern plant and its subsequent efficient operation depend on the available supply of skilled personnel, and that it is extremely important to find a satisfactory solution to the problems that education at all levels creates for a region with such high rates of illiteracy as prevail in Latin America,